L.T. - DELCO FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1956

FOREIGN AID

GOOD EVENING EVERYBODY:

Appropriations Committee. The Committee today approved a four billion dollar foreign aid bill. This an increase of more than six hundred million over the figure voted by the House - and within ten million of the President's minimum.

The vote thirteen to eight - crossing party lines.

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for the year Einetson Firty Eight. That putline calls for

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- Army and Mary, both to be cut by

The Chairman of our Joint Chiefs of Staff refuses to confirm or deny a story in the New York Times - which states that he had proposed an eight hundred thousand man cut in the armed forces by Nineteen Sixty. Admiral Radford, issuing a formal statement, approved by Secretary of Defense Wilson.

The Admiral Radford declares that whe development of new weapons - may ultimately make possible a cut in manpower.

But he adds that he himself has not made up his mind - about when such a cut would come.

apparently was based upon a preliminary budget outline for the year Nineteen Fifty Eight. That outline calls for
a reduction of half a million men by the middle of that
fixed fiscal year. The Army and Navy, both to be cut by
two hundred thousand - the Air Force, by one hundred thousand.
But this is all tentative, nothing definite.

So Admiral Radford doesn't say yes or no to the Times

President Eisenhower nominates a five member delegation to the United Nations - including two frequent critics of his foreign policy. The critics, Senators Knowland of California, and Humphrey of Minnesota. Naturally, Humphrey a Democrat, has been the more critical of the two; - since he's a Democrat.

But Knowland has not always been in agreement with the Administration - on our Far Eastern policy.

Henry Cabot Lodge, is one of the five. Also, Ellsworth Bunker, President of the American Red Cross. And the Lift?

The lith member is almost sure to cause a debate

in the Senate - Paul Hoffman, Chairman of the Board - of the

Fund for the Republic. That organization is now being

investigated by the House Committee on Un-American activities.
for me saying that he him the

and Senator McCarthy stated in the Senate this week - that it

seemed to him "inconceivable" that Hoffman would be confirmed

as a delegate to the U.N. McCarthy, charging that Hoffman has

made statements - that, in the Senator's words, "could only be made by a fool or a Communist".

Today, Press Secretary James Hagerty, were asked if the Administration knew of the McCarthy attack on Hoffman, The Press Secretary answered: Yes, we read it. But he added that he did not know if President Eisenhower has seen the remarks.

made by the Wisconsin Republican

House investigators have decided to question a group of makes actors listed in the Fund for the Republic report - which says that they were blacklisted because of false Communist charges. The Chairman of the House Committee Congression

on Un-American activities, Walter of Pennsylvania, told tolay newsmen, that subpoenss are out now. And then he went one

"We want to ask them - where and when they were blacklisted."

Walter identified one of the group as actress

Gale Sondergaard - who appeared before the committee in

Nineteen Fifty One when she appealed to the Fifth Amendment,

when questioned about alleged Communist connections. The

committee refuses to identify any of the other witnesses
uptil they have been served with their and subposenss.

DIPLOMATS

From London, there comes a report of a new struggle for power inside the Kremlin.

According to this story, Khrushchev and the others are falling out - over the scope of the anti-Stalin campaign. Apparently, some of Khrushchev's associates feel that he's pushed the degradation of the dead tyrant - too fast and too far - imperilling the entire group that now controls Russia. And that maybe they are about to gang up on Khrushchev.

In a struggle for power - Khrushchev may hold the key position. We all know how Stalin took over when he held the same job, Secretary General of the party. Is Khrushchev about to become a second Stalin?

From the Ward word the Pope Nus

the TweNth - has sent special pastoral letters to Catholics behind the Iron Curtain - urging them to resist Communism.

The letters, dated June Twenty Ninth - the feast day of Saints Peter and Paul - the day following the "bread and freedom" revolt in Poznan. Underground channels were used - to get these letters to their addresses.

The Pontiff warns Christians living under Red

Tyranny - not to compromise with the doctrines of Marxism.

Pointing out that if Christians lose heart, and beginnto.

compromise - it will harm mix only their countries, but also

the rest of the world. The Pope adds that he is confident that

the fight for religion will go on in spite of Red, bessee,

attempts to force
who are trying to resten atheism on the captive peoples.

World they cantrol.

BAST GERMANY

The East German Reds admit that discontent is growing among workers. The Secretary for the Unions, Otto Lehman, wrote a magazine article - in which he said that members of the magazine union have refused the new production quotas set by the government - because these quotas call for more work, with less pay. He blames the situation on the factory managers - and admits that the workers have a real grievance. The fact that this top Red union leader supports the discontent - is another interesting clue to what is happening behind the Iron Curtain.

Shepilov, the new Soviet Foreign Minister, hints that Moscow may back down on its offer to help Egypt to build the Aswan Dam. He and Nasser had discussed the dam - when the Shepilov made that rather dramatic visit to Cairo three weeks ago. We heard then - that Russia was willing to give Egypt a long term loan - covering almost the entire cost of the dam-more than a billion American dollars, in rubles.

interested in the idea - a billion dollars in rubles for the dam, but that Shepilov was cool to the idea. The Soviet

Foreign Minister, offering, instead, to help build industrial plants in Egypt. The point being, that Russia could accomplish her objective for less rubles by helping build industrial plants.

