MONOPOLY

Tonight the news flashes - special message, another imposing recommendation by the ^President to Congress. Special messages are becoming quite the regular thing these days. The subject now is - monopoly, trusts. The Presidential proposals to Congress call for two lines of action. First - make a study of monopoly, investigate the trusts. Second - fix up legislation to cope with monopoly, revise and improve the anti-trust laws.

P.J - Sunsco. Findey, april 39, 193 8.

President Roosevelt told Congress that the nation was confronted by an ominous problem of giant combinations of capital, wast private empires of industry. He said that the free flow of trade was checked, small business from out

He used such phrases as these:- "Business monopoly in America paralyzes the system of free enterprise." It is as fatal to those who manipulate it as to the people who suffer beneathits impositions." He spoke of - "the heavy hand of integrated financial and management control. "The small business man," he said, "is unfortunately being driven to a less and less independent position in American life."

So that is the Nineteen Thirty-Eight version of the

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old monopoly agitations of the era of the first Roosevelt, the trust-busting days. It recalls the shades of those mighty men Hanna, Bryan, the great T.R.

The President recommended a whole series of legislative changes to deal with monopoly. One section of proposals concern procedure, the workings of the law in anti-trust cases. Another set have to do with mergers and interlocking relationships:finance, investment tursts, bank holding companies, trade association, patent laws. And he recommended the creation of a bureau of industrial economics to gather information.

The President gave the reasuuring word he didn't propose any wild harum-scarum monopoly hunt. He described his program in these words - "It is not intended as the beginning of any ill considered trust-busting activity."

WAGE-HOUR

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The Wage-Hour event today was in dix defiance of the President. The House Rules Committee was told outright by Representative Mary Norton that the bill had the approval of the President - the measure to establish a maximum of working hours and a minimum of pay for the nation. She declared the President told her personally that he was strongly in favor of it. Itta thexReimax Then the Rules Committee took its vote, and they voted eight to six - against the bill :- put in committee for the There decroed remainder of the congressional session. And so that much debated Wage-Hour Bill - is dead, for the time being, unless Congress takes action and forces the issue.

There will be action, the issue will be forced say the advocates of the bill. They say

LAFOLLETTE

The LaFollette third term Progressive movement drew a round of antagonistic argument in congressional circles today. Statesmen, who undoubtedly wear the label of progressive, spoke of Indiana in opposition to it. Democratic Senator Winton declared that a LaFollette third party of Nineteen Forty would split the liberal vote, and increase the chances of electing a reactionary president.) Representative tharles McNarry of Oregon saids, "These LaFollette boys are great brothers - brilltant and busy but I'm not sure which way they are going."

But the Number One blast was an issued by Nebraska Senator Norris, most progressive Uncle George, who tied the third party **EXAMPLE A DEMOGRAPHILE AND ADDED** to a third term. He repeated his contention, stated before, that if the conservative Democratic Republican coalition in Congress keeps on stopping the presidential program, Franklin D. Roosevelt might be forced to come out for a third term. He added that if the President did have to run, and if the LaFollette third party movement did materialize, it might result in the election of a

reactionary on the Republican ticket.

FORD Henry Ford, to anch of the New Deal -- 20 it was a headline event when he had luncheon with President Roosevelt at the White House. That bit of hospitality doesn't seem to have changed his mind about the New Deal. Henry Ford has also been known as the such - oppon of Wall Street -- back in the days when he used to denounce the bankers of the great money center, and ran his own giant motor industry without ever getting financing from Wall Street. Which e temples of Mamon paid a visit to J.P. Morgan! Down to Wall Street, he went, walked into the House of Morgan, and had a chat with J.P. arch-What was it all about -- that meeting of old-time opponents? We're told it was strictly a social affair. Henry Ford was merely paying his respects to J.P. Morgan and Thomas W. Lamont, the Morgan partner. That greatest of motor magan magnates certainly is arousing public interest. What he said last night at the banquet of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association went flashing on all the wires, as the hottest of news. Those who were there Hotened "all ears" as the phrase goos. I have

