L. T. Standard Wednesday, Wov. 3, 1943.

Medi the previous coal story and substitute the following:

Coal

Administrator Ickes and John L. Lewis of the United Mine Workers.

The five hundred and thirty thousand strikers have been ordered back to their jobs, under a contract which calls for a basic wage of eight dollars and a half a day.

This is a wage increase, and in order to make it square with the restrictions imposed by the War Labor Board, the miners union agreed to the following concession!-

The lunch hour period for the coal diggers is to be out from thirty minutes to fifteen minutes. That is an interesting provision, and might lead some abstract and abstruse philosopher to meditate that in human history men have often perished for nothaving enough to eat, but seldom for not having enough time to eat it in.

However that may be, the coal mine strike is over, with a fifteen-minute period for lunch, and that ends the labor dispute that was cutting down the supplies of coal for the manufacture of wartime steel

# Wallace

Strong words were spoken today by Vice President Henry Wallace at the convention of the C I O in Philadelphia. The C I O has gone on record as denouncing the Little Steel Formula for the limitation of wages, and today the vice president warned that a breakdown of the wage and price ceiling structure, with inflation resulting, would sause what he called - - American fascism. Vice President Wallace, in his address to the C I O convention, stated: "Labor and agriculture must not enter into an unholy alliance to loot the comsumers pocketbook." And he added, "Any limiting of production and hiking of prices by special agreement between capital-bosses and labor-bosses, is plain hijacking."

### Election

Today Governor Dewey of NewYork Stated once again that he was not out for the presidency next year. He used the following words:
"I am not and shall not become a candidate for the Republican nomination in nineteen forty-four," said he.

This was in answer to a news conference question by a reporter, who thereupon pressed his point by mentioning a draft. "Would you," asked the newspaperman, "refuse a unanimous draft?"

"Inever saw one," responded Tom Dewey.

"Would you refuse an almost unanimous draft?" persisted the reporter.

"That question is academic," responded the Governor. "There are lots of good candidates for the nomination."

This reply seemed to evade the issue of an almost unanimous draft.

And from this it was inferred that, while Governor Dewey reiterated more firmly than ever that he will not be a candidate, there is still some slight possibility of drafting him.

The result of yesterday's election in NewYork puts Tom Dewey, of course, into a brighter beam of political limelight than ever.

The victory by Lieutenant-Governor Hanley, who piled up a larger

majority than Governor Dewey himself did last year, is a straight out Dewey victory - - because the Hanley candidacy was strictly a Dewey affair.

West directly a defeat for the New Deal and President Mosseyelt.

But that thought was expressed outright by Wendell Walkie today,

with Wilkie stating that the NewYork figures show that the public

is getting mighty tired of the New Deal and the Booseyelt

administration. With Dewey once again declaring himself out of

the presidential race, political soothesayers are pointing out

that the Republican triumph of yesterday will have an important

bearing on the question of Dewey versus Wilkie, not for the

nomination, but for the control of the NewYork delegation to the

Republican Convention next year.

National Republican leaders are hailing yesterday's election as vivid evidence of a swing against the White House. The NewYork result is coupled with the election in NewJersey - - where G O P candidate Edge won the Governorship by a large majority against his Democratic opponent.

To Lewell Thomas

Blection - 3.

Substitute the following for the paragraph about Kentucky.

The Republicans are enthusiastic about Kentucky, in which State the issue remained in doubt all day. The Democratic candidate,

J. Lighter Donaldson, maintained a slender lead hour after hour, and this in itself delighted the Republicans - - even though their candidate was behind. Because the claim has been all along that even a Republican defeat in Kentucky would be almost as good as a victory, if it were by a slender margin. And the Democratic candidate was leading by an exceedingly slender margin.

The G O P chieftains pointed out that the Kentucky vote still uncounted was from the rural area where the Republicans were stronger. So what's the latest ?

It shows that Republican candidate Simeon S. Willis has gone into the lead, as later returns have come in. And the figures that have flashed from the Blue Grass State show - - Willis more than two hundred and thirty-two thousand. Donaldson & - nearly two hundred and thirty thousand. That puts the Republican candidate in the lead by two thousand odd votes, with only some five hundred

Election - 4. sheet-two

precinets out of nearly eight thousand to be heard from.

