# L.T. STANDARD. JULY 19. 1944

#### GOOD EVENING EVERYBODY:

Although I am in Chicago, at the Democratic convention, and naturally eager to talk about that the big news tonight comes from France, where

Today was markedd by the most violent battle fo the invasion -- also the greatest clash of tanks Last night's news of the huge British break-through in the Caen sector was followed by Swift and powerful enemy action. The German Commander, who is described as Rommel, realized instantly the dire threat to his army, with the British pouring through the gap they had smashed open. So he mustered every tank and machin he could, and hurled ponderous forces of mechanism again st the spearhead that was thrusting forward so rapidly. The British met the charge head-on, and that's when the greatest armored battle of Western Europe was fought.

All through last night and on through today
the conflict raged. In some places the German's won
some ground, this at the expense of too heavy a cost.
The armored punches weremet by devastating fire, and
finally the huge counter-attack simply wore itself out.

Whereupon, having hurled back the assault, the British resumed their drive forward. This was the state of affairs late today. They pushed new masses of armor through the breach in the enemy front, and kept rolling -- for advances of from four to seven miles. And the latest news pictures the drive as having reached the plain of Calvador, with the most open kidd of country ahead for motorized operations -- the road to Paris.

So no wonder British Commander General Montgomey spoke jubilantly of the success of his tactics success that may turn out to be following words. One dispatch from Surpeme Allied Headquarters today uses the following words: "News of the highest importancemay be imminent."

And still another dispatch says "The outcome of the

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battle may determine the length of the European war.

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Also today's double success in Italy has an appropriate sound -- the capture on the same day of two historic seaports: Leghorn, on one coast and Ancona on the other. In each case, the Allies acquired possession of a good seaport.

Ancona on the Adriatic is an old and famous port, which in the days of the past flourished richly on the Mediterranean trade with the East. However, h the greater strategies of battle are on the Eeghorn side of the peninsula, which gives that harbor the more immediate importance.

American troops today marched into a city of devastation, with only a fraction of its former large population wandering amid the ruins. Between constant Allied bombings and methodical German demolition, the harbor works were mere splintered wreckage. The Germans well aware of the importance of the port for future Allied supplies, blew up everything.

However, mepairs will be made -- in fact today

American engineers had already started rebuilding the

rebuilding the docks. The harbor used to handle seventeen thousand, five hundred tons of cargo a day. It had sixty docks, thirty-five power cranes and twenty-one large warehouses. A busy port -- and it will be that again.

General Clark's Fifth Army is now up against
that much vaunted Nazi Gothic Line, which is said to
begin just North of the River Arno. And Allied reports
are not minimizing the strength of the new enemy battlefront. The country rises to the high Apennines, traversed
by passes, and the Germans are said to have fortified
every pass with huge pill boxes, some carved into
solid rock thirty feet deep.

### MUSOLINI

In captured Leghorn, civilians related today that the War-blasted port had been visited several months ago by Mussolini, the fallen Duce. This is told by United Press correspondent Eleanor Packard, who accompanied the American troops when they marched in. She says that during his visit to Leghorn, Mussolini appeared a few times in public, and the people got the impression that he had become feeble-minded.

They said he was thin and emaciated, with hollow cheeks. His eyes were vacant and staring, and he fumbled stupidly with his hands, as if his nerves were shot -- half out of his mind.

The people at Leghorn believe that Mussolini has now left Italy altogether, and is living in seclusion in Germany -- with little or nothing to say in the puppet Fascist Government that plays the stooge to the Nazis.

The latest bulletin from Russia uses these
words: "The most powerful drive ever launched against
the Nazi's." This is Moscow's discription of the
offensive battering toward the Polish City of Luov
one of Europe's great transport centers. Soviet troops
are now withing eight miles of the city. The Nazis
admit the progress of the drive, and tell of the Russian's
forcing the BugRiver to the North of Lvov.

This great offensive is in the South, while in the North the story is much the same. Russian troops are driving forward in the area of the Baltic States, and tonight Stalin announced a twenty-four mile advance with the capture of sevenhundred towns and villages.

### NAZI SHOOTING:

A story of crazy violence comes from Greece, an account of a meeting of high German officers at Athens. These top Nazi Commanders gathered at a hotel to discuss military plans, and here is what happened -- according to the exiled Greek Government. As they sat across the conference table, the German officers got into a hot argument. Their planning discussions turned into a savage row, with the hurling of charge and counter-charge. And it came to a clamax of pistol fire, with the officers firing at each other across the table. Six were killed in the military conference that turned into a shooting match.

So we are told by the exiled Government of Greece which adds that the Chief Nazi Commander in the Peloponness escaped from the shooting, only to be killed by Nazi guards at the hotel.

