## EISENHOWER LT-Dolor Fri. Mar. 16 - 56.

Tonight President Eisenhower is back in Gettysburg.

The President drove from Washington, in spite of icy rains and slippery roads. Part of the trip was over a winding, mountainous back road - but even so, he made the eighty five mile round in just under two hors, about his usual time.

There at the farm to greet him - Mrs. Eisenhower and her mother. The First Lady has been there for the past two days.

During his stay at his farm, which goes to Congress next week.

The President also brought to the farm an Irish silver bowl, almost two hundred years old, full of shamrocks from County Waterford. The bowl and the shamrock, presented to who will preside over New York's St.Patrick's Day Parade.

The President, an honorary member of the Friendly

Sons of St.Patrick - and he beamed that delight as he received

the bowl from the Irish Premier. Then Mr. Fischhower declared,

## EISENHOWER - 2

"I'm going to take these up to Mrs. Eisenhower - she'll be
will ble will be given the First Lady was rished given the Irish
silver bowl a place of honor in the Bisshhower home at

Gettysburg.

Manila today. At the Taipei airport, he issued a prepared statement - pledging American support for Chiang Kai-shek.

Our Secretary describing Chiang's regime as "the only lawful government in China," Maniles added that time has proven the wisdom of our mutual defense treaty with Chiang Kai-shek.

From the airport, Mr. Dulles drove to the American
Embassy - for a briefing by Ambassador Karl Rankin and
Under-Secretary of State for Far East Affairs, Walter
Robertson.

The After lunch, our secretary of State was driven to the presidential mansion - where he plunged into top level tells.

with the leader of Nationalist China:

The Upper House of the West German Parliament approves a new army of half a million men - to join the Western
defense alliance. The bill had already been passed by the
Lower House - so now the government has authority to go ahead.
Plans call for almost a hundred thousand men to be under arms
by the end of this year - the core of what eventually will
amount to twelve divisions.

A significant thing about today's vote: - the Chamber was sitting in West Berlin. In other words, the West German legislators were more than a hundred miles inside the Iron Curtain - when they took their dramatic decision to raise an army for the defense of the West.

The situation on Cyprus is becoming rapidly worse.

Today the British authorities evicted the raid residents of ten homes, in what is called, "terror town" - the section of Nicosia where twenty-one murders or attempted-murders have been committed in the past few months.

were imposed on Nicosia and two other cities. That curfew, the inhabitants of the cities are under virtual house arrest - only one woman from each family allowed to leave each day - to shop.

The evictions in "terror town" are intended to force information about the terrorist underground. The houses will be closed up and sealed - as soon as the residents have moved out their belongings. The eviction, to last for three months. At the same time, British troops forced their way into shops in "terror town", where they found shotgun ammunition, home-made bombs, and newly printed propaganda leaflets - urging the \$1 Cypriotes to intensify their fight against the British.

Tonight's story about North Africa tells of more reinforcements for Algeria. Dut this is something special the French government acting on the semantial emergency powers voted by the Senate - the widest authority given in any Paris government since World War Two.

We hear that five thousand recruits may get their training in Algeria. \*\*\* The government is considering recalling half a million reservists - for action in that vast North African territory. And France is withdrawing another of her divisions from Nato - for use in Algeria. - a veteran mechanized division.

These figures show how seriously Premier Mollet is taking the Algerian situation. Tomorrow the Minister for Algeria, Robert LaCoste, will fly to Algerian Algiers - where he will declare publicly that the whole weight of the French army will be thron into crushing the nationalist rebellion, Processary.

Israeli and Egyptian troops, exchanging fire. As asual, each side blames the other. According to an Israeli spokesman, the Egyptians ereated four incidents - when they opened up with rifle and automatic weapons fire at Afferent places along the frontier.

Egypt retorts that an Israeli patrol fired on an Egyptian position for two hours. Both matiens are asking the U.N. Armistice Commission to investigate.

In Jerusalem, the Israeli chief-of-staff repeats
that his country must have more weapons - to maintain the
balance of power. He repeated that without them - Israel
cannot prevent the bombing of her cities. Let he added that
his troops are ready for action, and Israel cannot be
defeated by the armies of the Arab states.

applications for arms. So announced by Prime Minister St. Laurent Ottawa. Contacts. The Premier said that the decision was taken in view of the tension new existing in the Middle East. - Canada feels that the situation is not quite as critical as it was during the few days after the dismissal of Glubb Pasha, Commander from controls of the Arab Legion.

The law had the Israeli request was accepted. Rectuded to the arms to be shipped at once - ammunition, spare parts for Sherman tanks, and electronics equipment.

A trainload of British travelers arrived in London today - from Jordan. And they say that the country of young King Hussein - Paces the danger of civil war.

The reason, rival factions in the Arab Legion struggling for power, following the dismissal of Glubb Pasha,
now Sir John Glubb. The British declare that the rank and
file of the Arab Legion - still regards Glubb as a hero.
They are said to be angry with their superior officers who
forced the ouster of Sir John.

