10KYO L.T. Sun Oil Nov. 24, 1944

The story of the B-29 attack on Tokyo is almost twenty-four hours old, but it remains the exciting news of the day. Brigadier General O'Donnell of the Twenty-first Bomber Command, who led the formation, reports that this historic attack on the Mikado's capital was a complete success.

The B-29s went in without any fighter protection whatsoever. Each plane, we learn, carried more than ten tons of bombs. There were more than a hundred Superforts on the raid, so they dropped altogether, on Tokyo, more than a thousand tons of explosives. The biggest raid that land-based bombers have ever made in the the Pacific theatre of war.

Among the targets they hit was the important Nakajima aircraft factory in the western part of the city. And photographs taken by reconnaissance planes show that fires today were still burning in the central part of Tokyo.

General Arnold, as Commander of the Twentieth
Air Force, reports smoke rising at great heights in all

the industrial areas of Tokyo. The Japanese radio claimed that the fires were small, confined to civilian homes and hospitals. However, the airmen took photographs as they bombed. And these show no fewer than six fires in another aircraft factory, one of the most important that make the Jap planes.

The Japanese say they shot down three of the Superforts. On that General Arnold says nothing.

A correspondent of the United Press, who rode in one of the giant planes, reports that there were perfect bombing conditions. He says that General O'Donnell took Tokyo by surprise. Also, that the big bombers were flying at a him height where only a few Jap interceptors could climb to reach them. And, that their ack-ack fire was inaccurate and spotty.

The airmen got their first great thrill when they saw the snowcapped peak of Mt. Fujiyama, through the clouds; shortly before noon. By eight minutes past twelve the target was in sight. They spotted a stadium

and a racetrack, then groups of factory bun buildings.

Presently over the interphone communication came the

cry - "two fighters at ten o'clock." That was the first

report they had of enemy interceptors. There were others

under them that couldn't climb high enough, and some ten

thousand feet below the B-29s.

At twelve minutes past noon the bombardier in the correspondent's plane called out - "bombs away!"

Or whatever the latest Pacific slang phrase is that the airmen are now using. They saw the gray walls of Emperor Hirohito's moated palace, just after an observer reported that the bombs were right on the target.

As they turned to go back to base the flak
was more intense, but didn't touch the planes. With a
one-hundred and twenty knot tailwind, they raced back
to Saipan.

The ten tons the B-29s carry is more than twice the weight the huge British Langaster hauls on a mission over Germany.

The B-29s also take along one hundrd and sixty drums of gasoline containing fifty gallens apiece, eight thousand gallons, as much maximum as the load of a full tank car.

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In a special report to the President, General Arnold as Chief of the Twentieth Air Force, reports that this operation was not a mere hit-and run-raid, but a calculated extension of our air power. And hat he added that this is just a beginning of the systematic demolition of Japan's war production. He didn't say exactly how many of the big planes made this trip. but the inference is that there were more than a hundred.

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The attack was almost as much of a triumph for the engineers as for the pilots and crews of the bombers. For it was the engineers who built the huge base that made the raid possible. For several months they ve been dumping coral, working furiously, until some of the airfields have as much as several miles of

runways.

Also today we learn for the first time of the existence of the 21st Bomber Command under Brigadier General Heywood Hansel, Junior.

InNew York tonight there is a proud young man, seven-year-old Patrick O'Donnell, the Brigadier General Emmett "Donnell's boy. He said he was glad Daddy had bombed the Japs, but hopes they didn't hurt Sumi, a maid who used to work for the O'Donnels in pre-Pearl Harbor dy days.

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Tokyo is the third largest city in the world. The systematic raids that General Arnold proposes will be just as important to the war effort as the bombing of Berlin. For Tokyo is the industrial and nerve center of the entire Japanese empire.

James R. Young, author of the Road to Tokyo, says we have to think of it as being stightly larger than Philadelphia, Detroit or Chicago. Downtown are modern buildings but the outlying districts at the northeast, south and west are jammed with hundreds of thousands of wooden houses with paper doors and windows, In two sections are tens of thousands of fire trap buildings and small factories. There are forty-one fire stations in the Mikado's capital, but not a hook and ladder that can reach more than three stories. Superficially it is a modern city. But from the air, then an ideal target for

ADD TOKYO - 2

explosives, of all kinds.

