GREECE 29- Suno Po S, Dues, march 4, 1447 (Sun Valley, Idaho.)

The United States must take quick action on Greece. So says Secretary of State George Marshall. He asserted today that this nation can no longer postpone intervention in the muddle affairs of Greece. We must step in to save that country and its present government.

The secretary of state called Greece the strategic and sometimes bloody battle ground between Russian communism and western democracy. He hinted that President Truman may make our decision known, with all its far reaching implications, as early as this Thursday, when the President is due to speak at Waco- Texas. General Warshall was close-mouthed however, concerning the methods to be used. Said he: "The problems involved are of such transcendent importance, that any announcement relating to them could properly come only from the Presidenthimself. The final decision rests with the President and with Congress, General Marshall concluded.

He admitted that america's hand had been

forced by last weeks note from London stating that, unless immediate American help is forthcoming, Britain will withdraw all troops and made economic aid from Greece. The British are fearful that Greek crisis may explode into civil war, possibly before the end of the month. American dollars, American max military equipment, and American liberty ships are needed -- not to mention food, clothing. Otherwise the present Greek government is almost sure to go under.

If this happens, according to the British, communism will come to Greece and the communist menace will spread toward the Rm Dardanelles, Turkey and the middle East.

To this opinion Secretary Marshall wouldn't say "yes" and he wouldn't say "no", for but from his manner it was evident he agrees with the British point of view. Washington insiders say the top Republican and Democratic congressmen have already been briefed on the Greek situation, by

Lem. Marshall and the President himself. They were told that if Greece were abandoned, Soviet Russia alone would benefit.

MARSHALL FOLLOW GREECE

Secretary Marshall's action-packed day included an appearance before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, together with his predecessor, Jimmy Byrnes. Both men pleaded with the Senators to ratify quickly the peace treaties now drawn up for Italy, Hungary, Romania, and Bulgaria, calling them sign posts along the road to permanent peace.

Then General Marshall made his last minute arrangements to fly tomorrow to the momentous

Foreign Ministers conference, beginning in Moscow

March Tenth. It will be the new Secretary of State's

first test, as a civilian, in ax dealing with the

Foreign Ministers of Great Britain, France and

Russia.

Frenchmen and British have met again on the beaches of Dunkirk. Today the Foreign Ministers of Great Britain and France met at Dunkirk to sign a fifty-year military alliance between the two countries.

The place they chose for this important event, was the Chennel port where in Nineteen Forty, an Anglo-French Army of three-hundred-thousand men was miraculously rescued from annihilation.

Dunkirk was gay today, beddecked with Allied flags. School Exities children remembering when France and Brit fought side by side, ran through the streets in front of automobiles that were carrying French Foreign Minister Bidault and Britain's Ernest Ym Bevin, giving the V for victory salute.

As of today, France and Great Britain are allies once more -- an alliance xm to last fifty years.

after the ceremonies, both Bevin and

is directed only against possible German aggression,—
in the future, not against any other nation. The
foreign ministers also took the occasion to urge
the United States and Aussia to join now in a four
power agreement on the demolitarization of Germany.

troubles spots of this troubled world: In India
between Mohammedan and Hindu; im in Syria, former
French mandate, which has been promised Independence;
and, more strife in Palestine between British forces
and Jewish extremists.

New Delhi, capital of India, reports
thirty dead and for y-seven injured, as a result of
rioting in the ancient city of Lahore - this
following a Loslem demand for an all-Moslem government
an in the Punjab.

and bottles. Thexerement Then some warlike sikhs
joined the Hindus, against the Moslems, and shots
were exchanged. Police finally restored order. But
tonight troops are patrolling Lahore, and are on
the alert throughout the Punjab, which is a vast
region.

And there was an outbreak today in the city of Tripoli - Tripoli in Syria. Fourteen killed

and forty-eight wounded. In a clash between opposing political factions. Touched off by the arrival in Syria of Fauzi bl Kunkju Kaukji Rabit an Arab ma nationalist and leader of some past arab revolts.

Naviz El Moukaddam, a candidate for thexagram Syrian legislature.

From Jerusalem, another story of hatred and violence. Despite the imposition of marshall law in large sections of the Holy Land, Jewish terrorits are raising cain. Last night km members of the underground attacked the moyal Air Force quartermaster depot in the Hadera district of Palestine - wounding two soldiers in a skirmish.

Other terrorists in the all-Jewish city of Tel a Viv blew up two military trucks this morning.

Three British soldiers and five arab civilians were injured.

Meanwhile, the Irgun Zvai Leumi has started a new war of nerves. Government departments

in Jerusalem received scores of anonymous telephone calls today, saying that their buildings were xxxx about to be blown up. The authorities took no chances, and the buildings were evacuated xxx while troops searched xxxx unsuccessfully for time tombs.

A strange suit may pop up in London law courts any way now, a suit against a politician for failing to keep campaign promises. The very thought of it should give politicians the world over a case of minum nine day horrors. Campaign promises are made to be broken, we thought everyone knew that.

