LETTER

LT. Deleo. Tues. Aug. 7 - 156.

Premier Bulganin, the text of which has just been released is one of the frankest documents ever signed by Market Bulgarent

Etia Couched in diplomatic language - and not at all beligerent,

Pt repeats the ham hope that America and Russia will find means
to end the tensions of the cold war. But Market Bulgarent makes

it quite clear - that he is disappointed by the way in which
the Kremlin has broken its promises made at Geneva.

one after another? First of all, the President's "open skies"

plan for mutual inspection of military bases and armaments

factories. Extended as we know - made that proposal at

Geneva, a year ago. Bulganin later told the Supreme Soviet
that the "open skies" plan amounted to - an intelligence

operation, espionage.

But today's letter points out - that the plan would simply make sure that neither side is preparing for a

sudden attack. Eisenhower, after math noting this, comments: "Surely, that kind of intelligence is desirable and necessary, - and in the interests of peace and international confidence."

The next pan point in the letter - atomic weapons,
the President
the Scriet Premier
to Bulgaring that a date be set for stopping the production
of nuclear explosives. Then the President tells Bulgaring.

"You have never responded to that proposal."

Then our Chief Executive raises the question of the reunification of Germany. This is a point on which Soviet bad faith has been most notorious. At Geneva, it was agreed - that Germany should be reunified, by means of free elections. So far, the Kremlin hasn't shown the slightest intention of fulfilling this agreement. On the contrary, Bulganin and Khrushchev have both made statements - that sound as if they want Germany permanently divided. President Eisenhower flatly

charges the Russians with breaking their word.

He sums up his feeling about all this - by saying:

"I must confess that I am perplexed as to how we can work

together constructively - if agreements which are negotiated

at the highest level, after the most thorough exploration
do not seem dependable." Which is about as close as a diplomat

can come in an official statement - to calling the other fellow

a liar—a flagrant breaker of provides.

President Eisenhower asks Bulganin to make good all of these promises - do it under a system of international control, to make sure that man neither side is trying to trick the other.

Today's letter also ends on a frank note. President Eisenhower referring to, what he calls, "efforts being made in/your country - to eradicate some of the evils of an earlier period." Which, of course, means the degradation of Stalin, and the repudiation of his reign of terror.

says we are happy about this turn in the Soviet Union. Then he adds, "but I hope that you and your associates will not confine these efforts, to those evils as manifested within your party and nation". And then he goes on: - "those evils were also projected into the international field". In other words, the President of the United States asks the Premier of the U.S.S.R., in plain language - to end the Soviet tyranny that still torments the satellite nations - just as it did in the in the dispute. Now days of Stalin.

The letter a most important document. For it gives the American side of the disagreement - and suggests that we were right about Stalin's tyranny inside Russia - the tyranny now being repudiated by the Russians themselves. Similarly, that we were right about Communistyranny outside the Soviet Union - and hope Bulganin will take steps to repudiate that too! The issue put squarely

up to the Soviet Premier. So the world will wait to see

how he replies - of course after a conference with

A dispatch from London indicates that if Britain and France go into action in the Suez Canal area - it will be a joint undertaking - commanded by British Earl Mountbatten, cousin of the Queen, and one of Britain's top military leaders of World War Two. Mountbatten, according to this story, to have both British and French forces under his command - including a third aircraft carrier that left Britain today - and the French task force now gathered in Toulon Harbor.

Other nations are rapidly choosing up sides in the dispute. New Zealand and Australia, saying they back the western allies, in the dispute. Lebanon, coming out in favor of Egypt, promising "absolute, unlimited support" to gypt.

Rremier Wasser

NASSER FOLLOW SUEZ

As for Nasser himself, he's scheduled to hold a news conference, described by Cairo as "of world importance,"

- on Sunday. The obvious meaning is- the Egyptian Premier, to give his answer to Britain's invitation to the international conference on the Suez Canal, that will be held in London on the sixteenth of this month. We are told that Nasser will deliver a represent statement at the Sunday News Conference - and then answer questions.

Informed sources in Cairo feel sure - the answer will

be 'no". Nasser, to by-pass the London conference - possible

take the Suez dispute to the United Nations. This theory

seems logical, because Cairo radio and Egyptian newspapers

are engaged in an all-out attack on the London conference
calling it "illegal" and "against the U N charter."

Secretary of State Dulles met with Latin-American diplomats, for an hour today. Our Secretary of State, summoning the conference - in order to keep our neighbors briefed on how we stand in the Suez Canal crisis. The talks were secret, but some of the diplomats there gave reporters a few of the details.

The main point: - Jean Foster Dulles is afraid that

Britain and France will use force - unless Egypt becomes more

agreeable. During the conference, Dulles was asked how Britain

and France would be justified - if they used force, even

though Nasser has not yet interfered with traffic through

the canal. Our Secretary of State is quoted as replying
that Eguptian troop movements might touch off an appeal to

force by the two western allies. That's why he'd like to see

Cairo stop threatening the west.

Another point that Dulles was anxious to keep straight our attitude toward the Panama Canal. There have

internationalize the Panama Canal - if the same thing was done to the Suez Canal. Secretary Dulles rejected that idea completely - tall telling the Latin-American diplomats today - that our treaty with Panama gives us exclusive control of the Panama Canal. So the problem is not at all analogous to the Tanama Suez problem - where many nations are vitally concerned.

The Army issues a call for seventeen thousand new draftees in October. The recruits, needed to overcome a deficit in authorized strength. The fiscal year of Nineteen Fifty Six ended with the army shy of its full strength - by more than fifteen thousand men. That's the reason for the call for seventeen thousand draftees.

