SLAUGHTER LT-Sun-PAG- Thursday- nov. 7, 1946

One Democrat blames everything apon National Chairman Bob Hannegan. Congressman Roger Slaughter, purged in the Missouri Primaries, put out a three page statement urging the President to fire Hannegan from the Cabinet, and, to request his resignation as National Chairman.

"Hannegan and runin," said Salughter, "have been synonymous in Democratic affairs in Missouri. He has brought the Democratic Party in Missouri to the lowest ebb it has ever experienced," said Blaughten.

For the first time since the Reconstruction

Period, there will be two Republican Senators from the

"show-me"State. And, by the way, the purging of Slaughter

cost the Democrats that seat. The man who won the

Primaries was backed by the President, by the Pendergast

ansas Machine, and by the U.I.O. - P.A.C., lost out to

Albert Reeves, Jr., a Republican. This happened in a

district which had been Democratic for decades.

Its Leaders had claimed to be able to swing the decisive vote in the election of at least one hundred Congressmen.

Their Candidates lost out by a shift of only two to five per cent of the voters in certain districts. But this won't happen again, say the leaders of the Political Action Committee. They are already starting a program to turn the pendulum the other way, to secure the election of a pro-labor President in Nineteen Forty-Eight. There will be a meeting tomorrow of C.I.O. and Pregression.

Leaders in Washington. They will formulate plans for closer cooperation between the C.I.O. and the so-called liberal groups.

But while the P.A.C. was making these plans one of the top ranking C.I.O. Leaders reported a program to drive the Communist element the C.I.O. before the Nineteen Forty-Eight campaign, or at least to muzzle it. This the backing of Phila Murray, President of the C.I.O, who is a Roman Catholic and consequently communist. It is reported a that, at the next C.I.O. Convention will deliver an anti-Communist speech more biting than any he has yet uttered.

Republican Leaders today began to face the responsibilities of their victory by making plans to organize Congress. Most of them agreed that Senator Vandenberg of Michigan, Dean of the Republicans in the Upper House, will be President of the Senate and also have the Chairmanship of the important foreign Relations Committee. Senator Vandenberg today received congratulations from the President Pro-Tem of the Senate, Senator \*\*Ckellar\* of Tennessee, who prophesied that Republican Vandenberg will make a fine presiding officer.

Taft of Ohio presumably will be majority

leader of the Senate. Senator Taft says he hopes to cut

thirteen billion dollars off Uncle Sam's expenses

next year, -- and, reduce income taxes by twenty per cent.

Representative Knutson of Minnesota, next Chairman of

Ways and Means Committee has the same idea. In fact, these

two G.O.P. Leaders are even talking about such an

incredible miracle as a balanced budget, something some

of us feared we'd never see again.

Senator Taft lost no time in denying the

Democratic Campaign charges that a Republican victory would mean a turn back to reaction. He assures us that the Republicans will not put an end to social services, nor to federal expenditures for social services. "But," \*\*xx\* said he, "with a twenty-five billion dollars budge, we cannot do too much."

Senator Taft himself will offer a bill to provide medical aid on a federal scale. This to cost two hundred and fifty million dollars which is quite a contrast to the bill offered by Senators Murray and Wagner and supported by the White House, which would cost the taxpayers between five and six billion, and said Taft, would mean complete socialization.

Democratic leaders including the Secretary of the Treasury, have repeatedly told us that the country can not afford to reduce taxes, now. But Senator Taft, in Chicago today, insisted that the Republicans intend to reduce the Federal budget within two years -- ta reduce it to no more than twenty-five billion dollars. And that would be eighteen billions

below the present budget. Which would mean a tremendous reduction in taxes. At the same time, Taft declined to say that this year's taxes are too high. He pointedout that our present high taxes now take more than fifty billion dollars a year out of our income; one-third of the national income.

In reducing federal expenditures, Senator

Taft says he doesn't propose to include any further reduction of our occupation forces abroad.

One thing of which we can be sure is that

that the Republicans will wipe out, or at any rate

reduce, many of the federal controls that still hold

over from the war. Apparently with no opposition from the

Democrats. In fact one Democratic Senator came out today

with a demand that President Truman call a special session

of Congress, immediately, to get rid of all war emergency

agencies. This from Senator Chavez of New Mexico, who

just squeezed through in a hard fight to hold his seat.

ne finally seems to have won out over Former Secretary

of War Pat Hurley.

President Truman hasn't yet declared the recent world war over. And that has enabled him to retain the special powers that were given to President Roosev4t. Congress, can if it chooses revoke those powers and declare the war over.