But not white haired Henry Cooper of London, whose former claim to fame was teaching the Duke of Windsor how to dance. Right now he's mad at British Foreign Minister Ernest Bevin, and wants to sue him for not carrying out pledges made in the last British general election. Furthermore the High Court has accepted Cooper's suit.

The complaint is, apparently, that Bevin has not lived up to campaign promises pledging democratic procedure. Henry Cooper declares Foreign minister is a wily man who uses back is doors to the Foreign Office and side entrances at the House of Commons to evade people who mank want to see him.

Moreover, says Cooper, Bevin employs a be butler

who is not above stretching the truth in announcing Mr. Bevin is out. Says Cooper "1've been standing outside Parliament, the Foreign Office and Bevin's home in snow and rain for two months now -- and still I haven't been able to see him". So, he's sueing. I wonder what he plans to do, now that Bevin is enroute to socow for the Foreign Ministers conference. Just try to see some big wig who doesn't want to see you -- in Stalin's Moscow.

with Winston Churchill leading the debate, took action in a dark, fantastic affair of black Africa. The wartime Prime Minister set parliamentary policy in an affair of human sacrifice with weird overtones of black magic and voo-doo bloodshed.

It happened on the Gold Coast, a strip

of land in steaming equatorial West Africa, a few

degrees below the Equator. There, in the miasmal jungles,

the native tribes, even to this day, perform their

ancestral, savage rites despite all efforts of the

British authorities to suppress the ferocities of

sombre superstition.

In Nineteen Forty-four on the Gold Coast, an important chief died, and African xx royalty flocked to his village to pay their last respects.

One of these was a lesser noble, who entered the royal palace, and was never seen again. According to witnesses, he was killed by sons and relatives of the great chief to propitiate the gods. They murdered

him with a ritual of atrocity designed to keep him from putting a curse on them.

Four tribesmen implicated were tried in a colonial court for murder, were convicted and sentenced to be hanged. And six times, during the intervening years, they have been moved to death cells, only to be granted brief legal reprieves.

This was the point that today brought the case before the House of Commons.

The cause of the condemned man was championed by Winston Churchill, who mgm argued on grounds mm of traditional British law. Under British justice, a man once taken to a place of execution and not hanged, must be set free. Therefore cried Churchill, this affair of the Gold Coast flouts the tradition of British justice - and the British guard jealously their reputation for being just.

The House of Commons raised a cheer and the

GOLD COAST - 2

The perpetrators of human sacrifice has been set free, and sent back to their xm tribe.

A tale of heroism and tragedy in the Pacific was revealed today - a story long delayed but an epic marm none the less. It relates how the United States Submarine Tang, sank a-hundred-and-ten-thousand tons of Japanese shipping in a single twenty-four hour patrol, and then fell victim toone of its own torpedoes, sinking with the loss of all but nine men. The mak skipper of the Tang, Commander Dick O'Kane is one of the nine who survived, and here is the story he tells:—

Late in October Nineteen Forty-four, the

Tang was patrolling the north end of Formosa straits.

Suddenly in the periscope, a submarine man's dream

come true - an enemy convoy, xix of three large tankers,
a transport, a freighter and destroyer escorts. XX

Says Commander O'Kane, "I stopped, and turned for
straight shots at the tankers as they came by.

Torpodoes exploded even before the firing was xxxx

completed - every tanker hit as aimed, three blazing,

to ram us. We turned torpedoed the Japanese transport".

During the next night the Tang ran into another convoy loaded with ar airplanes. This time the record was even more remarkable. Three tankers, a transport and a destroyer sunk at an only six hundred yard point blank range.

The Tang now had only two torpedoes left -and near by was a crippled Jap transport. Says

Commander O'Kane: "We fired one are torpedo from
nine hundred yards - and the other one right afterward".

That last torpedo was the Nemesis of the Tang. Watching through the priscope O'Kane saw it begin an erratic run, then run curve sharply to the left. It was coming back at the submarine.

The order rang out: "Full speed ahead, crash dive".

But it was too late: The Tang's own torpedo struck the submarine full midship - and down went the iron

SUBMARINE -

hull, leaving only nine survivors on the surface of the sea.

TRUMAN (new lead)

Tonight in Mexico City the shout is --Viva Harry!

Thousands of cheering, shouting, Mexicans pushed their way into Mexico City's National Stadhum this afternoon for a glimpse of American President Harry Truman. The warmth of their welcome created a new high in Mexican-American relations. Viva Harry! Yet their Latin exuberance brought tragedy. In the jam one person was killed, and more than a hundred injured, trampled under foot, as the mob overflowed the stadium to hail the President of the United States.

Nevertheless, despite the mishap, Mr. Truman's whirlwind tour of the Mexican capital seems to have been a huge success. Today the President enjoyed a spectacular folk pageant the kind only Mexico can produce -- Indian song's and dances going back a thousand years.

