Here's question number one. Japan has surrendered but what about the Jap armed forces? All along, as the end drew near, we wondered - how far would Tokyo be able to bring about the capitulation of the Japanese military units all the way from Manchuria to the South Seas? So what do we hear today? Tokyo states that the Japanese government is ordering its forces to yield. Nevertheless, attacks have been made - one in particular. Japanese planes assailed American forces, presumably in the Am Okinawa area - after Tokyo had officially surrendered.

Here's the official Japanese version given today: "Imperial headquarters are endeavoring to transmit the imperial order to every branch of the forces." But before it took full effect, part of the Japanese air force is reported to have made an attack on Allied bases and fleets in the south.".

"Imperial headquarters, " the statement goes on, "are trying in their best to prevent a recurrence of such incidents".

This is followed with what is called

"a request" - a request that Allied ships refrain from

approaching Japanese home waters until arrangements

have been made". The latest is that two Jap suicide

planes took a plunge into American military installation

in the Okinawa sector. Two American men injured.

The matter of continued Jap resistance is brought up in a war bulletin from Soviet Russia today.

Yes, the Soviets are still issuing battle communiques - still waging war. And the Japs are resisting - say the Russians.

This applies to the most powerful of the Japanese armed forces, the Kwantung Army in Manchuria. In all the speculation about whether or not Tokyo would be able to bring about a surrender of its forces, the Kwantung Army stood first and foremost.

The Russian statement would seem to indicate the Soviets themselves do not consider the war to have ended - their view being that a mere surrender is not enough to put a stop to fighting.

This is followed with what is called

"a request" - a request that Allied ships refrain from
approaching Japanese home waters until arrangements
have been made". The latest is that two Jap suicide
planes took a plunge into American military installation
in the Okinawa sector. Two American men injured.

The matter of continued Jap resistance is brought up in a war bulletin from Soviet Russia today.

Yes, the Soviets are still issuing battle communiques - still waging war. And the Japs are resisting - say the Russians.

This applies to the most powerful of the Japanese armed forces, the Kwantung Army in Manchuria. In all the speculation about whether or not Tokyo would be able to bring about a surrender of its forces, the Kwantung Army stood first and foremost.

The Russian statement would seem to indicate the Soviets themselves do not consider the war to have ended - their view being that a mere surrender is not enough to put a stop to fighting.

The Tokyo acceptance of Allied terms is, in the words of Moscow, "only a general declaration about unconditional surrender. The order to be the armed forces to cease operations" continues the Rosent communiques, "has not yet been given, and the Japanese armed forces continues resistance as before".

Consequently, concludes Moscow, there is still no capitulation of the armed forces of Japan - and the armed forces of the Soviet Union in the Far East will continue their offensive operations.

It is hard to figure out what it all means, maybe the Kwantung Army of Japan, really refuses to surrender; or, maybe the Soviets won't wait until formalities are arranged.

In China the thing is still more complicated. There, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek today radioed an order to Japanese garrisons, commanding them to stay under arms and hold their present positions. That means, hold their present position against the Chinese Communists.

Moderate The Chinese Reds are on the move, trying to take as much as they can under the surrender. They have rebuffed a Chiang Kai-Shek order to stay put, and are hurrying to take over from the Japs. And now the Generalissimo, in effect, orders the Japs to resist the Chinese communists. That's the real meaning of the order commanding the Japanese garrisons to hold their positions against everybody except the troops of Chiang Kai-Shek.

has been ominous all along - the likelihood that the

Jap war against China might be followed by civil war

among the Chinese. The latest is that Chiang Kai-Shek

has invited Chinese communists to come to Chungking

in an effort to arrive at a st settlement. And that's

a good right.

TOKYO CABINET

In defeated Japan, things proceed with all sorts of oriental ceremony - the downfall of an empire heing enacted with a king of ritual that might suggest peculiar play-acting. The Japanese Cabinet today resigned with a rhetoric of self-abasement and breast beating - the ministers blaming themselves for the inconvenience, the lost of the war caused the Emperor.

Those forms of polite self-reproach remind

me of a story I read in a history of ancient China
about an emperor on the dragon throne who created

scandal by the number of concubines he had. The

Empress was much disturbed by the imperial philandering

and remanding. So she issued a public statement in

which she announced that she was condemning herself

to jail - because she had failed to make herself

enchanting enough to keep the Emperor faithful. All

very Chinese; - and Japanese is just as curious.

Anyway, the Cabinet resigned today with much bowing and obeisance before the Imperial Throne.

