L.T.-SUNOCO, THURSDAY, DEC. 2, 1943

AIR WAR

Berlin has taken it again. The Royal Air Force has just about completed the Ninety-fifth raid on Hitler's capital London gives us no details The information comes from Berlin. The Nazi radio telling probably more than it intended. The Germans claim that thirty british heavy bombers were shot dowm, which in itself indicates that the raid was a big one, with Lancasters dropping their two and four ton block busters on the already devastated capital on the River Spree.

A bulletin just in says Berlin has been dealt another smashing blow, as the leaders are reporte d to be about to tell Germany to surrender or be bombed to A cinder.

After the Nazis occupied all of France, they established a new U*boat base at Marseilles, a base that became the target today for a heavy raid by our Flying Fortresses. In fact, the first Allied

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air attack on that new base.

Our air people report that the attack was delivered just as the Germans had about finished new pens and other installations, preparing for a fresh undersea war in the Mediterranean.

L.T. SUNOCO Thursday, December 2, 1943

GOOD EVENING, EVERYBODY:

No official news tonight from the conference of the Big Three. But among the rumors is one to the effect that they plan to "quarantine"Germany after the war. In fact, it is believed they are on the verge of proclaiming their intention of throwing the Germans back inside their old frontiers.

There still is considerable difference of opinion about the location of the conference. Most of the European radios insist they are in session at Teheran. Radio Vichy adds variety by saying that they are at Tabriz, not Teheran. Tabriz is in northwestern Persia, only a few miles over the Pamirs from the borders of the Soviet Union. There is an American Presbyterian college at Tabriz, by the way.

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The rumor about the intention of the Big Time to quarantine Germany is attributed to "foreign diplomatic quarters in London."

A dispatch from Chungking reports that ind the Chinese have been tremendously encouraged by the results of the Cairo conference between Prime Minister Churchill, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek, and President Roosevelt. Not only the Chinese, but the Koreans and Formosans, are elated over the determination to enforce the maxim unconditional surrender of Japan, also the decision to set the Koreans and Formosans free of Japanese rule.

Director Elmer Davis of the Office of War

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Information, has protested to the British government against theviolation of confidence by the British Reuters News Agency on the Cairo conference.

As a matter of fact, questions were asked about this Reuter funny business in the House of Commons

today. An M.P. asked how it was that the report from Reuters' correspondent in Lisbon was allowed to pass from Britain to Washington through channels under control of the British goverment. Brendan Bracken, British Minister of Information, replied that what is published in a foreign capital is not censored when passing through London. Then Bracken admitted that there had been a clear understanding between Britain and her Allies that all big news should be published simultaneous; But, said Bracken, on several occasions that program was not carried out. To which American newspapermentonight reply in chorus: "We'll say it wasn't carried out!

In his protest, Elmer Davis threw a subtle **EXAMPLE** doubt on the Lisbon prigin of the story. He called it "a dispatch which purports to have originated in. Lisbon."

ADD_LEAD

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Late tonight a dispatch from London served to corroborate the Vichy report that the Teleran Big Three are meeting not in Territor but in Tabriz. This was reported by the Exchange Telegraph Agency, another British wire service, which appears nt of priority on the news. In proference to American services and newspapers. The Exchange Telegraph Agency states that the censors had passed it for publication. Appar the Elmer Davis Blact Davis British to the GOVENNEN

PACIFIC

The latest from the war in the Pacific! A Jap convoy of about a dozen ships was on its way south from New Ireland to Rabaul in New Britain. At a point some forty-five miles to the southwest of New Ireland a force of U. S. heavy bombers attacked. In a running fight that lasted several hours, the Allied Liberators landed direct hits which sank one heavily loaded Jap transport, struck two destroyers and set afire a large tanker. As they were shooting with five hundred pound bombs the destroyers were put out of action at least for the time being. And this happons at a time when the Japa and in need of destroyers to protect their positions on New Guinea and New Britain.

