## GOOD EVENING EVERYBODY: -

word from Washington is that the federal government will press for heavy penalties against John L. Lewis -- an exceedingly stiff fine and a jail sentence. Some observers think that tomorrow the government will ask for a continuing fine of two hundred thousand dollars a day as long as the strikers go on. This as a heavy blow against the finances of Lewis and his union, the three million dollar fund that the United Mine Workers are known to have.

The court today Din finding Lewis guilty.

announced a most unusual step. The judge said he would delay pronouncing sentence for twenty-four hours, and tomorrow would consult with the attorneys on both sides, consult them on what kind of penalty to inflict on this country's healine was union leader.

It was apparent in court today that John L. Lewis expected a conviction, because all through the proceedings he kept fingering a manuscript - and this turned out to be a prepared statement, which he read in answer to the verdict of the court. No sooner had Judge Goldsborough announced his finding of guilty, than the burly chief of the mine workers arose, and asked marmine: permission to speak. The judge nodded - Yes. Whereupon Lewis put on his glasses and started to read the statement that he had been holding in readiness all the time - the paper that he had been fingering in expectation.

Lewis reply to the verdict of guilty was a little demanciation of the injunction that he defied.

By harked back to labor's long time opposition to the use of injunctions in stopping strikes - and two laws enacted to check what he called "government by

injunction. " One, the Clayton Act. The other the Norris-LaGuardia Act. He oited the terms of the latter, a flat prohibition of injunctions in labor disputes. Judge Goldsborough, of course, had ruled that the Norris-LaGuardia Act did not apply to the government, but only to private employers - the union contending that it did. Lewis repeated that contention, and went on to refer to the demand he made in asking the government to reopen its contract with the union a demand for shorter hours with the same pay. He said the miners were required to work nine hours a day, six days a week - and he described this as - "a deadly, brutal fifty-four hour work-week-underground.

All this Lewis declaimed in his usual gruff, portentous tone, darkand deep. He referred to the Constitution, and proclaimed: "As citizens, the miners and I, stand upon the rights guaranteed in the

verdict, will be announced tomorrow, will be appealed to the Supreme Court. That's expected to take five or six days - during which the strike will continue.

The Lewis court speech today indicated clearly that he will not call off the strike - even if he is sent to jail.

Prospects of some sort of compromise of the strike were diminished considerably today - with the resignation of the President of the Southern Coal Mine Owners, former Senator Burke. His resignation is regarded as being the result of his proposal - that the government ask Lewis to declare a strike truce, while the union negotiated directly with the coal operators, leaving the government out.

Compromise and was regarded as appeasement of Lewis.

This was the more peculiar, because, as President of the Southern Coal Owners Association, former SEMMENTERN Senator Burke had been a sharp critic and antagonist of Lewis. During negotiations, they had wrangled bitterly, and the story is that at a conference last year, the two were about to start swinging a punches at each other and friends had to intervene to stop a fist fight

proposal which was considered as appeasement of Lewis, a large that proposed way out was promptly denounced and today section of the Eval owners. Out today Burke resigned. The reason why he steps out is not stated, but the Goal Owners Association promptly issued

between Lewis and Burke. Yet now there was a Burke

stated, but the Goal Owners Agsociation promptly issued a declaration rejecting any idea of negotiating with the union until the miners have returned to work.

Meanwhile, the national supply of soft coal is fading rapidly. The current cold snap has doubled consumption, and the danger point is near. Figures given cast today show that the number of people thrown out of work by the soft coal strike has now mounted to more than half a million. Cities are hard hit - Denver the hardest. The capital of Colordo reports that its corl supplies are exhausted, and many apartment buildings are without heat. All schools in Denver were closed today, and city officials warned that the crisis of no heat will bring

near-disaster this coming weekend.

And, the coal shortage is so serious for the railroads, that today the Interstate Commerce Commission put an embargo on all freight shipments, except vital necessities. And the Post Office Department ordered a drastic limitation of the size and weight of parcel post packages mailed for Christmas -- all in order to save coal.

Auto companies announce the freight embargo will force them to close their plants in a few dyas -- throwing a ½ million out-of work.

