L. J. - Sunoco .- Monday, July 20, 1942 SIBERIA

From China we get more evidence today that the Japanese are preparing for an attack on Siberia. The Chungking radio broadcast a report which came, it said, from unimpeachable military sources. According to that report the Mikado's G enerals have begun concentrating fresh waves of troops in inner Mongolia and in all the three northernmost provinces of China. Japanese divisions are being withdrawn from Malaya, from the southeastern provinces of China as well as from Formosa. They are building fortifications, establishing lines and evidently making ready to outflank the Russians in outer Mongolia.

It is intimated that these withdrawals of Japanese troops in China may account for the recent victories by the Chinese. Over the weekend Chiang-KaiShek's Army gained another advantage, receptured twenty-five miles of railroad and two important towns. A number of Japanese troops have been withdrawn from the eastern half of Chekiang Province and key cities of the riterand railroad are now guarded only by skeleton garrisons

of "puppet troops".

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The Japanese, for their part, claim that the fighting in Mongolia is for the purpose of cleaning up the eighth Chinese Communist Army in Inner Mongolia. RUSSIA

In Russia the Soviet spokesmen are putting the best face they can on the news. But they do not deny the main body of Hitler's machine is grinding its way slowly south. Timoshenko on the Red side is collecting large masses of reinforcements, concentrating everything on the defense of Rostov. There lies the gateway to the northern Caucasus and in there a desperate and titanic battle is bound to begin almost any day.

The Nazis had thrust one formidable wedge into the Donets Basin towards Rostov, Timoshenko counter attacked and turned that one back. But Moscow admits that the enemy is getting closer to that vital city at the mouth of the Don.

The Nazis claimer that they have the Reds on the retreat along the lower reaches of the Don and that German Armies are pursuing them and have them surrounded on three sides. The Nazis even declare that they have penetrated positions

east of Rostov. They add that the apparent check of the German advance in the last few days was due to heavy rains. The rains RUSSIA - 2

are now over and the advance continues.

Dispatches to London from Stockholm report ath that the German dive bomber squadrons are blasting at the

railroad of Rostov, preparing the way for the advance of the

Panzer squadrons.

A report frm from Kuibyshev claims that the Red Air Force in the Don area is now better than that of the Germans.

Timoshenko still holds on to Voronezh. Messages from the front line announced that his men have virtually annihilated four whole German regiments and one batallion. The dispatch even mentions the regiments by number. ADD RUSSIA

Timoshenko reports that all the parachutists whom the Germans had landed from transports in the rear of the Russian lines have been found and destroyed.

A correspondent with the Soviet northern fleet tells an exciting story of the arrival of an American-British convoy at Murmansk. For the last stage of the convoy's journey it was protected by Soviet warships and fighter planes. It was attacked by the Nazi air fleet which hurled more than two hundred and twenty bombs and fourteen torpedoes at it. There were moments when each side had more than two hundred planes in the doction. The commander of the Soviet flotilla

ordered his destroyers to close in around the convoy and create a solid barrage of fire. The convoy reached its Arctic port safely. EGYPT

In Egypt the allied air forces pulled off a surprise raid on one of Field Marshal Rommel's postions. It is described as one of the greatest surprise attacks of the whole waridx war. The Royal Air Force was helped by planes from the United States Middle East Air Force. Heavy American bombers played their part in it. They swooped down at a point called El Daba Field, just West of Rommel's front lines. As the British and Americans flew away they saw several Axis aircraft burning on the ground, and as they left they encountered German and Italian planes coming in for landings. They shot down four bombers and one dive bomber.

Cairo reports that the British General Auchinleck still holds the initiative and that the British have taken more than six thousand prisoners in the last ten days. ADD EGYPT

The Axis now claims to have the British Mediterranean fleet completely bottled. According to the newspapers in Bris, which are Nazi-controlled, strong squadrons of Jap submarines are in the Red Sea. They are lying in wait for the British fleet in case it tries to escape through the Zm Suez Canal. Meanwhile Nazi U-boats are strong and active near Gibralter.

