DISARMAMENT LT. R.S. Wed. Nov. 7. 5-1

ease the Cold War. (In Paris, today, a new program for world disarmament was suggested by Great Britain, France and the United States - and the plan is backed personally by President Truman, in a nationwide address on the radio tonight.)

The West calls for armament reduction to begin with a census of weapons - including atomic. Each country to make a disclosure of its military strength, including atom bombs.

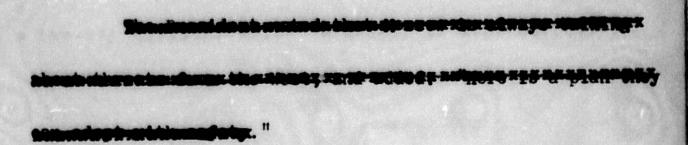
All - to be checked and verified by inspection, the U.N. to send investigation teams to the various countries - to make sure.

This, to be followed by an agreement for a limitation of armament - including atomic armament. The U.N. to preside over an agreement for the rate of disarmament in each country - and supervise the carrying out of such agreements. The Baruch Plan is mentioned - the plan proposed by the American elder statesman for an international control of atomic weapons, outlawing the atomic bomb.

The Western powers will present their program to
the General Assembly of the U.N., now meeting in Paris,
Which, of course, puts it up to Soviet Russia. Moscow is
making a loud propaganda for peace and disarmament - and this
the West now meets with sweeping suggestions for arms
reduction, especially atomic. What will Moscow reply?
Well, the Soviets have always rejected any sort of workable
inspection - which would disclose their own build-up of
military power, including atomic. And - "inspection" is the
keynote in today's proposal by the West.

ADD DISARMAMENT

address, put the matter in these words: "The Soviet
Government has at various times talked about reducing
armament, but they have never proposed an effective system
for finding out the facts." He said he hoped Moscow would
accept today's offer, and gave warning that we will not
weaken our own defenses until a foolproof disarmament program
is in practical effect.



MOSCOW -- FOLLOW "ADD DISARMAMENT"

Here's a late bulletin -- from Moscow. Soviet

Foreign Minister Gromyko, in a surprise move, summoned

the American Chargé d'Affaires to the Foreign Office in

the Xremlin, today. The meeting was for half an hour, and

the Moscow rumor is that Gromyko handed the American

Emissary -- an important communication. The whole thing

was out of the ordinary -- the more so because Moscow is

celebrating the anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution -
a two-day holiday, which, usually, is kept strictly.

A dispatch from Tokyo tells of a lot of busy thinking and confabulating at the U.N. headquarters - as American officers try to figure out the meaning of the latest Red proposal. The document is like a puzzle of ambiguous words - and they suspect an oriental hidden meaning.

The Red proposal is for the armistice line to be the battle-front. Which we, in fact, have demanded. But they want it to be the present battleline - and not the one at the time when an armistice is signed. Which, in effect, would freeze the battlefront where it is right now, no change. Guaranteeing the Communists against any new offensive - for as long a time as the truce talks might go on. Their own position on the warfront would be safeguarded.

There are other points to be decided - as, for emphatic example, the release of U.N. prisoners-of-war. Such matters could be prolonged indefinitely by

KOREA - TRUCE - 2

Red stalling tactics - and, meanwhile, the Communist army would be immune from attack. (That's the gimmick which the U.N. command suspects - and the overwhelming likelihood is that the clever Communist proposal will be rejected.)

SUBSTITUTE KOREA - WAR

Late news from the battlefront -- a big battle of tanks. The Reds -- launching a heavy attack in western Korea, supported by masses of armor. Which were immediately engaged by American tanks. This is the first big battle of the steel monsters reported since the early days of the Korean War.

Previous information today told of the Communists
abandoning hills they captured yesterday.

Now the supposition is that they withdrew from the hills -- to regroup for a new mass offensive, supported by tanks.