SUB DEMOCRATS

Adlai Stevenson comes out for a strong civil rights plank in the Democratic platform. Stevenson, speaking at Democratic Convention headquarters in Chicago - told a TV audience that the plan should express, in his words -- "unequivocal approval of the Supreme Court decision."

This is a change from Stevenson's former "moderation". And is obviously intended to cut the ground from, were his arch-rival, Harriman. The New York Governor, as wet we all know, has used segregation as his main talking point against Stevenson's "moderation." Now it seems that Harriman won't be able to use that argument again. Naturally, there are repercussions. Southerners, denouncing Stevenson as an "opportunist" - charging he's only interested in the northern negro vote. Even Democratic National Chairman, Paul Butler, disagrees with Stevenson. Butler, telling newsmen there is no need for the party to single out any court ruling for mention in its program.

In Kansas, President Eisenhower's home state - the runk results of today's elections are now pouring in. For the G O P Senator Frank Carlson has built up an enormous lead over his nearest competitor, Walter Biddle, of Leavenworth. At the last count, Carlson's lead was almost four to one. For the Democrats, Paul Aylward, a former commander of the American Legion in Kansas - took a quick lead over three other candidates.

The governorship is also at stake in Kansas. Last returns showed Governor Fred Hall running slightly behind challenger Warren Shaw. If Shaw maintains his lead to the end - then a Democrat will replace a Republican in the Governor's mansion at Topeka.

HODGE

In Chicago, a candidate for the Senate - claims that the Republican party owes the state of at Illinois four thousand dollars. Richard Stengel, charging that the money was taken by former auditor, Orville Hodge - who used it in behalf of President Eisenhower's primary campaign in April. Hodge.. now under time fire because of alleged embezzlement on a grand scale. Stengel gives the figure involved at a millionand a half - from which according to Stengel, Hodge took that four thousand for the Ex Eisenhower campaign. And Stengel thinks that the G O P in Illinois ought to pay it back.

The Swedish-American ship ine charges that the

Andrea Doria was responsible for the collision - that sent

the great Italian liner to the bottom of the sea. This, the

first official statement made by either side. The Italian

denies comment the charge - and says
line,/denies comment the charge - and says
that the Stockholm was to blame!"

The Swedish line says that the radar aboard their ship definitely was working ma and picked up the Andrea Doria at a distance of make ten miles. The crew aboard the Stockholm were able to see the lights of the Italian liner, when they were still two miles apart. The Swedish line admits that marrant there was a max haze over the sea - but insists that this had nothing to do with the magain tragedy.

According to this account the Stockholm, noting the position of the Andrea Doria - veered aside, to give her a

wide berth. But the Italian liner suddenly swerved across the Stockholm's bow. And that caused the collision. The Swedish line calls the men aboard the Andrea Doria careless, incompetent and inattentive to their duties." The Swedes also claim that the Italian vessel was not properly manned or mequipped - and that her radar equipment was not working.

In blaming the Andrea Doria, the S_t ockholm asks a federal court to exonerate the Swedish Line from any liability. The Swedish Line adding that it intends to sue the Italian Line for damages.

Tonight a pall of smoke and dust hangs over the city of Cali, Colombia. Observers say the city looks as if it had been hit by a blockbuster - or a baby atomic bomb. This, the result of the explosion of that Army convoy in the heart of downtown Cali.

Ironically, the City was preparing to celebrate the one-hundred-and-thirty-seventh anniversary of the crucial battle - that won Colombia's independence from Spain. But hade before the holiday could get going, that convoy of seven trucks pulled up in front of the railway station, The trucks took aboard a load of dynamite, ammunition and gasoline. And then something touched off the explosion - the trucks is blasted apart, one after after another, in a chain reaction. The blast, so gigantic - it razed eighty city blocks, smashing hundreds of buildings into rubble. The damage, estimated at many millions. Assembles Hundred pareses killed, instantly, - are well fire handred designation Possibly a thousand. Thousands more injured.

EXPLOSION - 2

In the capital city of Colombia, Bogota - an airlift is rushing aid to Cali. Colombians, afflicted with a great national tragedy - on their Independence Day.

From the Canadian Arctic - a dispatch telling of a whooping cough epidemic among the eskimos of Belcher Island, in Hudson Bay. The dispatch comes from Mooseonee, Ontario and states that six children have died of the illness, with fourteen others taken to the hospital at Moose Factory, on the southern shore of James Bay. The figures may not se sound aninorla very large , taxbatxthate but the point is, that the eskimos of Belcher Island number only one-hundred-and-eighty-five. So if twenty children are affected by whooping cough, with six deaths - that means that the esking as population has been hard hit. But the latest report is - the disease now under whosping sough among the eskimes still on Belcher Island in Hudson Day.

CHIMNEY ROCK

The Department of the Interior announces a new national historic site - Chimney Rock, in Nebraska. I wonder how many Americans have heard of Chimney Rock? It was a landmark on the old Oregon trail. The trail blazed by Lewis and Clark, from Missouri to the Columbia River, in Oregon. Their Oregon trail became the great cross continent highway to the West Coast - with Chimney Rock, Nebraska, one of the key points. A place to stop and then get set for the rest of the long journey, Henry. Now a new national historic site -Chimney Rock. the time and party of generalization displacements and the contract of the con

he we had not charged his preside a foliage of somerations

the region rights issue to be able to the many the commence of

this Convention headquarters in Chicard make