Kentucky went heavily Democratic last election, and in fact has been traditionally an adherent of the Democratic party. The Republican figured that if they were able to cut down the normal Democratic majority it would indicate a swing against the administration, and now they have apparently won the election.

Albertone, the revolue above a president account his administration.

Alben So mercley, adm to come on print that the corner of

Election - 5

backing for his Democratic opponents;

And SenFrancisco - wore the votoren politician Mayor Angelo

Rossi come in this behind two other ugudidates

that it was just an off election year and had no national significance. Their opponents, an the contary, argues that although President Roosevelt was not directly involved in the elections, the results show a trend against his administration. They state that virtually all Democratic candidates based their campaigns on the slogan - - Stand By the Commander - in - chief. In Kentucky, for example, the Democratic leader in the Senate, alben & Barkley, took the stump and argued that the defeat of the Democratic candidate would mean a repudiation of the leader-ship of the President.

The bright spot for the Democrats is seen at Cleveland, where the President's party reelected its candidate for Mayor and won eight out of nine new seats in the City Council.

air.

Kill the provious said story and substitute the following.

The target for today was Wilhelmshaven .- - That great German naval center was the number one objective of an American airmade that struck at various points in northern Germany. London states that the largest force of flying fortress and Liberator giants that ever took part in a raid based on Britain flew to the attack. It was estatimated that probably as many as a thousand heavy Inited States bombers hit the targets, the principal one being Wilhelmshaven. And here's the most thrilling part of it - only five American bombers were lost. And that's an almost infinitesimal proportion of bombers missing in so huge a raid - the air-armada consisting of a thousand-plane raid, it is estimated.

From Sweden we have word that the Nazis in Germany have imposed the death penalty on a new kind of crime - - the crime of telling a joke. The Hitler people announce that political jokes at such a serious time for Germany are virtually treason, and so anybody making a wise crack about the Nazi administration or the war will be subjected to capital punishment.

One of the jokes outlawed is on the subject of jokes, according to the Stockholm dispatch. The death penalty, it says, will be inflicted on anyone who tells the following, which has been going the rounds in Germany:

"What", ask Fritz. "is the shortest joke in the World?"
Answer: "We shall win."

### Austria

A late dispatch on the wire tonight tells of anti-Nazi
demonstrations in Austria. They say that anti-Hitler slogans
are being plastered on the walls of buildings in Vienna, in the
famous Ringstrasse, which was one of the imperial avenues of the
World in the days of the Hapsburgs.

The demonstrations in Vienna follow the Moscow declaration issued by the Prime Ministers'of the United States, Great Britain, and Soviet Russia, a number one point of which specifies that Austria shall be declared a free Nation by the terms of the Allied-dictated peace-to-come.

## Russia

Moscow reports that Soviet forces have penetrated the Estusary of the River Dneiper. The sector where that mighty stream flows into the Black Sea is a great sandy waste, and we hear that the remnants of defeated German forces have been driven into the estuary country. Red Army troops are now within twenty-five miles of the great port of Kherson - - the harbor at the mouth of the Deniper.

In the Crimea the Russians are pushing on in their twofold attack - - one through the Isthumus of Perekop and the other across the narrow waters to the peninsula of Kerch.

### Hull

A flash from Moscow tells us that American and British Ministers on foreign affairs have left Moscow - - cordell Hull and Anthony Eden. After their large success in neglotiating the Moscow Declaration with Foreign Commissar Molotov, Hull and Eden departed from Moscow today amid ceremony - - the Moscow airport decorated with the flags of the Soviet Union, Great Britain and The Stars and Stripes.

The Little Rommel Line, which was cracking yesterday, was altogether broken today. Not that the Nazis are in any rout or disorderly retreat. They are pulling back methodically to a new line - - this after General Clark's Fifth Grmy seized these important mountain positions, summits where Allied guns dominated the German stronghold.

Tonight, as a result of its pile driver assaults for ten days, the Fifth Army is within two or three miles of the Garigliano River, seventy-nine miles from Rome. The Germans are taking up a new position, this one not believed to be so strong as their previous one - - not so beset with natural difficulties for the Allies.