From **General** MacArthur's headquarters we have the news that a picked force of six hundred Marines have made a daring raid behind the Jap lines at Empress Augusta Bay. They ran into enemy reinforcements of about twice their number and killed two hundred of the Mikado's soldiers. Our own forces PACIFIC - 2

lost any fifteen dead and seventy-one wounded. The Marines know landed behind the energy lines by boat, and were behind there lines for about forty hours and in Which time they managed to destroy large quantities of artillery, ammunition, small arms and other supplies.

magainville of Rhit and run affair, just to

new lending.

And now Admiral Nimitz tells us that the enemy tried to attack our installations in the newly won Gilbert Islands. 'The net resulf of Which was, the twenty Jap planes were either destroyed or beatly damaged in three engagements. Two of those fights were with American planes and the other were shot down three of American destroyers. The destroyer shot down three state Jap planos, deproductive destroyers accoupte of american destroyers. TUNNEY

We learn tonight that among the officers in the Southwest Pacific is Commander James Joseph Tunney, yes, Gene the undefeated heavyweight made a statement tonight toothow ampion that he still aticks to his guns, they college football. the no good for the war, should be abandoned for the Gene, stand duration. him inat for iveli to take away their Hvertheed winning the war what a bigger game than collegiate I that any man able football, a able to. Gene is going into the wilds of New Gui to develop a program on the spot for conditioning American sailors and marines. He has a system devised especially for landing parties and for the & cono subm crews of destroyers and pig bost ogram that he is convinced will keep them fighting longer and harder

than the Japs.

HARMON

Today we have some further details of the adventures of Lieutenant Harmon, former All-American half back, in China. The information comes from the commanding officer of the ground crew of the squadron in which Harmon served. The arrived in the United States from China sesterday and telephoned Tommy Harmon's mother at Ann Apoor, Michigan.

Eight planes went out on that mission, and Tomay was one of the pilots of four fighter planes that went along with escort. They completed their mission and were flying back at six thousand feet. Suddenly a large force of Jap Zeros came down upon them, from out of the. sun. Four of the fighter planes were shot down, and low Harmon was one of the A Zero hit his ship, set it afire, and, he bailed out. As he was parachuting to the ground, his fellow pilots kept circling around him to protect him from being shot down by the Japs. Then they

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returned to their base. Harmon bailed out in Japoccupied country. But they didn't capture him. He hiked West until he reached a camp of Chinese guerrillas who hid him for ten days, and then helped him escape to friendly territory, from which he has reported that he's on his way to join his pals but hasn't reached them yet.

This is the second time Harmon has bailed out. This time over hera. The previous time over the south american jungle,

RUSSIA

Early today it looked as though that Russian advance had come to a halt, the phenomenal advance which in four months brought the Soviet armies all the way from the Caucasus to the west of the Dnieper River and to a short distance from the old Polish fronter. Heavy Nazi counter-attacks at many points have definited definitely slowed it down. But tonight we hear of more progress made by the Red armies. In White Russia, the columns of General Rokossovsky 'have driven northwest from Gomel and recaptured more than eighty towns and villages. The southern wing of Rokossovsky's armies is moswer! pushing towards Mozyr, a strategic point on the railroad from Odessa to Leningrad. London reports that this wing has already half surrounded Mozyr, has recaptured several inhabited places along the Pripet River. There in Mo news from the Kiev salient, but

south of Kiev, General Vatutin has begun another

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spearhead attack aimed directly at Nikolaef and Odessa. These units have widened their bridgehead on the west bank of the Dnieper at Cherkassy, one hundred miles below Kiev.

overheard * radio Contractor to New Y ork oadgast from London reporting that the advance guard Red columns was only four miles away from place/called Snamenka, The impopulance, ofth junction point controlling the railroads to and Odessa. Wikolaef

ITALY

From Italy, The Nazis are in full

retreat, with their Winter Line broken. After a four day battle, the Battle of the Sangro River, the British Eighth Army has driven the enemy toward a new line of defense, a line twenty miles beyond the one they have just had to abandon The Germans left hundreds of killed behind them, and most of their equipment as well as two thousand prisoners.