It is an easy place to bomb because on one side is a bay with two large rivers, many canals and an elevated railroad. One You cannot mask any sizeable bodies of water so that they cannot be seen even from high up in the air. On the other hand if the tide goes out at noon, when the superforts roared over from Saipan, the canals would be useless as a water supply. And if the reservoirs were cut it would shut off the main pumping station so that the city's fire hydrants wants would go dry.

A conflagration in Tokyo would have a more severe effect than any raid on Rotterdam, Cologne, or Berlin. And if the bridges were blasted EEE whole communities would be trapped.

Accordingly, says Jimmy Young, the B-29s have changed the strategy of our war in the Pacific.

Bratupbing news from Southern California We that not enough of the big B-29s are being turned out. We have this on the authority of Lieutenant General William S. Knudsen, former head of to General Motors, the has been inspecting aircraft plants, in Southern California 12 so there is a definite lag in production. And the fact to blame for the it all is that xk as he puts it "disappearing employees". Too many workers in aircraft plants have been taking days off, too many Then have been resigning.

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PHILIPPINES

In the Philippines a Japanese convoy was on its way bringing reinforcements to the enemy garrison on Leyte. A formation of Uncle Sam's carrier-based bomber fighters caught them northwest of Leyte, sank two transports, and a destroyer with all hands. They also set another transport on fire and forced it to beach on shore. MacArthur reports ast four-thousandfive-hundred Jap theope, which bripes the number of the soldiers killed at sea, since October twentieth, up to fifteen thousand. Our planes drive bombed the fups Jap ships at mast-top height and gut not one of our planes was me lost. They destroyed forty-two Nipponese planes.

In spite of the important Japanese victories in China a spokesman of the Chinese army today said that he himself was optimistic. Although the Nipponese are consolidating the positions they carry captured near Liuchow, and they've China cut in two, this sanguine Chinese spokesman claims that the Japs will be unable to start another offensive for two or three months, because their lines are so extended they'll have to take time out to get ready for further moves.

Tokyo, however, reported today that the Mikado's armies on the mainland have pushed more than a hundred miles west of kim Liuchow, captur an important railway station, and will soon be in a position to isolate.

Chungking from the Burma Road city of Kunming.

now H - it's your turn for moment, while I look overmy dispatches

From the Western Front tonight the dramatic news that American infantry have begun the "watch on the Rhine". They joined up today with the Second French Armored Division, under General Jacques LeClerc at Strasbourg. They have wiped out practically all organized resistance by the Nazi garrison except in ten per cent of the city. Tonight the tri-color flies from the spire of the great cathedral of Strasbourg.

One of the surprises in the capture of this historic place is that the Nazis have hamaxamataxama

The enemy still holds a circle of old forts around the city. So their mortars and machine guns are able to interfere considerably with the movement in the streets. Nazi guns from the Siegfried Line across the river are shelling the center of Strasbourg.

The credit of capturing the city belongs to the Sixth Army under General Jacob L. Dever. Just one hundred days have past since Dever's divisions left their boats in the Mediteranean and fought their way north through France along the same route that

Napolean traveled after his escape from Elba. One month ago, the Nazi High Command announced boastfully the Dever and har his Sixth Army was through for the winter. He was through to the extent that in the last ten days he has advanced sixty miles, much of the time through a blinding snow storm.

General Tassigny have captured two more important places in the Belfort Cap. And the American Seventh Army has captured the town of Saales. That places he key to the pass through which runs the only railroad over the Vesges Mountains.

In the Saar District, Patton's men have advanced still further, capturing towns and villages as they go,

WESTERN FRONT -3-

and approaching closer to Saarbrucken.

The fierciest fighting along the Western Front
is in the north where the United States First and
Winth Army with the British Second Army, are pressing
on toward the Rhine. The left wing of the British
second has crossed huge mine fields, captured four
points near tenlo and is coming closer to the Bunr
District

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mystery created by one of our flying fortresses. On

Tuesday afternoon it came down from the skies out of

the West and made a perfect landing in a plowed field

near gun positions of the British Second Army. A

company of Tommies promptly rushed to the plane and mains

waited for the crew to come out. They waited, and no

crew came out. Then they went closer, investigated

and found not a soul in that big airship. Neither were

there any muddy tracks leading from the flying fortress

to show that anybody had left.

The great bomber was badly battered by flak.

The mystery is how it couldhave made such a perfect landing with no one at the controls.

