STRIKES I.J. Sunoco, Thursday, Feb. 7, 1946. (Falm Beach)

wage put price plan which the government is drawing up, will be made public in a few days. He explains that the arrangement to increase prices at to offset wage increases -- will not be of as general and sweeping character as had been supposed. It will not be a pattern for a stabilization policy. It will be designed to settle the immediate crisis - - the strikes

The confident word is that the new wageprice strike decision will promptly an end the steel
strike. In fact, the word is that the union and the
company have agreed upon a new contract and with are
ready to announce their settlement -- as soon a the
government decision is made possible.

Meanwhile, there is promise of a speedy end of the tug-boat strike in New York -- the walk-out that he has produced a winter crisis in the metropolis. New York's fuel supply, coal and oil, is brought in by tug -- and the strike has hit at a most vital spot in frosty winter. Mayor O'Dwyer has

proclaimed an emergency. To save fuel, Brancax

Broadway was dimmed out last night -- as in war time.

Schools were ordered closed, and Navy men and Marines

took over the job of running tugs to bring in the

emergency fuel.

Meanwhile, the house of representatives has passed the Case bill to curb strikes. This measure provides for a thirty day cooling off period and for penalties to be imposed on both unions and companies for violation of contract. Also, -- other clauses which make the bill one of the most rigorous anti-strike measures ever before congress. The bill now goes to the Senate.

The U N O is in another storm. One tempest subsiding; and another promptly blows up. Last night, we heard how the Soviets had withdrawn their charges against the British on the subject of Greece. all seemed to be sweetness and light. But, promptly, today, a new accusation was entered against the British -- because of what they've been doing in AND Indonesia. Strictly speaking, the Complaint was entered by the Ukrainian delegation. The Exprising Ukraine is part of Soviet Russia -- the Soviets having three votes in the Assembly of the U N O. One for the Moscow Soviets, another for White Russia and another for the Ukraine. In/effect, it was Stalin's regime thro -- the chief delegate for the Ukrainians, charged that British military intervention in Indonesia constituted a violation of the charter of the U N O and was a threat to the peace of the world.

The Indonesian business had been tied with the question of Greece, with the Soviets complaining about both. And, with Kussian delegate Vishinski withdrawing the charge anent Greece, it want was hoped

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that nothing would be heard about Indonesia. But plenty was heard today.

The British reaction to the Ukrainian accusation was vigorous and blunt -- as blunt accusation was vigorous vigorous accusation was vigorous vigor

Van Kleffens, who pointed out that the Metherlands had not the military forces to take Indonesia over from the Japs -- when Japan surrendered. So, the Dutch government had asked Great Britain to do the job -- this with the sanction of General MacArthur.

Then, as we know, the native Indonesians proceeded to stage an uprising against the British troops, when

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these went in.

The Security Council of the U N O was

no little perturbed by this new outbreak of trouble,
and adjourned today's session without taking any
action on the subject of Indonesia.

It begins to look as though the present session of the UNO would be dedicated mostly to dealing with accusations made by the Soviets. Maybe the Russians figure that the way to ward off Complaints against their own conduct is to keep the UNO busy with charges hurled by themselves.

What's likely to happen in the case of this latest? We don't know, of course. We can only look back to yesterday, to what happened in the Greek business. We may note that the Soviet withdrawal of charges really has gave "oscow a compromise. The British were wanting to get a Security Council vote exhonerating them. That They didn't like the American compromise, according to which the whole thing would merely have been passed over without a vote --

evading the issue. Then the Soviets doctored up

the American compromise -- andxxxxthax their withdrawal

of charges being a means for keeping the question

from coming to a vote. The British accepted the

compromise -- with the Soviet backdown, and everybody

was happy that a vote was not forced -- because the

Soviets would have cast their veto against any

decision to exhonerate Great Britain.

And me now go into the same sort of thing all over again me -- Indonesia this time. And, more than ever, the Soviet veto will hang over the proceedings -- that sword of Damocles. The it is now developing, the veto problem becomes a curious twister. The Soviets bringing an accusation against the British but am if the council wants to find the British not guilty, the Soviets will veto that. They claim right to cancel out such a decision. if they don't like it. But suppose the council wanted to find Great Britain guilty. Well, the British could veto that -- having the same right as the Soviets. there's the logic which proceeds from the veto idea, a vote of not guilty can be vetoed by the vation the power making charges, while a vote of guilty can be vetoed by the power making charges, while a vote of guilty can be vetoed by the particular under accusation. We might call it a Chinese puzzle only that would be an injustice to the Chinese. They never invented anything as weird as that. The Proceeding can veto an acquittal, while the Defendant can veto a conviction.

In Moscow a significant address was made today by Foreign Commissar Molotov, who denounced what he called -- "dangerous tat talk of a third world war". Molotov declared that suppositions of another global conflict were being encouraged in non-communist countries -- the wicked capitalist countries. And it must be confessed that a lot of people do talk about the possibility of a future war with Soviet Russis so soon after the end of World War Number Two. Molotov says that this is dangerous it is. Or, is it the talk that's dangerous --/the conditions that bring about the talk? The Soviet Foreign Commissar, in his adm address today, went on to make reference to what the news dispatch calls* ---*hundreds of thousands of anti-Russian troops maintained in Germany, Italy and Austria. Such anti-Soviet troops would, of course, be maintained by the United States and Great Britain Nelster III Inking a complaint about the Polish army that has fought so bravely under British command during the war. Polish

natrints

patriot forces under who battled against the Nazis, who were opposed to the deal that gave half of prewar Poland to the Soviets, and who refused to go home to a country ruled by what they claim is a communist controlled government.