In-Washington, saix a call is issued for President Truman to make a personal appeal to the coal miners. Senator Johnson of Colorado today urged the President to go on the radio with a fireside chat -- and ask the miners to go back and start digging coal immediately.

## TRUMAN

At his afternoon press conference the President told the reporters that in his message to the new Congress, he will call for a revision of government labor policies. That he will urge labor policy changes in the strongest possible terms.

only the most essential services are operating in Oakland, California, tonight, the city and surrounding fine tought area in the throes of a paralyzing general strike.

A.F. of L. workers are protesting what they allege to be police action in breaking picket lines, and C.I.O. unions have joined them in a sympathy walkout making the tie-up of Oakland and its metropolitan environs of more than one million population virtually complete.

Right now, only gas, electricity, and telephone service can be had in Oakland although vital deliveries to hospitals sanitation employees and necessary retailers, such as pharmacists, are not with their work.

For a time tonight, looked as if there might be trouble, serious trouble. Unionists, infuriated with police intervention in a local strike last Sunday, were massed in downtown Oakland. And in the basement of City Hall, special riot squads of police stood

## NEW LEAD OAKLAND STRIKE - 2.

by armed with tear gas bombs and masks -- ready for anything.

The trouble was averted, at least for the time being; but there seems to be little hope for an early end to the general strike in Oakland.

Wyatt, Housing Expediter, is resigning, resigning because President Truman has failed to re-affirm his authority.

in less than a week today, reportedly for a showdown his demand that Mr. Truman indorse plans for government loans to builders of assembly line houses. But for the second time, Wyatt came away without that indorsement.

All he would say to reporters after his meeting with the President was, "I didn't resign today."

resignation is inevitable, Wyatt being convinced that his Veterans Housing Program will not succeed unless his authority is bolstered substantially.

all the proceedings concerned Spain, that with one speaker after another denouncing Franco as a Fascist dictator. The differences of opinion concerned - what to do about Franco. American delegates urged a proposal that the U.N. ask Franco to quit in favor of a provisional government and, if that doesn't work, request the Spanish people to do something about it themselves.

From the Soviet side came the demand that all the United Nations break off diplomatic and economic relations with Spain - and isolate Franco with an embargo. There were American and British objections to this course - that a diplomatic and economic break would precipitate a civil war in Spain.

And Generalissimo Franco, never thick skinned when it comes to foreign **mixix** criticism, lodged a vehement protest today against the United Nations resolution -- a seven point rebuttal of allied charges against Spain.

The Spanish reply, delivered to the United
Stated Charge d'affaires in Madrid this afternoon, siad
the Spanish Dictator was "offended" by the United
Nations" action -- as well he might be.

Franco still claims his government is not

Fascist, but respects fundamental liberties. The Spansit

people, he adds, reject the claim that their regime does

not represent them by the fact that they have supported

it for ten mx years. Finally, Franco says that his

people enetgetically resent interference in their

internal affairs.

The news from Palestine brings a story of one of the weirdest of rescues - a Jewish terrorist taken at pistol point from a hospital at Tel Aviv.

He was one of three dustage members of the Stern Gang who tried to rob a cashier of the Polish Refugee Relief Fund. The cashier was carrying a satchel containing sixty thousand dollars, and that with him was a Jewish constable, acting as guard. They were in front of Barclay's Bank at Tel Aviv, when the Stern Gang gunnen struck. They began by hurling "scare" bombs, explosives that made a noise and drove passersby under cover. People on the street ducked as fast as they could but the Jewish constable guarding the cashier was of a different calibre. When, in the uproar of bursting "scare" bombs, the three Stern Gang members approached for the hold-up -- he pulled out his pistol, and shot One was killed, the two others wounded. them down.

These two were taken to a hospital, the Hadassah Hospital of Tel Aviv - and there one of them, today, was on the operating table, the doctors extracting bullets from the severely wounded man. And this was precisely the moment selected for a rescue.

The Stern Gang, of the Zionist underground, was determined to get its two wounded members out of the hands of the British authorities; and today they execute a desperate resource. There were two groups, One held up the guards on duty at the main door of the hospital, while another party of five men entered and proceeded to the operating room. They got there right in the middle of the operation, stalked in and held up the doctors at pistol point. They ordered the surgeons to go ahead with the operation - which the surgeins did. When they were through, the operation completed, the rescue party carried the patient out of the building -

through the front door, where guards were still being held up.