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yoke. Marshal Stalin announced that the Baltic armies have driven the last remaining Nazis from the island of Saare, sometimes called Osel, in the Gulf of Riga.

Theremnants of the garrison was driven into the sea.

from their positions on the Sorve Peninsula of that island.

One advantage of that successful issue is that it releases seventy-five thousand of the Soviet forces for use elsewhere.

The battle is now on for Latvia. In the western the part of the country the Baltic armies have the remains of thirty German divisions trapped on the Courland Peninsula. The Red air force has sunk one German destroyer and three other vessels in the Baltic. In addition, they have damaged a heavy cruiser and several other warships.

Moscow also reports that the armies of the Ukraine have captured several places in Hungary and also in Czechoslovakia.

President Roosevelt today put an end to the reports that he proposed to continue lend lease to our Allies after the war. In a message to Congress he told the lawmakers that not only lendlease but reverse lend lease should stop as soon as the war is over. But he added that the partnership of the United Nations should not only continue but should even grow stronger to make sure that the peace endures.

He reported that reverse lend lease from Britain and the British Dominions had contributed much to hastening the victory over Germany and Japan. Without it we should have had to postpone the invasion of France, many months. We said we would have needed to build a there ships to send across the Atlantic the supplies that the British provided. Great Britain and the British Dominions provided more than three billion, three hundred and twenty-eight million dollars worth of reverse lend lease. That is, about one-third of the lend lease from us to the British Empire.

There was an uproarious scene at Ottawa in the Canadian house of Commons today. A member of Prime Minister MacKenzie King's own party bolted to the opposition with angry words. He is Wilfred LaCroix, member for a Quebec constituency. He joined the two other Quebec Liberals who bolted last night.

LaCroix declared that the Prime Minister
had been treacherous to the people of Quebec. Shortly
after he bolted, the Prime Minister announced that
his Air Minister, C. G. Power had resigned on that
same issue, the issue of conscripting Canadians for
overseas service.

From the Pacific comes an appeal to us en the home from to buy more bonds and make the Six th-War-Loan-drive a complete success. Admiral Spruance, Commander of the Fifth Fleet, says that if we are to finish this war within a reasonable time we must continue to receive the general support of the American people. Vice Admiral Lockwood, Commander of the Pacific Fleet Submarine force, said the success of the drive is essential to guarantee a speedy return of our lade to. their homes. Vice Admiral Calhoun, Commander of the Pacific Fleet Service force, all Join in this threefold purposes they help buy the weapons as for victory, they prevent inflation, and they pile up for we a store of savings which will enable us to buy the things that civilian consumers need when they become aveilableThe C.I.O. convention at Chicago today registered a protest against the freezy of wages. The resolution also said several things about the War Labor Board. The delegates also adopted a resolution calling for the absolute drugged destruction of Hitlerite Germany and the Japanese Militarists, no negotiated or soft peace.

The convention of the American Federation of Labor at New Orleans ran into a difference of opinion over the world conference on labor at London. Daniel Tobin, head of the Teamsters Union, said he would refuse have any part in the London discussions. As a member of the Executive Council of the A.F of L., said he gould not sit at the same table with Labor free because their wages are organizations that are not the adde the fact that the U. I.O. set by their government. has accepted an invitation to London makes no difference to Tobin

Today it became clear that the strike of taxi drivers in Seattle is a revolt against David Beck. Vice President of the Teamsters Union. We have heard a lot about Beck in the last couple of years, of the charges that he is in some respects the virtual ruler of the Pacific Northwest, how he has prevented hranger from the Pacific States from bringing their the state of Washington. Whe striking hackmen are independent drivers, mostly, and have kept the employees of the chain taxi companies off the street. Their grievance is that the union has favored the drivers for the big taxi companies. David Beck who is in New Orleans at the Convention of the American Federation of Labor sent them a telegram, making ordering them to go back to work.

The strikers retaliated by asking the Seattle police to protect them against Beck's Goon Squads, as they call them. Meanwhile for no tarie and the public, is out of luck, no

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and fifty-nine thousand men in the armed forces of the United States. So we hear today from Major General Hershey, Director of Selective Service. Of those, more than eight million are in the army alone. Besides the men there are one hundred and eighty-nine thousand women in the services.

that the armed services have rejected four and half willian men because they were either disabled or illiterate and mentally deficients

and now H- what from you,