It was one of the hardest fought battles in all the Mediterranean campaigns. The resistance was as intense and bitter as that which the American Fifth Army met when it landed on the beaches of Salerno. A spokesman at Allied headquarters interved whether we be prepared to hear of heavy British casualties in the Battle of the Sangro.

The Allies have word that the enemy are

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way along the valley of the Pescara to the Apennine slopes.) Herever It'ss also announced that the Germans made good their retreat. The spearhead of Montgomery's army, the British, New Zealanders and Indian veterans from Africa, did their best to catch up with the methoding eneny. But the Germans withdrew in good order, not only leaving minefields, but also fighting desperate rear guard actions. The pursuers held back by heavy rains. also, b The British are advancing along a twenty-five mile front, and have captured several towns. Incouple of them, they are still fighting to expel the an coar guarda forman The collapse on the east will eventually cause a weakening of the German line on the west. W Swarms of Allied planes are hammering at the Nazi lines on the road to Rome. In the last forty-eight hours,

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the Germans where no fewer than five counter-attacks all of which were at our Fifth Army, but they were all repulsed.

west.

O TO MAJOR RAINIER One of Montgenery's of ig beside me tright. ar in North africa h had are toughest job; in all this was -the job of directing elas waterle the water supply in the battle of the desert. 20 how about having a shall with the sea who La South Opric authe) Major Poter W. Raimier called "PIPELINE TO BATTLE. " - had that work title "pipeline" gives a clue to part of his story. . How long did the pipeline, Major Rainbr?

WAJOR: Six hundred miles, from the Mile to the vicinity of Tranks Tobruk. We pumped the water from the Mile, filtered it, and piped millions of gallens acress the desert to the troops at the front line.

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L.T. Which certainly must have been a big job of pipeline building.

INTRO TO MAJOR RAINIER -- 2

WAJOR RI Yes, and then it was a job of pipeline destroying When Ronnel's North Africa Korps drove us back to El Alemain--almost to the Nile--we destroyed the pipeline as we ar retreated.

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LaTat And then, I suppose, you had to rebuild the pipeline as the Eighth Army chased Ronnel back.

MAIOR RI. Yes, we reconstructed the six hundred miles of pipe, but never could carry it any farther forward than that. The distances were too great.

LaTal What the did you do then?

NATOR RI We dug wells -- though you don't strike water too often when you drill in the sesert. I had no geological charts to guide me, but figured that water would be found most likely at the junction of

INTRO TO MAJOR BAINIER -- 3

tue Wadis, the desert water courses that sometimes are run ing streams -- with water that seeps undergroung. And of the fifty odd wells we sank, not one was dry. Then when we got the to the Mareth line on the border of Tunisia, a false rumor, a sabotage rumor perhaps, circulated among the soldiers that water from wells drilled in those parts was debilitating, a wheretpen the soldiers refused to drink it, unless scientific means were taken to remove the debilitating qualities from the water. We had no scientific means whatever, but we did have some truckloads of lime -not good for anything except making whitewash. I had the line put up into nest packages, and issued these with written instructions as follows: "On ne account must more than one teaspoonful of this potent pewder be placed in any one water cart, as the results might be disastrous."

MAJOR RAINIES - 4

LaTa And, I suppose, the soldiers took that meaningless lime to be some port of powerful science.

MAJOR Ri They were quite sure of it, because when they drank the sater they felt no debilitation. And, in fact, were never more vigorous--as they stormed the Mareth Line.

L. Ti Some story that! and major Ranier is full of such tales of his days with even. Montgomery.

WOMEN

Yn

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Among the laws passed by the O.P.A., as you may or may not recall, I'd forgotten it -- was one limiting the sizes of women's clothes, particularly slacks and coveralls. A clothing manufacturer on the Pacific Coast has protested that particular part of the law. In explaining his objection in his letter to Washington he writes: "Women on the West Coast are not built the same as women on the East Coast." Huh! Sugar sounds like something new in biology. How do you figure that out, Engraverage?