I wonder whether these anti-communist

Polish forces are likely to become a new theme of
international dispute? Molotev's references today

might will be an intimation of future Soviet demands -the U N O, perhaps. The foreign commissar doesn't

not talk about something in an official address for
the mere exercise of his voice.

And now what do we find as a quick follow up to that? A charge that the American Army in Germany has armed and is using Jugoslavs who collaborated with the Mazis. That is -- Jugoslavs who refuse to return to their country under its present government run by communist Marshal Tito; in effect, anti-communist Jugoslavs. They are being used, it is claimed as guards at camps for displaced persons.

The accusation is made by Jugoslav military mission now in Frankfurt -- sent by Marshal Tito.

The mi commission adds that the Americans have likewise armed and are using pumperious Poles as camp guards -- Poles who refuse to return to their country. That is, anti-communists.

U N O - INFORMATION

The American delegation to the U N O is about to enter a proposal for freedom of information. During the present session, the Americans are going to start action to bring about a system whereby the people of the world will be enabled to learn about the transactions of the internation organization -without censorship or restriction. In other words freedom of news. This comes in a dispatch from London, which adds that Soviet Russia is -- opposed. The Soviet delegates have intimated that they are against the idea of giving out open and candid information -- the freedom of news of what's going on.

France has joined in the opposition to the Stanford-Greenwich area as the permanent site recommended for the U N O. The French delegates, in their argument today, brought up the angle that the Stanford-Greenwich neighborhood is in the environs of New York. What's wrong with that? What's the matter with the big town? The French reply by stating that New York City has too many foreign colonies. To which we can only respond -- yes, it's one of the thin interesting things about the westers metropolis, that you can go from one part of town to another and find neighborhoods of many nationality including French. A trip around New York can be like wisit to foreign countries all over the world

A French elegate stated today that the foreign colonies of New York, being so near to the world organization, would inflict the U N O with what he called "exasperated nationalisms". I suppose he meant that foreign national groups in the metropolis would get excited by the proximity of the world

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Stanford-Greenwich way -- not a long trip, and not much car fare. And the stately delegates, pondering on global affairs, would be beset by the exasperated nationalisms, from New York which would be exasperating

The Chief Searchery of the Japanese Cabinet

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YAMASHITA

The Chief Secretary of the Tokyo Cabinet
gave official Japanese approval today to General
"acArthur's refusal to intervene in the case of
Yamashita. That seals the doom of the Japanese General
convicted of responsibility for the murderous outrages
of his troops in the Philippines. MacArthur orders
the sentence of death and be carried out on
Yamashita -- hanging.

The Chief Secretary of the Japanese Cabinet states that MacArthur's decision is -- fair and just and he adds that atrocities probably will never be committed again by Japanese commanders.

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There's a new angle in that famous flight to Britain made by Rudolf Hess. From the time when the Nazi Deputy Fuehrer bailed out of his plane, and came down by parachute in Scotland, people have wondered. What was it all about? Why did Hess, the Deputy Fuehrer to Hitler, go on such a crasy expedition?

We have head heard that Hess went on a private mission, on his own, to inform the British war leaders that "azi Germany was about to stack Soviet Russia. So, would the British please step out of the war and get give Hitler a chance to knock out Stalin? That seemed goofy enough. And in fact, Hess, now on trial at Muremberg, showed signs of being a bit cracked. Today's account makes him appear even crazier than that. At the Nuremberg trial it was disclosed today that Hess, upon Islanding in Britain, tried to warn the British leaders against the United sought to into makingpeace by convincing the British that the Americans had designs on the British Empire -- and certainly intended to annex Canada. It must have b

Hess's own personal inspiration. I don't believe

the Hitler in his wildest intuition ever concocted
a scheme we as weird as that -- trying to frighten

Britain into submission by warning the British against
the designs of the United States.

A companion piece for that was another bit of evidence introduced at Muremberg today, documents showing that in Max Mineteen Forty-one, the top Maxi leaders ridiculed the American am armament program, calling it -- "the greatest bluff in history." In a comparatively short time the Maxi commanders were to find American armament to be - the greatest mon-bluff in history.

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In the world of American communism, Earl Browder would seem to be -- out. Observers have wondered how long it would be before the downfall of Browder would be made complete -- expelled from the party, which is the ultimate banishment to the outer darkness for a Red. Today we have the answer.

Browder, whom the communists for years regarded as their shining knight, their party chief, their perennial candidate for President, the wartime exponent of the policy of lining up communism with capitalism to win the war. Then, the moment the man war was won -- out went that Browder pas policy, and in came the old fashioned class war. On dictation from Red authorities abroad, Browder was furiously denounced, and tossed out am as the party leader. So how long would it be before he was ejected from the party all together? One wondered how Earl Browder would take the treatment he got from the comrades -excoriated and reviled by party leaders who had been his close co-workers and friends.

Well, today a national board of the communist party declared that its former chief had become -- an advisor to big business. This charge was based on things printed about Browder in a magazine that he runs. The national board proclaimed that the Browder magazine was -- a political organ to combat the party line. And it recommended that Earl Browder be expelled from the communist party. What the national board of the communist party says is a good as law among the Reds -- and Browder is out. _ Counced out on his once very red ear. this back to you Hugh.

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