Taft also made the remark today that is being made by all the Republicans, that the people, on election day, voted as they did because they are tired of having federal controls over their daily lives. He went on to say that some control of credit is useful in fighting against in lation or deflation. And, in this connection he remarked that we inxix must get busy and do something about the cyclical recurrence of depressions.

still has no comment to make on the suggestion from

Democrat Senator Fulbright that he appoint a Republican as Secretary of State and then that the Truman himself chall resign. I wonder if anyone takes the idea seriously? The New York State Republican paper, today described the Fulbright suggestion as fantastic.

About the only other Republican comment came from Representative Charlie Halleck of Indiana, who said the idea was un-American; that we don't choose our Presidents by subterfuge. Mebbe so, \*\*\*\* But we do want efficient and responsible government. And can we get it with one party in control of the executive branch of our government and the other party in control of the legislative? \*\*Even if both sides are bursting with good will. The point is, who is going to accept the responsibility?

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## ADD ELECTION

Some southerners - a few seem worried. For instance, Governor Ellis Arnall of Georgia believes that Anti-Lynch laws will be pushed through Congress. and that the South will become the whipping boy of the country. And Virginius Dabney, Editor of the Richmond, Virginia Times Dispatch says it looks as though the South will be in the political doghouse, But, many other southern leaders, including, various Governors were less pessimistic. They opined that the Republicans would be much too busy trying to maintain harmony, and too busy preparing for the Nineteen Forty-eight elections, to give the South any rough headling

Our delegation to the U N today submitted a program for trusteeship of the Islands once mandated to the Japanese. At the same time, it was made quite clear that no matter what action the U N takes, Uncle Sam intends to hold those islands.

the Trusteeship Committee, was the official spokesman.

When newspapermen asked him: supposing the United

Nations Assembly rejects Uncle Sam's proposal of

Dulles

trusteeship, what then? / Replied: "The territory

will continue in de-facto control of the present

administrative body". Meaning we'll hold the islands

whether or no.

the United States will have the right to maintain Army and Navy bases on the islands, and close off part or all of them, at any time. The only difference between Trusteeship proposal and outright annexation, being that trusteeship guarantees the inhabitants of the islands certain political and social independence.

One of the minor results of the war has been the shortage of pepper. It took a food inspector of the State of Georgia to discover that some enterprising souls have been putting out a phoney pepper like the German ersatz papper. Agents of the Georgia Government noticed big signs at stores advertising pure black pepper. Now, they knew there was actually no pepper on the market, at any rate in Georgia. So the inspectors investigated.

salt, cornstarch, cotton-seed hulls, flavored with a tiny dash of oil of pepper. The Georgia food inspectors promptly confiscated all the cases they could find, and will burn them in the incinerators.

It all happened in Colorado. The forces of law getting their men in a pre-dawn raid, just like in the movies.

a cabin in the Colorado hx wilds, creeping through underbrush and deep snow, partially obscured in the early dawn by a blinding blizzard. Flattening themselves against the cabin wall they covered the door and all the windows with their automatics and sub-machine guns. Then they kicked in the cabin door.

The F B I men carried in their pockets charges of kidnapping, brought by a Virginia taxi driver. The F B I had trailed their men across the continent -- from Virginia to Colorado. A dramatic chase that began on October twenty-seventh when cab driver Harold Crawford reported he had been robbed of three hundred and forty-seven dollars in cash at Jewell Valley, Virginia, kidnapped and taken to West Virginia.

And now Ernest Short and Edward Hillyer, are

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on their way back to West Virginia right to face federal trial for kidnapping.

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## AGED EDITOR

For the first Thursday in thirty-eight years. George E. Gee, of Powers Lake. North Dakota failed to put the "powers Lake Herald" to bed tonight. Nor did he lock up the matrixes and start the presses folling. For George Gee, the nation's oldest active newspaper wides editor, has turned his newspaper over to his grand-daughter.

But the two-hundred pound editor and printer, who has been handling type for eighty-two years, isn't through yet. He says he'll be around to give advice, for many many years.

Now about that bug-a-boo of "push-button" warfare, with the next war a nightmare of deathto dealing rockets and radio-controlled missiles filling the skies. Well, it won't happen that way not for a long time. So said John Northrop in Los Angeles tonight. And Northrop, President of the Aircraft Company which bears his name, is regarded as one of the farsighted men of the aircraft industry. The Northrop organization has already built the "Flying Wing" the P-Seventy-Nine "Flying Ram" pursuit ship, and other unconventional aircraft besides pioneering in the manufacture of guided missiles.

According to Northrop, the era of "pushbutton" warfare is still far, far in the future.