It is a heavily defeated throne, now under orders from

General MacArthur, but they proceeded on the fiction that it still remains most imperial. The Mikado asked the resigning Premier to retain office until a new Cabinet can be gotten together to operate under allied control.

There was one cabinet member who did not resign, or rather his resignation was in the old Japanese traditional form. General Anami, the Minister of War, committed Hari-Kari - paying for his part in his country's disaster by performing the gm gruesome ritual prescribed by ancient custom.

The Japs are trying to retain as much face as they can - the Tokyo broadcasts today giving as cheerful an interpretation as possible to a cheerless condition of affairs. In a radio message to the Japanese military fef forces all along the recent Pacific fighting fronts, a government spokesman uttered such exhortations as this: "Let us all unite together and work to bring our country back as a strong and admirable nation. We bow to the enemy's material

TOKYO CABINET - 3

and scientific power", aid he. Which meant a deep

Japanese bow in the direction of the atomic bomb, attracting The B-29 and the K.S. Nowy.

The Tokyo spokesman used one phrase that is attracting considerable attention. "We have lost", said he, "but this is temporary". All of which might sound like Jap scheming to come back and go on a rampage again. Or it might be part of the old human habit of trying to make things look as well as possible, and save some face.

we have and the constable as the Constable State of the Constable

bysamefree on Forthement in Ling began with the densit

the presentant treather of species, as pare thousand by

At. not this "A heregreen all he has the fore town be

Stark we to se paint country of the bear

the Albert of March and to find the March and Calabathan A

And the good formation of the control of the contro

Adventure to the control of the blesses

In London, King George today delivered his royal address to the new parliament, with its socialist majority. The Cabinet of Prime Minister Attlee is committed to a policy of Socialism, and this, according to British constitutional forms, was a thing for the King to proclaim.

So how did King George today present the Was it difficult for His Was Socialist plans of the Labor Party? These, right of f the bat, call for the government to take over the Bank of England, that venerable British financial institute.

Also - the nationalization of the mines.

Speaking to a joint session of the two branches of Parliament, the King began with the usual form: "My Lords and Members of the House of Commons".

This being the first day of peace, he gave thanks for the victory over Japan. He spoke of the Atomic Bomb and the necessity of world peace.

of it, saying: "A measure will be laid before you to bring the bank of England under public ownership", and

he added: "A bill will also be laid before you to nationalize the coal mining industry". Thus the Sovereign of Britain announced the two projects which the British Labor Government considers a beginning in the establishment of socialism in Britain.

allition for a party acres has been all mann records of the city than

The become one with the last the last that I all the

Tag at the sit to the and to descrete

severity designed on our attended to the annual to

orpected to senda tulsky file billion dollarge worth

the fee encial loss parchases by the averaged total

The last section of the last section will be a section of the sect

a set out an employment to account and

THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF

and not ever the transfer to be to the transfer to the terms of the te

till per let en t part to a history apather

farty thousand a party

CATE THURSDELVE OF THE ST

RECONVERSION

Here's a rapid sketch of reconversion, as the country moves rapidly in the giant task of transforming from a war economy to peactime production.

The Army and Navy announce plans to release seven million men. The Army expects to demobilize five million in a year. **The Navy will send back to civilian life between one and a half and two and half million.

in a period of a year to eighteen months.

The draft will continue until Congress

declares an end of hostilities. Meanwhile,
inductions have been cut from eighty-thousand to

fifty thousand a month.

Armament production is being abolished almost a hundred percent. Contract cancellations are
expected to reach thirty-five billion dollars' worth
in a few weeks. Food purchases by the armed forces
will be cut - as fast as demobilization will permit; 40
says Washington.

A rise of unemployment is expected, and Washington warns that as many as eight million Americans

may be without jobs before next spring - this

possibility to be counteracted by everything that can

be done to promote a rise of peacetime production.

Rationing is terminated right away, on an a series of items - like gasoline and fuel oil. In this field, transition from war time to peace time production seems to be at the best, For example, my the Sun vil Company informs me that the vast refineries are ready to reconvert at once - plans drawn, schedules made up. As soon as certain conditions left over from wartime are removed, the reconversion will be one hundred percent.

Rationing will continue on some things,
like meats, fats, oils, butter, sugar, shoes and
tires. And Qutomobile rationing may continue until
auto production rises - slong about
the end of the
year.

Other civilian goods will appear on the market in a hurry.

RECONVERSION - 3

Pas for
Controls of wages, prices, rent and transportation, all
the will be continued. Curbs to guard against a swift

inflation must remain for a while, in any case.