#### SINKING

Nazi u-boats have sunk at least four hundred and ten ships in American waters, four-hundred and ten since the middle of January. That's the total figured out from the announcements made from time to time by our Navy. The actual total must be larger as the Navy MXX usually waits a few days before making the news public.

One of the latest vessels to be destroyed was a Swedish merchantman, absolutely unarmed and with a huge blue and yellow flag painted on the side of the ship. The u-boat not only torpedoed that neutral vessel without warning, but also shelled it and fired machine guns. The Nazis even shot at the lifeboats after the crew had launched them. Never theless the crew of thirty-eight and four passengers made their way in safety to a port in the West Indies. The new tax bill is on its way through Congress. The House passed it today and sent it to the Senate. He measure had a quick passage in the Lower Chamber, quick but uproarious. The noise, however, was merely vocal, just a letting off of Congressional steam.

The guessing is that the tax rates in the nineteen forty-two bill should bring about six and a half billions into Uncle Sam's **treax** treasury. But another prophecy is that the new act won't have such smooth going in the Senate. The Congressmen of the upper Chamber are sharpening their burge pencils and have all sorts of amendments ready, ideas of their own. In other words, it will take some time to pass that tax measure through the Senate, where there is no limit on either debate or amendments.

The representatives made some last minute changes in the short time they had. They boosted the excess profits rate on corporations to ninety percent. And they also voted a forty-five percent combination of normal and surtax rates on the incomes of corporations.

As for private individuals the normal tax **tate** rate goes up from four to six percent. Surtaxes begin at thirteen percent on the first two thousand dollars of taxable income and goes up as high

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as eighty-two percent onm everything over two hundred thousand a year. Personal exemptions, five hundred dollars for them unmarried, twelve hundred for married men. Beginning the first of the year five percent will be deducted by employers from salaries and wages, that is five percent after personal exemptions have been deducted. But that five percent won't help you on your nineteen forty-two income tax. It will be applied to the nineteen forty-three income.

#### HIGGINS

A clamor comes from Louisiana, a clamor of protest against that order of the Maritime Commission cancelling the contract of the Higgins shipyers shipyard at New Orleans to build two hundred liberty ships. State and city officials, business men, labor leaders; are lifting their voices in a chorus of complaint. The American Federation of Labor of Louisiana telegraphed to the Maritime Commission, to the War Production Board, and also to President Roosevelt. MimselP. Masses of workers assembled in the streets and shouted their protests. More than seven thousand men have been thrown out of work by the order. Mayor Maestri of New Orleans wired the President that it was a serious blow to the National war effort. Governor Sam Jones of Louisiana telegraphed to war Production Chief Donald Nelson.

The Maritime Commission admitted that the assembly line plan made by the Higgins concern was particularly well engineered. It provided for no fewer than two thousand men to work on each ship at the same time. The first of these liberty cargo vessels was to be launched in September. The Maritime Commission attributed its cancellation order to the a shortage of steel. Andrew Jackson Higgins, the head of the corporation denied this and said it had

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been brought about because the big steel companies and the shipyards in the east didn't want ships to be built on a large scale in the south. As evidence he brought up the fact that there are huge deposits of ore in Tennessee, Kentucky and Alabama which are not being worked. The latest development is that the Higgins Corportion has been offered all the steel it needs from Mexico. Higgins **rest** received to that effect received by telephone from Mexicans in Vera Cruz and Monterey.

# ADD HIGGINS

Later today a Congressman from Louisiana arose in the House and demanded an investigation. Representative Herbert quoted the charge made by the accusation of Higgins that his contract had been cancelled because it conflicted with certain interests represented by dollar-a-year men in the Government service. These are serious charges, declared congressman Herbert, charges of which this Congress and the American people should take full coggizance.

## SIGNAL CORPS

Here's a call for help from no less a magnified than the chief signal officer of Uncle Sam's army. The signal corps needs experts to teach young soldiers the various arts a and skills that go to make up modern communications -- electricity, telephone installation and repairs, radio operation and everything connected with wireless.