FORD -2-

never known people to hang on a speaker's words ax with such intentness -- especially at the table where I was sitting. Nobody knew whether Ford would say anything at all when the Chairman called upon him to speak .-- He had said he wouldn't. And at our table a Detroit editor made a proposition. He said that if Ford spoke more than twenty words, he'd pay five dollars for every word over the twenty. With that sporting proposition on, the Detroit editor took pencil and paper and frew some squares, something like a cross-word puzzle form -- in which to check off and count the words of Ford -- if any. So the interest was doubled and re-doubled, tripled and re-tripled when Henry Ford arose. And did we listen -- His words had a cash value.

How did the wager come out? Well, figure it out for yourself right now. Count how many words over twenty Henry Ford spoke. He said:- "We are all on the spot. Stick to your guns, and I will help you all I can with the assistance of my son." It comes to 24 words, not counting the preliminary -- "Mr. Toastmaster and gentlemen." You'd hardly want to stick a Detroit editor with FORD -3-

those mere ceremonial -- just a formality. So four over twenty it was, the editor was stuck for twenty bucks.

That little episode added the final filip of interest to the cryptic Ford **XEMMIKEXXXX** remark - which presumably was an esoteric slam at the New Deal. **Presumably**.

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COOGAN

The night before last we had a quick flash of news maning giving figures for the Jackie Coogan fortune. And there was a bit of discrepancy. Reports had been that the one-time boy star of Hollywood had earned four million dollars, while the figures now filed show that the amount left today was little more than half a million - only a fourth as much. Why the big difference? Today at Hollywood somebody set out to discover why - Jackie Coogan himself. The California court granted him the authority to make an investigation into the accounts of Jackie Coogan Productions, Incorporated. That's the corporation his father founded to take care of the boy-star's money until he was old enough to handle it himself.

Jackie Coogan wants to know what has become of the cash. He declares that his total boyhood earnings came to four million dollars. Today he said that in one month alone there was a deposited for the amount of four hundred int thousand dollars. "We made two hundred thousand dollars on the world tour I took with Dad," he relates."Why, there was hardly a week in the good old days when we made less than five thousand."

METHODISTS

Today at Birmington, Alabama, the conference of the Methodist Church South received a report from its Committee on Church Unification -- the consolidation of the two branches of Methodists, the Church South and the Church North. The Committee report urges unification, end that old division that began when the South fought the North in the Civil War. Consolidate the two branches of Methodism and form a single church of six million members. The urgency of the Committee is indicated by this phrase in its report :- "We pray for a union as immortal as the hope of life and as effective as saving grace." Today in the conference of the Southern Methodists, there was an instant motion -- that the report for unification ists, be adopted. That met with opposition by the anti-consolidation, opposed to the union. They countered with the demand that no

vote be taken on the unification report until the anticonsolidationists had a full opportunity to present their case -- against. Today in Rome Pope Pius spoke in sadness and sorrow. "I am passing through sorrowful days," he said, "seeing and thinking of what is happening to European nations."

The Pontiff said another thing, which immediately involves us with an old rule of radio. The Rome translation of the Papal phrase, employs a word we're not allowed to use on the air. Pope Pius spoke to the Congregation of the Propagation of the Faith in either Latin or Italian. In Latin -- the forbidden word is "infernus." In Italian -- it's "inferno." In English it can also be "inferno" -- though that's not the simple, expressive old Anglo-Saxon term. However, being a broadcaster of the utmost propriety, I'll translate the Papal phrase this way :- "The European situation," said Pope Pius, "is an inferno of contradictions and contrasts." Not quite so expressive as the Anglo-Saxon, but it will have to do.

POPE

LONDON

The Anglo-French negotiations for a closer union ended today. And once again we hear the same theme song that we heard last night - full accord. Premier Daladier of France issued a statement saying: "We have reached an accord on all points." The community of interests, and more than that, "the common ideals int which unite Britain and France have received from these conversations a new confirmation."