We also hear that King Hussein's popularity is waning. His people may have approved of his appointing a Jordanian to control the Arab Legion - but they don't like his determination to stay clear of the "Cairo Axis" - that allignment of Egypt, Syria and Saudi Arabia. \*\*xixt\* Agitators are already fomenting trouble for King Hussein.

In Forday - threat of Civil War.

list.

Today's New York Times carries a sensational story - about the new anti-Stalin line in Russia. The story - written by Harrison Salisbury, who used to be the Moscow Correspondent of the Times.

Salisbury states that word has reached the West of a secret talk delivered by Khrushchev before last month's
meeting of the Communist Party Congress. Khrushchev,
explaining to the comrades - why the new collective leadership
in the Kremlin has discarded the old myth about Stalin.

The new Red boss told the closed session, that the truth about the old Dictator's regime - became known only after his death. Khrushchev didn't say this - but the truth as he gave it, adds up to pretty much what we thought at the time. Khrushchev describes Stalin as a suspicious tyrant - always watching for plots against him. And sending to the firing squadanyone who roused his suspicions. The terror grew so great - that no one around Stalin knew whether he might be next on the

Khrushchev said that even members of the Folitburo
were kept in ignorance about what went on in the Kremlin.

For example, one member of the State Planning Commission simply
disappeared in Nineteen Forty-Nine. No one on the Politburo
knew what had become of him - until documents were found after
Stalin's death - showing that the man had been executed
secretly.

Then there were the lieutenants of another Politburo member who died in Nineteen Forty-Eight. Those lieutenants disappeared all of a sudden - and Anrushchev says it's now known that Stalin had them executed too.

Khrushchev also went back to the earlier period of Stalin's rule - the period of the notorious purge trials. One of Stalin's most famous victims at that time - was Marshal Tukhachevsky. The Marshall was the top ranking figure in the army - yet Stalin had him suddenly arrested and shot. It was typical Stalin performance - with his victim executed immediately after a trumped-up trial.

The official Communist line was that the Marshal was a traitor - found guilty of conspiring with Germany and Japan to overthrow Stalin's government. Now Khrushchev says that there was no basis for the charge. He's quoted as calling the Tukhachevsky execution "a terrible mistake" - partly responsible for the German victories in Nineteen Forty-One -- which the dead Marshal might have handled better than those whom Stalin placed in command.

The picture that we get put the Khrushchev talk - is of a tyrant surrounding himself with yes-men - making the Kremlin a symbol of terror, by killing anyone he disliked.

saying for sounds protty much like what the West was saying for some ago - in the days when Khrushchev was one of the loudest in praising the tyrant. Now even khrushchev admits that the man who terrorized Russia for so many years, should be remembered in history as another Ivan the Terrible.

In fact, Western historians have already reached that conclusion calling the late tyrana, "Stalin the Terrible."

An English girl describes a former Soviet

Premier as "a most attractive man". Sonia Hamburg,

born in England, of Russian perents, speaks Russian

fluently. She was in charge of an electrical exhibition

when Malenkov arrived for a tour. After a long talk

with him - in Russian - she said that while Malenkov

is not at all good looking, he is charming. That's

her verdict on one Bolshevik leader who lost his job,

without losing his head.

To the British he appears as a jovial, amiable visitor, genially shaking hands with everybody.

We hear he went on an unscheduled sightseeing tour. Driving to a meeting with Foreign Secretary

Selwyn Lloyd, suddenly his car pulled out of the line and raced into Trafalgar Square. There it drove fround
and 'round, while Malenkov took a good look at the

Nelson Monument - the victor of Trafalgar atop that
famous column in Trafalgar Square.

A New York family is alive today, all because the baby and only rembered the one word in his vocabulary. Two year old David

— and the one wordle Ilchuk likes to play with fire engines - and so he knows the

until he woke up his parents. They found the apartment full of smoke, the building on fire.

They max all managed to climb out of a window just in time. A two year old, giving the alarm by shouting
the one word he knows - "fire."

## ST. PATRICK'S DAY

New York tonight may be having its roughest blizzard of the season, but down in sunny Tampa, Florida, they are preparing to celebrate Ireland's patron Saint in a big way.

Tampa has a lot of citizens named Gomez,

Fernandez and Martini. The story is, that they are
going to give their names an Irish touch: - O'Gomez

and O'Fernandez and O'Martini, like Bernard O'Higgins
hero of South America.

The idea started with a real Irishman - Phil
O'Hara. He got the idea that the Latins of Tampa ought
to celebrate St. Patrick's Day - help him. So they
started it, without any thought of making it an annual
event. Today said O'Hara: "I just told my Latin friends
that the first kings of Ireland were from Gaul, which
included Spain." And he added that his Latin friends
practically all have Irish blood in their veins, since
they drink Irish whiskey.

Anyhow, Henry, tomorrow in Tampa will be "San Patrikio Day."