After all it would take twenty years to build the dam. Arm the Kremlin doesn't want to wait that long - to harvest whatever harvest the Reds hope to get out of Egypt.

Moreover that the Kremlin prefers to work through workers and city residents - rather than among farmers.

And that Shepilov did not promise to give Nasser his billion for the Aswan Dam;

Did Nasser accept the offer to for help in building indistra industrial plants? We don't know.

The Premier of Egypt is now an honorary citizen of Belgrade. Nasser, accompanied Tito to the City Hall, where the ceremony was performed. Afterward, the two statesmen had a conference on the international situation attempting to work out a formula for the neutral nations, which Nasser and Tito would both like to be a "third force" in the cold war. They spent some of their time drawing up an agenda to take place for a three-power conference, when Nehru arrives.

Buring lunch, Tito and Nasser toasted one another -

The Prime Minister of India is in West Germany - for talks with Chancellor Adenauer and other ten figures in the West German government. Nehru was met at the airport by the Chancellor - and then driven to the swank Petersburg Hotel - formerly had where the allied command used to have its headquarters.

The rest of the day was spent in the usual courtesy calls - with Adenauer playing host to Nehru at a state dinner this evening.

Chancellor will try to persuade the Indian Premier - that

there is no hope of settling the cold war - as long as Germany

is divided. Nehru haen't said what he intends to push for during these West German talks. But the surmise is - that he wants Adenauer's backing for his plan - to let Red China anto the U.N.

Nehru will remain in Bonn over the weekend - until

Hen on

Tuesday: when he leaves for Yugoslavia - and a conference with

Tito and Egypt's Nasser.

SHAH FOLLOW NEHRU

Meanwhile, the Shah of Iran and his Queen have returned home - after eighteen days in the Soviet Union. Shell Mohamed Rezi Pahlevi and Queen Soraya - flying into Teheran today.

The report is that the Shah neturned Evidently, the Shah came home as strongly pro-western — as when it he left for Moscow. During his stay in the Russian capital, he repeated that his country would remain a member of the Baghdad pact, he we heard how the Red bosses of the Kremlin told him he was making Iran a tool of western aggression. To which — and how the Shah promptly retorted that the Baghdad-Pact—nations came together strictly for common defense - and that no one could believe these nations were crast enough to attack the Soviet Union.

His relations with Khrushchev and co z so cool, that no communique was issued. - indicating that no concrete agreements were arrived at.

Back in Iran today, the Shah merely said that his trip had strengthened commercial ties between Iran and Russia.

Here's a follow up to last week's story from

Nepal - when we heard that a revolt against the government

had been crushed. Now, the leader of the United Democratic

Party, K. I. Singh, says that Red China was behind the

attempted revolt.

K.I. Singh, speaking in Katmandu, summarized the situation by saying, "China is very much worried - because of the friendly relations between Nepal and Tibet."

In Viet Nam - there was a strange ceremony today typical of that Indo Chinese country, where the religious
sects fought with the National Army until very recently.

Today's ceremony was an execution - of a very special type,
when General Bacut was put to death - for treason.

General Ba Cut deserted from the regular army - to join the religious sect known as the boa Hao. He rose to the top - and became a General - stilty of rebellion against the government of Premier Diem.

General Ba Cut swore that he would let his hair grow until his country was united once again. And it was ken down over his shoulders- when he was captured a few weeks ago. Well, one part of today's ceremony was a hair-cut for the general. He was led to a guillotine - in a cemetery. There, the men of Premier Diem snipped off his hair - taking away the symbol of his rebellion. And then he was decapitated. We that famous French instrument—the guillotine, introduced when Indo China was still under the control of France.

A melodramatic story - about an escape from behind the Iron Curtain - telling of a gun battle in an airliner.

The plane was flying inside Hungary, when six of the fifteen passengers ordered the pilot at pistol point - to fly to freedom in West Germany. The report is that the anti-Communists shot and killed two Red police agents in the plane. But, as of now, it isn't clear just what happened.

Except - that the Red Hungarian plane landed at the ge German city of Ingolstadt - with anti-Communists in command.

AIR CRASH

An air crash - at Fort Dix, New Jersey. Military plane, with sixty-four men aboard, coming to grief - a few minutes after a take off. The plane striking the ground in a wooded area. First reports indicate - "at least thirty-five casualties". Which presumably would include lives lost and persons injured.

From Bogota, Colombia, comes word of a solemn pronouncement by the Columbian Academy - an August body of authorities on language - they say the government should do some something about the barbarous methods of advertising that are now so popular. In particular, the academicians object to foreign words. What kind of words? Well, one brand of cigars calls itself "El Blue Jean Perfecto." And a restaurant has hanging in its window a sign that reads: "Hot dogs and hamburgers."

That doesn't sound like classical Spanish. And the academicians say the city of Bogota should invoke an old ordinance - providing for a fine of twenty dollars for advertising in a foreign language. If Bogota follows the advice of the Academy, that will be the end of "El Blue Jean Perfecto" and "Hot dogs and hamburgers." I wonder how you'd say them in Spanish.

BURGESS

The Turncoat British diplomat Guy Burgess, was interviewed in Moscow today. The interviewer, his mother.

The London report is that Burgess arranged the trip - through the Soviet Foreign Ministry - where he is now employed.

The steel strike? No change. Today's meeting of the negotiators lasted for several hours and then recessed until Monday.