"The United States has no effective long range guided missiles" he tells us, "and has only gone a short way in developing short range ones. It will be two to five years before we have guided missiles worthy of the name."

Should any war come within the next decade,

## PUSH-BUTTON WAR - 2

Northrop feels that it will be won by bombers now built or building.

The main problem of guided missiles right now, is -- well, it's guiding them. Radar control is effective, only up to two hundred miles. Radio control is unreliable over long distances and if mother planes are going to accompany the missiles, then they might just as well carry the bombs.

The Army Air Force got itself a new record today. The good ship Pacusan Dreamboat flew from Seattle, Washington to Miami in eight-hours-and-thirty-four minutes. The distance, three-thousand,-a-hundred-and-fifty-miles, non-stop.

Even more interesting is a flight achieved at Danbury, Connecticut, **Q** flying motor car took off from the ground and cruised over Danbury at a hundred and twenty miles an hour, for upwards of half an hour. The name of the man who developed this new though long promised departure in aircraft, has an appropriate historic ring:-Robert Fulton, Jr., descendant of the man who invented the first American steamboat.

The car is an aluminum bodied convertible.

It has already gone some four thousand miles on the road.

Fulton drove it to the airport, locked wings and fuselage onto it, also a three bladed propeller. That three-bladed propeller pulled it into the air after a run of only four hundred feet, and everything went as smoothly as you could ask.

When he finished cruising, he brought his craft down to a four-point four-wheel landing, taxied to the side of the airport, disconnected two locks while sitting in the driver's seat, and the minks wings and fuselage came off in one piece.

With the turn of another lock, the propeller came off. Whereupon, Robert Fulton drove off to his office.

The wings and fuselage unit - that part of it has three wheels of its own and can be parked at the airport. Fulton says the design has been made so simple even a woman can take it apart and put it together - for either flight or road purposes.

And why shouldn't a woman be able to do it if a mere man can? The body is lighter than a Ford,
with seat space for two people, rear wheel drive, and
practically unlimited road speed so we hear. The
inventor \*\*\* estimates that in the air it can travel
four hundred miles on thirty gallons of gas.on Dynafael, \*\* em Bugh Melson, can we sell
you and automobile with wings?

It did not take the Italian Government long to reject Jugoslav Marshal Tito's offer for a horse trade Gorizia for Trieste. Nothing doing on that, replied the Cabinettat Rome, But, the fact that the Jugoslavs made the in itself hopeful. It may open up prospects for negotiations, on a different basis Gorizia, however, is an integral part of Italian territory and has been so recognized unanimously by the Big Four Foreign Ministers. RItalian Foreign Minister Nenni said that if Tito desires to examine all problems between Italy and Jugoslavia in conjunction with general peace negotiations, Italy is favorably inclined to negotiate directly with Jugoslavia in the hope of an understanding and a lasting peace to be guaranteed by the Allied Nations.

which he has not got, naming Trieste, for Gorizia, which is definitely Italian. But, the idea seems to be that if a Communist offers a compromise of any kind, that's news.

Meanwhile, Secretary of State Byrnes had a

long, earnest and private conversation in New York with the Foreign Minister of Jugoslavia. This provoked the hope that the Big Four might soon be able to break their deadlock. Byrnes has been nubbing the Jugoslavs for months, politely declining to have anything to do with them until they change their tune and attitude. But today he received not only the Foreign Minister, but also the Jugoslav Ambassador to Washington.

The world today again heard the word
"Democratic" repeated and emphasized, by Moscow. This
from Red Army Marshal Govorov, who during the war was
called the hero of Leningrad. His is the third statement
on Soviet policy within twenty-four hours. The Red
Marshal said & that the Soviet State is tirelessly
defending the principle of honest cooperation between
nations and fighting ceaselessly for a solid and
responsible democratic foundation.

Democratic foundation! -- One Soviet spokesman after another has been talking about Democracy in the last year as though the Soviet version of Democracy were the only true version.

And, he went on to may that the Soviet Union has the support of the wide masses of people throughout the world.

"Despite the efforts made by international reaction, "The Democratic world must conquer." Those were the Red Marshal's words.

At the same time he advocated "tightening

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military discipline and guarding the borders of the Soviet Union."

The German Zone occupied by the British is in a bad way. A dispatch from London reports that if something is not done about it, and that immediately, the Germans there are in for a winter of hunger and disease.

Sholto Douglas and flew to London today to make a personal plea to Prime Minister Attlee. The report is that he wants Attlee to ask Uncle Sam for help, as usual. The food situation in the British Zone is far more serious than in the part occupied by our own troops.