Backing up his declaration of success, the French Premier stated that the military and naval authorities of Britain and France will immediately start conversations - plans for the cooperation of the armies and fleets of the two countries in case of war. And this bears out the presumption that the London conference, which ended today, was designed to effect a military alliance between the two nations that face each other across the English Channel. The virtual alliance seems to be signed, sealed and delivered. CHINA

There were frightful events at the great Chinese City of Hankow today, air battle and air bombing. A great Japanese air fleet came over the city, which is the temporary capital of China. They're China. They're china. They're planes. A hundred and ten Chinese fighting planes rose to meet them, and all over the Hankow sky there were air battles and dog fights, The bombing. - Tons of high explosive dropped upon the city.

The Chinese claim they shot down twenty Japanese sky craft, and admitted the loss of eight. We are told of fighting planes colliding in midair, and others plunging in flames - trailing spurts of fire. The United Press account describes how an anti-aircraft shell hit a Japanese bomber and set it afire. The flaming plane still managed to keep in formation, with its comrade war birds stayed in the fight long enough to release its cargo of bombs, and then plunge crazily to the earth for a crash.

And all the while the bombs were reaking frightful havoc in teeming, populate Hankow. The principal streets blown asunder. They say that fifty persons took refuge in a dugout beneath a maximum warehouse of the Bank of China. A bomb burst there with such violence that the dugout caved in. Fifty human beings buried in its ruins.

Another Hankow today: - another terrifying example of He that most modern horror, a war in the air. INDIA

Several months ago I had the thrilling experience of making the first telephone call from New York to far off Baghdad, inaugurating telephone service between Manhattan Island, sometimes called by 0. Henry "Baghdad-on-the-Subway, and the Baghdad of Caliph Haroun-al-Rashid, on the River Tigris in Asia.

Today I had the thrill of making an even longer call, a friend rang me up from a city several thousand miles even farther away than Baghdad. "London calling When I answered the phone the operator said: the London calling! is/London operator, I have India on the wire. Will you

take the call?" Would I? Well I should say! And then, in just a few mink moments came the voice of my friend from far off India, calling me from one of the most romantic and dramatic spots on earth, Agra, the city of the Taj Mahal, hundreds of years ago the capital of the magnificent moguls. Our conversation, trailed back and forth by

short wave between New York and London, then relayed by short

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wave from there across Europe and Asia, over Arabia, Persia and India to the city of Poona, on the lofty Deccan Plateau above Bombay. From there our voice trailed by land wire across India to the city of the Taj Mahal. My call came from a famous traveller, author, editor and lecturer, George Pierrot. year's trip around the world. With him is one of the members of my own staff, Grey Culbertson. Each week they send back a letter from different country, a letter describing the customs of the people, and all the interesting things they see. They are called WORLD LETTERS. And they go mainly to school children and teachers, as well as many private individuals .. George Pierrot and his staff carry a special machine abong which enables them to multiply thesepersonal letters and send back many thousands of them.

In our conversation, talking back and forth from one side of the world to the other, world-traveller-Pierrot told me that India is still seething with unrest, still talking INDIA - 3

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about independence, talking about the day when the British will be forced to into the z sea. But, they've been talking about that for many years now. And, for long centuries the people of India have not ruled themselves, always the climate has something to do with it. They are # a ruled by some stronger, more virile invader from the outside. gorgeouscities such as the magnificent moguls who built the sty/of Agra and Delhi. " at any rate, at, today the other end of the wire was George Pierrot of WORLD LETTERS speaking from the Taj Mahal, the architectural wonder of the Old World. At this end, I sat at Radio City, in the midst of A Rockefeller Center, the architectural wonder of the New World. Over ten thousand miles apart, yet able to speak by the maj magic of the telephone and radio communication. The first conversation between the city of the Taj Mahal in India, and America. and R-l-u- Monday.