So tonight the shout in Mexico City is-Wiva Harry:

And the shout here at Sun Valley is Viva the Swiss,

The Norwegians, and all the other skiers who arrived today

for the races to be held this week. And now Viva Nelson

Case who-today many times fell on his face.

Many Tues Carly Show only

Many of us remember how during the First
world War the British lost so many of their ablest
young men. There are some of us who think the present
predicament in which the British Empire fitself
is due in no small part to the fact that she lost the
cream of her youth in the retreat from Mons, the
Battle of the Somme, and other battles of World War
One. The British made the fatal mistake of
ever allowing her the young administrators to
give up their jobs in India, and rush into battle.

woefully. But then, the cry all over the world is for young men who have qualities of leadership.

How to find them? George Sokolsky in his widely published column, today, tells how it can be done.

Also, NEWSWEEK magazine xx comes out this week with answering this question, -- how to pick ext leaders among our young men. Apparently Charles K. Taylor has the answer. This scholarly Philadelphian has been devoting his life to picking

aut young men who should be recommended for scholarships, and for special training. He is the head of a vocational research bureau, on West One-hundred-and-twanty-third street in New York City. Guidance Service it is called. This bureau has been functioning for many years, but is now attracting wide attention because of the unusual success Charles K. Taylor is having with his casehistory method. With this method Tayor is able to find out what a young man's aptitudes are. And in this way he can spot potential leaders, young men who should take up public garr careers.

It is a non-profit organization and the whole thing can be done by mail, thus making it possible to put vocational guidance in every city, every town, and every local community in the land.

For years many of the famous prep schools of America have been giving scholarships to young men picked out by Vocational expert Taylor -- prep schools it such as Taft, at Waterbury, Connecticut;

Andover and Exeter, St. Mark's, Groton, Lawrenceville, what and others. The story of these young men have accomplished is so fascinating that I wish I could devote my whole broadcast to it. For more about it, see this week's issue of Newsweek, or George Sokolsky's column.

Charles K. Taylor is getting along in years and he would like to set up a persents foundation for this vocational research work. Surely a great opportunity for anyone who could afford to help him. What more glorious thing could me any of us do than me back a foundation to do two such important things: provide vocational guidance for all our youth, and at the same time pick out those who have special qualities of leadership. Whow that the United States seems to be regarded as the world's number one power, and now that our world wide me responsibilities have been multiplied, our need for young men who have leadership ability, and who can be directed toward public careers -- that need is

TAY LOR - 2

desperate indeed. So here's hoping something will be done to further the vocational research work of Charles K. Taylor, which is praised so highly.

England. It concerns the ancient family of Tichborne, and goes back eight centuries. In Eleven-Hundred-and-Fifty the Lord Tichborne of that day was a miser.

His wife, Lady Tichborne, was the opposite, generous, big hearted.

She was bedridden for years, and as the day of her death approached, she wanted to give some land to the villagers. The miserly Lord sneeringly said, she could give all the land she could move around on. So crippled as she was, she managed to drag herself, crawling over twenty-three acres. These acres to this day are called The Crawls."

Before she died, Lady Tichborne laid a curse mm upon the family. She said the House would fall down if its owner ever failed on Lady Day, March Twenty-Fifth, to give one gallon of flour to every grown person in the village. Not only would the Tichborne House fall down, but there would

be seven sons, followed by seven daughters. Which meant - the Tichborne name would die out.

For six and a half centuries the Tichborne baronetts scrupulously made the gifts of flour to the villagers. But in seventeen ninety-six all the Tichbornes were in France, fighting, and no gift was made.

When they returned, they found the ancestoral mansion razed to the ground just as the curse had foretold. After that, there were seven sons, followed by seven daughters, and the name died out. However, it was subsequently restored by special decree of Queen Victoria - and the gifts of flour were resumed.

This month the present Baronet, Sir Anthony
Tichborne, asked the Food Ministry to give him
fourteen thousand units of bread in order that he
might keep up the family traditional gift. The
ministry refused at first but now has relented -

and provided the flour. England, in all its crisis, does not want to flaunt the curse of the Tichbornes. And now Nelson the Baron of Case.

SHIP - 2

seizure of American property.

The lawyer for the company that owns the ship declares that this Dutch action is the most flagrant violation of international law that he has seen in more than thirty years of law practice - a deliberate breach of an agreement signed by the Royal government of the Metherlands.

Contemporary history is cheating President Truman out of a vacation. He had planned tomake a trip though the Caribbean for fifteen days after his return from Mexico and Baylor University. But the news he found when he returned to the White House last night makes obliged him to change his plans.

He does not want to be away from the capital when the Big Four conference begins at Moscow.

Also - he wants to be on hand to ask

Congress for the two-hundred-and-fifty-millions to

Melp the government of Greece.

the money for the Greeks. Alot of Congressmen,

Demograts as well as republicans, are criticizing

what they call "pulling the fat out of the fire

for the British." The resident will ask Congress

not only for money, but also for permission to ship

arms and ammunition to the Greek government.