Entitle Soverment will
had finance will have one more fling
have to have one more
reminescent of wartise another loan. This was

announced today by suf Secretary of the Treasury

Vinson, who states that the new boss drive will be for
the source of the second states and the second states are the second states and second source of the second states are the second states and second source of the second states are the second state

certainly deserve its name.

CIGARETTES

In Washington, a lady carrying a huge package, walked into a drug store today. She plunked the package down on the counter of the cigar stand, and in it were twenty-one cartons of cigarettes.

"I bought these during the shortage", she told the clerk, "and now I'm afraid they'll go stale.

Will you buy them back?" she smiled.

The startled clerk said - "no", he wouldn't buy them back.

that ensued until the indignant lady finally departed, still carrying the twenty-one cartons of hoarded cigarettes, now about to go stale.

Then Dr. B. . Lawrence leveled the

cyclotron, to be ever't thinking of any practice

ne harmana e e e como de la sera cama de la comprese, la en-

and has been been any that her other which the factories will

the ker to the should the

the atomic bomb began as an attempt to prolong life although it has turned out to be a devastating way to shorten life.

As had been stated over and over, a key factor in the history of the atomic bomb was the invention of the cyclotron, the atom splitting machine, by Dr. E. O. Lawrence of the University of California. Our statement today is from his brother and co-worker, Dr. John E. Lawrence, also of the University of California, Research head of a new division of the university, a division dedicated to what is called - "medical pysics". That term, "medical physics", is the key to the whole thing.

When Dr. E. O. Lawrence invented the cyclotron, the he wasn't thinking of any practical use at all. He hadn't any atomic bomb in mind, nor was he thinking of medical mean uses. Soon, however, he and his brother saw that the atom smashing machine was the perfect instrument for producing artificial radioactivity.

We all know that radium, so excessively rare, is used in the treatment of many maladies. And here was a way of producing radio-activity at will - just turning it out with a machine. The two Lawrence Brothers saw visions of great help to min ailing humanity.

Then the war intervened - and for the time being those benevolent ideas had to be postponed. The atomic bomb was now the goal; - from medical physics to destruction in war.

Well, the atomic bomb has done its devastating work in a most decisive way. Peace has returned, and now the thoughts of the two Lawrence Brothers at Berkeley, California, have turned back to their former purpose - "medical physics", the use of atomic power to cure disease, the production of artificial radioactivity.

Today the brother of the inventor of the cyclotron stated that the atomic forces have, in his words - "implications for the future which may be more

important even than the atomic bomb. He said that the way is open for the use of radioactivity to explore the fundamental processes of life and disease. And he summarized with an epigrammatic turn of phrase:

"Now" he said, "we hope tem to contribute to longer lives instead of shorter ones".

Meanwhile, the War Department announces that the end of the war will not alter the censorship of information about the atomic bomb. All individuals and groups connected with the research are warned that the wartime security regulations are still in force. Nothing is to be given out that might give a clue to the atomic secret.

"Loose talk and idle speculation, particularly by individuals now or formerly connected with the project, will jeopardize the future of the nation. It is the duty of every citizen, in the interest of national safety, continues the War Department, "to keep all discussion of this subject within the limits of

words, Wartime secrecy still applies to the atomic bomb - as, indeed, we should expect.

All the same, it creates a strange and dramatic situation. With the wards world at peace, the most terrible of the war secrets has still to be guarded. As the President has informed us, the atomic, bomb is possessed exclusively by the United States, Great Britain and Canada and the idea is to keep the contact of the secret.

should get hold of the atomic bomb, it might be able to rise to a reckless power. Anyway. We can all sense the drama in the fact that other nations of this earth might well desire to possess the secret, the fearful power of the atomic bomb, which is known to a few top notch scientists, and which perhaps might be gained by piecing together a few bits of esoteric information.

At Caribou, Maine, today Jeremiah Cambellton celebrated his hundred and sixth birthday. Jeremiah is of some local renown as a survivor of an Indian War.

Long years ago, when he was seven, his family was massacred and he was kidnapped by the Indians.

It all goes back to the middle of the last century when, in Maine, the Micmac Indians went on the warpath.

The Redskins, as was often their practice, wiped out adults and carried away children - and one of these was a seven year old boy, Jeremiah Cambellton.

He grew to manhood among the Micmacs, then rejoined his own people and became a hunterand trapper, Today at a hundred and six he still talks the Micmac language fluently, though he can neither read nor write.

The birthday of this survivor of Indian wars of long ago coincides with the first day of peace after the greatest of wars - which may evoke some apt reflection from the aged hunter and trapper - a reflection spoken in Micmac, no doubt. And S-L-M-T-M