A mysterious orienta' disease has broken out among American troops in Korea.) Many soldiers have been stricken, patients flown to Japan - where spec 1 wards in hospitals have been set aside for victims of the strange epidemic. Army medical men are completely puzzled by the malady - an oriental disease that Western physicians have never seen before. They don't know what causes the sickness - what kind of germ, if any. They don't know how it's transmitted - or any method of treatment. They've tried sulpha drugs - no good. They've tried antibiotics - like penicillin. No result.

The only thing they know is the symptoms, the like of which they've never encountered before. Soldiers are stricken with fever, headache and hemorrhage - a bleeding below the skin, in the eyes, and in the internal organs. Which sounds terrifying, fantastic.

Well, there aren't many things we can imagine more fearful than the outbreak of some new, unknown disease - like



Korea. However, this one is no fatal, death dealing plague. Four-fifths of the cases recover rapidly. - after the first cases of the fever and blacking. In the more severe cases, there are symptoms of a kind of poison - which continue for some time.

The Army medical men can make only one guess - and this was stated today by the chief surgeon of the U.N.forces in Korea, Brigadier General William Shambora. He said the malady might be one that afflicted the Japanese Army in Manchuria before the Second World War. This was what the chief surgeon calls - an "epidemic homoprhagic fever."

The Japanese called it "Manchurian Fever." The symptoms were much the same, and the Japanese doctors were equally puzzled.

Shamborn summarizes as follows: "The Japanese," he says,
"believed the disease was due to a filterable virus, carried
by the field mouse and transmitted by the bite of a mite

(some sort of tick), small

the mouse. So there you have one of those familiar cycles in the history of disease - like cholera, transmitted by lice from rats to human beings. In this case - from field mouse to human beings, via some kind of Asiatio mite or tick.

Moreover the sickness that hit their army was in Manchuria called "Manchurian Pever." Which was never known to exist in Korea But the American doctors thank it may have been brought into Korea by the Chinese Reds, invading from Manchuria.

In any case, the headline is - mysterious oriental epidemic among the soldiers in Korea. But it's nothing fatal, nothing too serious. The doctors' report being - patients recover quickly.

SUBSTITUTE IRAN

There is a late report that Iran is willing to sell ten million tons of oil per year to the British - but isdetermined to run those Iranian oilfields, This follows word that Premier Mossadegh, still in Washington, has turned down a suggestion that the Iranian Oil company be run by a foreign oil company, international, not all British. But Iran would like to make a deal to sell oil to the British.

government of Winston Churchill announced a policy of super-austerity. Conservative Chancellor of the Exchequer
R.A. Butler, gave the House of Commons a set of painful facts declaring that, last month alone, Britain ran at a deficit of
three hundred and twenty million dollars. Which would be at
the rate of nearly four billion in the red per year, if the
trend were allowed to continue. The
trend were allowed to continue. The
trend were allowed to continue. The
conomic aid helped to save the day.

The Churchill remedy is - cut the imports, reduce
the money spent abara abroad. Which means, less food, a
lower standard of living. This, declared the Chancellor of the
Exchequer, was necessary to keep Britain from going, in his
words - "bankrupt, idle and hungry." He didn't say that
Britain would again seek American aid, but hinted that this
might be the case.

VATICAL AMBASSADOR

In Washington, the first prominent Republican goes on record in the controversy our the appointment of an ambassador to the Vatican. Senator Alexander Smith of New Jersey is - against the nomination. the ground - that it would recognize the Vatican as a sovereign State, in the same category as other sovereign states. He says he favors what he calls "effective. lisison" with the Papal court in Rome, but says this could be done through a minister serving as a personal representative of the President. As in the case - of Myron Taylor, named by the late President Roosevelt as his personal emissary to the Vatican.

Sonator Smith is a member of the Republican

Policy-Making Committee and of the Sepate Foreign

Relations Committee - which will consider the President's

pomination of General Mark Clark to the Vatican

Republicans are hailing the result of yesterday's elections, in which they scored a number of successes in various parts of the country. Most of these were in city contests for mayor - with emphasis on Indianapolis, home town of the new Democratic National Chairman, Frank McKinney.