The new Nazi front protects the plains to the south of Rome, the femous Roman campagna (Cahm-Pas-Nya).

were drained by Mussolini with a great fanfare of trumpets some years ego. It would not appear that the Duce, in one of his useful accomplishments, performed a service for the Allies - by draining the marshes and turning them into solid farm lands.

Otherwise, those historic swamps would be a difficult, muddy barrier

for the Fifth Army. Of course, it is possible that the Germans may be able to do some reflooding, but the possibilities of this are not olear.

In general the outlook is that the Fifth army has one more rugged parrier to force and then it will be on the flat land of the Roman campagna - that open ground shead for a drive to the Eternal City.

On the other side of the peninsula, which has been comparatively static, there is no sign of a German withdrawal, but General Montgomery's Eighth Army threw another strategic bridgehead across the Trigno River (Free-Nyo).

Across the Adriatic, in Jugosolvia, bands of partisan guerrillas have broken into Rumania. Irregular fighters made their way across the Jugosalvian-Rumanian frontier and clashed with Axis troops.

### Pacific

Another heavy air blow against the Japs in the Southwest Pacific.

Our planes hit Rabual, the big Jap base in the Northern Solomons.

Result fifteen enemy ships destroyed. Three of the vessels sunk

were Japanese destroyers, and two heavy cruisers were hit by air

bombs. Eighty-five planes were shot down. This comes from General

MacArthur's headquarters.

While Allied air power was striking, the Marines on Bougainville

Island were consolidating the positions won by that surprise

attack. Threatening cut two Japanese forces in two, they are set

to meet Jap counter-attacks in the mountainous country.

### Jap Interment

interment camp, in the west the Tule bake Camp. The camp administration minimizes what is described as a full-fledged riot by the Japanese who have been segregated as disloyal. The officials say there was only what they call - - "Minor trouble."

But eye-witnesses today stated that there was a regular uprising by Japs armed with knives and clubs, and that a hundred Americans were held prisoners for four hours - - the prisoners including Dillon Meyer, national director of the War Relocation Authority. There has been trouble for some time at the camp. with the Japs staging a sort of strike - - a refusal to work. One cause of their discontent was the kind of food they were getting. They demanded - - more meat. And the thing came to a head while a Japanese delegation was conferring at the administration building with officials in charge. While that was going on from five to eight thousand Japs, armed with knives and clubs. laid siege to the administration building. So states an eyewitness, who relates that at the time he drove to the camp on a construction job. "Some of the members of the crowd threatened

## Jap Interment - 2

to overturn my car," he states. "One Jap asked me - - would I take a dime for my life?" The eye-witness relates that he got into the administration building and there found a hundred other americans virtually prisoners, while the crowd yelled - - "more meat!"



#### Women

Today we have word of a move to make women internationally minded

- global, in fact, as if some of our wives were not global
enough already. A kind of dictionary of World affairs has been
compiled for the housewife, by yera Boardman whitehouse and
who has been connected with subjects of International interest
ever since the first World War.

Vera Boardman Whitehouse explains that the housewife is too
busy, frequently, to find out the meaning of various expressions
used in International affairs. For pay example, a lot of women
confuse such words as mandate and mappower. Of course, there's
a lot of difference between mandate and mappower - mony a wifeknowing that the mandate in the household is not with the manyewer.

Among the global terms that Mrs. Were Beardman Whitehouse explains for the housewife is "collective security." This she defines as -- " All for one and one for all." That inspiring phrase, of course, is featured in the three musketeers where, as I recall, that more meaning of collective aggression.

Mrs. vera Boardman Whitehouse believes that housefives in

in general don't have a sufficient understanding of the term "collective sanctions." This she describes as - - "Putting the screws on the aggressor."

But there is one global term that Vera Boardman Whitehouse is sure that housewives understand perfectly well. That is -the good neighbor policy. "Being a good neighbor," says she,
"is something which every woman ought to understand." Of course some of the ladies in my neighborhood, who live next door to each other, have been known to pursue a policy more akin to global war than the good-neighbor idea. But then, why be a cynic when Mrs. Vera Boardman Whitehouse undertakes to enlighten the housewife.

And Now Seco. Anabro, will you enlighten the