Major General Olmstead wires me that the signal corps is opening a huge new school at camp Crowder, Missouri. Thousands of young men are to be sent there to learn the various techniques necessary for communication. But it appears that you can't have a school without a faculty. And there's the rub. They have have enough teachers and are up against it for teachers.

The chief signal officer says the teachers may be civilians and so is not have to pass the rigorous physical tests demanded of a soldier. I asked how soon these technican teachers would be needed, and how many. The answer is -- hundreds, and at once. In fact, they were really needed yesterday. The chief signal officer uses these words: "The war is going none too well for our side." And he adds, "Our armies need more and more communications experts."

## SIGNAL CORPS

So if you are such in electricity, in telephone, or in radio, the chief signal officer asks you to write at once to general Walter Prosser, Camp Crowder, Missouri. I'll spell the name -- General Walter P-r-o-s-s-e-r, Camp C-r-o-d-e-r, Missouri.

DEWEY The political campaign is beginning to warm up in New York. It is already attracting attention far beyond the borders of the empire state. The republicans believe they have a good fighting chance to win this year, elect a governor. Washington stories tell that how the White House is keenly interested to prevent it, most anxious to a Republican have anybody but an or P. man in the "overnor's mansion at Albany. The opening shot was fired today by the friends of, racket buster Tom Dewey. The Dewey-for Governor committee opened campaign headquarters in New York City with the preliminary announcement. It is no secret that the prosecutor who sent such a long list of bad me smash the underworld to jai has a clear majority of the Republican delegates.

### HEROES

A newspaper man with Uncle Sam's air force in Australia says he has found a hero in every flying crew that he has met. Occasionally, he adds, he has encountered a whole squadrom of heros. Some are decorated with medals, others have the decorations of the second esteem of their companions.

For example, the reporter mentions Lieutemant William R. Johnson of Lindan, California the coast of New Guinea. He ran out of gas and crash-landed his bomber only a hundred yards off shore. Johnson says it was the thickest the/ient wight he had ever seen. After that crash-landing tohnson helped his co-pilot, his engineer, and his bombardier to climb out through the escape hatch, also the chief of the crew who was injured. The gunners got out through the side windows. And then, from a point a hundred yards off a hostile shore, Xiewtenata Lieutenant William R. Johnson brought his entire crew, including the injured man, xx safely back to base. For that he been, ited for the silver star, and no wonder.

All the gunners of one squadron have warm spots in their hearts for Lieutenant Robert Ramsey of Hollywood and his EXTROX

### HEROS - 2

Joe Brookhart of co-pilot, Lieuten ant DebertxRamseyxof Washington, D. C./Owing to the artistic maneuvering of Ramsey and Brookhart, the gunners had a perfect target on all the Jap ships they met, and bagged What is more, they eached in and shot them all down all they met,

Incidentally, Lieutenant "amsey brought back expert information information about the amphibian zeros that the Japs recently browtht brought into action. They ard the same as the land-based zeros, only they have pontoons which enable them to land on the water. The pontoons cut their speed initial informations slightly. But they do not reduce the firing power of the Japs, declared Ramsey, as he pointed to a ship which was full of holes.

The correspondent who reports this edds a personal noteto Ramsey's girl friend in Salt Lake City. "Ramsey hopes you will See this in the newspapers."

The proudest outfit in Australia is the group commanded by Lieutenant Colonel John H. Davies of Piedmont, California. Over the tent of that group commanger flies a battle flag with nineteen black crosses. Those nineteen crosses indicate the nineteen German planes, destroyed, eleven Japanese & vessels including two cruisers, HEROS - 3

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<u>HEROS - 3</u> as well as other ships, plus damaged pic more ships and done incalculable harm to Japanese land damage

installations in raid after raid.

Lieutenant Colonel Davies recently received a letter from his former Sunday School teacher. It enclosed a newspaper clipping quoting Colonel Davies as remarking that his group had given the Japanese hell. The Sunday school teacher said it was too bad that evidently the Colonel's lessons in Sunday School had not been Too successful.

and now a message from Hugh that I have will be successful.