He campaigned personally for the Democrat - who, however, was defeated for mayor. Also, Little Rock, Arkansas - where the G.O.P. won out for mayor, in a city of the Solid South.

One oddity was in Newark, where a baseball star ran for the State Assembly - Monty Irvin, the hard-hitting Negro outfielder of the New York Giants. He lost out, along with the rest of the Essex County Democratic ticket.

Democratic leaders in Washington are not saying much - pointing chiefly to Philadelphia, that Republican stronghold which elected its first Democratic Mayor in more than sixty years.

In New York, neither the Democrats nor the Republicans won - the Big City giving a victory to a

Liberal-Independent candidate. Rudolph Halley - whose political rise traces to that famous television crime investigation, in which he appeared as the prosecutor of the underworld. His victory is another bad blow for Tammany Hall, so long the dominating powerin the politics of New York City - and there is an immediate outcry for a shake-up in the Democratic organization.

RISENHOVER

In Washington, premonition of BineteenPifty-Ewo with the appearance of - campaign buttons.
Also - campaign neckties. These were displayed today
in the office of Senator Duff of Pennsylvania. Sent
to him unsolicited - by novelty dealers anticipating
presidential year trade. Senator Duff's choice for
the Republican nomination is well known, so it is not
surprising to learn that the campaign buttons and
neckties carry the following slogan: "I like Ike."
Which is a resounding play on the principal vowel
of the mme - Eisenhower.

A strange arrest at Santa Barbara,

California - where an Associate Professor of Sociology
at Santa Barbara State College, Dr. Gwynn Hettler,
was charged with burglary. He is accused of having
stolen furniture from wealthy homes to furnish his own
bachelor apartment - to please the girl friend. She,
gives the information against him - while he claims
that she brought the stolen furniture to his apartment.

And now - pity the poor engineer. Tonight, his woes and sorrows are described by a foremost authority - Herbert Hoover, who was a top ranking engineer before he achieved political eminence and became President of the United States.

Columbia University is launching a campaign to build a multimillion dollar engineering center, and at a meeting today the former President described himself as - an engineer who "back-slided onto the slippery path of public life."

Then he told of the woes of an engineer, in the following

Then he told of the woes of an engineer, in the following witty words: "If he makes a mistake, he cannot, like the doctor, bury it in the grave. He cannot, like the architect, obscure it by trees and ivy. He cannot, like the lawyer - blame it on the judge or jury. He cannot, like the politician, claim his constituents demanded it.

Unlike the clergyman," Herbert Hoover concluded, "he cannot blame it on the devil."

So, pity the poor engineer.

and recorded in this country. A fireball blinding in brilliance and exploding in the sky, with reverberations like thunder, so violent as to break windows on the ground.

At Oklahoma City, a municipal employee says: "It came out of the west, streaked across the sky, then disappeared with a boom like a clap of thunder."

A bus driver, Lloyd Peek, thought it might be a rocket - flashing through the heavens. "Then," says the bus driver, "there was a deafening explosion and blinding light. It seemed like it was right above the bus." He had to stop, until he was able to see again - blinded by the glare.

At Fort Worth, an amateur astronomer, Oscar Monnig, thinks that when seen first by observers, the meteor was thirty or forty miles high - and exploded at an altitute of about fifteen thousand feet. Great speed and the friction of the air making an end to the visitor from out of space.

the Army today. This one, in Oklahoma - where a new recruit produced a bewildering parade of Freezes.

Reporting for duty at Oklahoma City, he gave his name as - Tonsillitis Jackson. They thought he was be kidding.

But Tonsillitis Jackson explained that, when he was born, his mother had a sore throat, so she named the baby accordingly - Tonsillitis. To which he added that he has five younger brothers and sisters, named - Meningitis Jackson, Appendicitis Jackson, Laryngitis.

Jackson, naming the eldest after a some throat - whites baptized the others according to other maladies in the Jackson family. Quite an assortment - like a doctor's dictionary. But imagine baby talk, spoken to the inswedie Ria, little darlings - "Peritonitis, come to mana."

Nelson - how would you like to bear the name - Languagitic Case?

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