#### PERCE FEELERS:

Reports of Nazi peace moves persist, and one story comes along in considerable detail. It relates that recently Hitler's outfit tried to get in touch with the Soviet's to open negotiations far a separate peace with Russia. This report comes from London and states the unsuccessful Nazi attempt was made in Stock holm by a group of German tourists. That is -- they pretended to be tourists but in reality were officials of the Berlin Foreign Office, headed by Dr. Paul Shmidt, a principal aide to Hitler's Foreign Minister von Ribbentrop. In stockholm these tourists tried to get in touch with Soviet representatives there, but the Russian's wouldn't bite, wouldn't see them.

As you would expect, Chicago is a hotbed of rumor today -- this first day of the convention. At the mement it looks as though Vice President Henry Wallace has lost out, and that Harry Truman of Missouri will be

No. 2 man on the slate. How come? Well, one story is that the White House feels that Wallace had four years in which to make good -- and that he didn't hence, he is now on his own.

Another rumor concerne the President, and where he will be when the makes his speech of acceptance.

I could tell you something about that. But, with a war on, we are not talking about the whereabouts of the Commander-in-chief.

The buzz of gossip certainly has been on the hum here in Chicago, every since the news came about President Roosevelt's address to the Convention, that he willspeak by radio tomorrow night -- instead of Friday night, as had previously been expected. No reason is given for the change in plan, and everybody is wondering.

There has been unending speculation about the possibility that President Roosevelt might make his spece to the Democratic Convention from some point overseas -- in a war zone. Nothing is really known about this - publicly I mean - but that doesn't keep jaws from Wagging And today's announcement about tomorrow's presidential radio address to this gathering of the Democrats is just the sort of thing to increase the buzz of gossip to something like a roar.

For one thing, the news brings about a change in the Convention schedule. The plan was to have the balloting tomorrow night -- with the president's radio ddress to follow on Firday night. Now, however, the time for the balloting has been advanced -- tomorrow afternoon, so as to make way for the president via radio tomorrow night.

In the battle for the Vice Presidency, the name spoken everywhere here in Chicago is -- Truman. This follows inevitably the events that occurred today.

First as you know, Bypnes withdrew. Yesterday, conservat

wallace, the darling of the New Dealers. Today, however, James F. Byrnes of South Craolina made a formal request that his name be kept out of the Vice \*residential campetition.

In a letter to the Chairman of the delegation from his own state, South Carolina, he stated that he was withdrawing -- "In deference to the wishes of the President." Those were Byrnes' own words -- indicating that the White House was movint him out of the picture.

announced that President Roosevelt was giving support

to Senator Truman of Missouri. This was stated by

Democratic National Chairman Hannegan, who is quoted

by the United Press as saying: "The President has indicated that he will be happy to run with Senator Truman and that he thinks Truman would Strangthen the ticket.

All of which is taken to indicate the White

House belief that Vice President Wallace cannot be re-

nominated. The President had expressed his preferrnce for Wallace, though not in any dict atorial way, and now he was switching with an okay for Truman. If he can't he wallace, he will take the Missouri Senator. That's the logic, as propounded here in Chicago. And the belief is expressed that Senator Treman will get the Vice President ial nomination perhaps even on the first ballot -- though the Wallace forces still seem to be full of fight.

In the rise of Truman we seem to sense a compromise intended to pacify the angry Southern Conservatives.

They'd prefer a Southerner for Vice President -- lik

Byenes of South Crolina, who has withdrawn, however,

in deference to the President. Truman is on the Southern

fringe, Missouri being one of the border states. And

he stands high in public esteem -- after his work as

head of the Truman Committee looking tino the war expenditures.

However, the Southern revolt is still much in evidence. Variour delegations from Dixieland have pledged themselves against a fourth term, and have

declared in favor of Senator Byrd of Virginia for
President. And today the news came that the Texas
delegation had voted to line up for Senator Byrd. As
for the Vice Presidency, the Texans left the open.
They will decide tonight on their choice for second
place on the ticket.

one group pledged for a fourth term. The other was left uninstructed, and now has joined with other Southern insurrectos in favor of Senator Byrd of Vinginia. It isn't clear what all these Dixieland maneuvers will amount to, but certainly they won't affect the momination for the Presidency.

President. At Convention Heddquarters here in Chicago, he declared this afternoon that he'll put up a fight to the finish for menomination. He referred to the President's letter endorsing him but not insisting and sadd it was esactly the kind of letter that he himself wanted. "I did not suggest the letter," said

Wallace, "I told the President that, in justice to himself and myself, there should be nothing in the nature of dictation to the convention."

Was expressed in these words: "I am in this fight to the finish." And he added: "I will put up the very best fight I nowhow." All of which is a Vice Presidential promise of a slam-bang contest.

Fate, or somebody, fixed my headquarters at the Blackstone Hotel in the suite adjoining National Democratic Chairman Hannegan. And I wish you could sit with me, in my room, with the door open, and watch the stream of Democratic bigwigs and bosses as they go in and out of the Hannegan suite. It sort of makes you wonder whether the convention is being held at the hotel, on the seventh floor, or out at the Stadium. At any rate, the keynote address will be delivered at the stadium, and not in Chairman Hannegan's room -- so, now dx I'm heading for the Stadium, while I transfer this broadcast back to Hugh James in New York.