They took the wounded man in an automobile, and got away.

This, I should say, is the first case on record of doctors being held up in the middle of an operation, and the prisoner patient rescued.

There was a bitter debate in the London House of Commons today - so angry a wrangle that a Conservative M.P., who was also an Admiral, stalked out in towering indignation. What was it all about? Well, the wrathful argument summoned two figures out of the past, two figures of historic romance - Lord Nelson and Lady Hamilton. History tells of the long sentimental attachment between Britain's hero of the sea, and the woman who was the wife of a British diplomat stationed at Naples.

The House of Commons took up that ancient

moon-struck matter today, because of a Labor Party bill

to abolish the permanent pension left to the heirs of

Lord Nelson. In the glory days of Trafalgar, Parliament

voted a perpetual pension of twenty thousand dollars a

year, and this went to Lord Nelson's elder brother, his

heir, and has been paid to the descendants of that elder

brother ever since. Now the Labor Party wants to stop it but the British Navy objects - holding the Nelson pension to be a part of British naval tradition.

In the uproar today, Labor Party members argued
that in his last hours, dying in the midst of the victory
of Trafalgar, Lord Nelson was not thinking of his elder
brother, his legal heir - but of Lady Hamilton and the
daughter he had by her. The Communist N.P. declared:
\*The government in Eighteen Six was not prepared to
carry out Nelson's wishes - because Lady Hamilton was not
sufficiently respectable.\*

All of which was followed by angry protests
from the Conservative side - protests that the memory of
Britain's Admiral of greatest renown was being insulted.

Vice-Admiral Ernest Taylor, M.P., called out in angry
tones: \*These references to Lady Hamilton may be very

amusing, but may I ask that she be left to rest in peace?

## LORD NELSON 3

That sentiment of chivalry drew a laugh from the Labor side -- whereupon the Vice-Admiral member of Parliament arose in two towering wrath, and stalked out of the House of Commons.

And now from Lord Nelson-of-Traf-- to Lord Nelson-- of Ivory.

Daken from early Dec. 3 bc.

Ambassador to London - O. Max Gardner, now UnderSecretary of the Treasury. Gardner is a former
governor of Morth Carolina - and now succeeds Averill
Harriman, who quit his post as Ambassador to the Court
of St. James's to become Secretary of Commerce.

Oakland, Kalifornia, is having a general strike by the A.F. of L. And the result is so serious that the city government seems likely to put into effect a tim Disaster-Emergency Plan. One hundred thousand workers of the American Federation of Labor staged a walkout today, with the result that Oakland and its metropolitan area of time million people was paralyzed. All public transportation ceased, four newspapers had to suspend. Factories, shipyards, retail stores, restaurants and hotels closed down. This general strike of the A. F. of L. has the support of the C.I.D. unions too. C.I.O. workers refusing to pass wicket lines.

Even Santa Claus was picketed Oakland today. For more than thirty minutes, strikers prevented children from visiting St. Nick in the window of a department store. Finally, angry mothers and their tearful youngsters convinced the pickets that Santa wasn't unfair to anyone. The pickets gave way.

The London conference on India got off to a bad start today. Hind & leader Jawaharlal Nehru told Prime Minister Attlee that the Constituent Assembly must meet on schedule, December Ninth - for the purpose of drawing up a Constitution for independent India. He was equally definite in declaring to the Prime Minister that a separate Moslem state in India is out of the question - no chance that the Hindus will agree to Pakistan, which the Moslems demand.

All of which was contradicted completely by

Moslem leader Mohammed Ali Jinnah - who stated that the

Constituent Assembly must be postponed, indefinitely.

And Mohammed Ali Jinnah, President of the Moslem League,
is equally positive in repeating the Mohammedan demand

for a separate state, Pakistan.

How the British Cabinet can compromise these utterly opposing views is a question indeed -

especially in so short a time. Only six days are left before the scheduled opening of the Assembly, which is to frame the Constitution. Precious time was lost in travel delays from India. The conference was to be held. over the weekend, but the plane that carried the Viceroy Viscount Wavell, and the leaders of the Indian factions-broke down at Malta, which caused a loss of valuable time.

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