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Scenes reminiscent of the World War were witnessed in Washington today when (a thousand members of the American Legion and of the Veterans of Foreign Wars paraded through the streets and assembled at the steps of the Capitol.

They presented a petition signed by more than $2,400,000$ names demanding the payment of the bonus.)

The veterans, many of them, wearing faded uniforms of olive drab, marched with flags and the blaring music of bands.

The Brooklyn Times relates that they were received by
a group of Senators and Congressmen.

Meanwhile the New York World Telegram today prints large headlines declaring that the disabled veterans who were actually wounded in the war are getting less from the Government than those who never saw the embattled fields of France.
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In the Senate today there was a move to put into effect a ten per cent $\boldsymbol{\alpha} \boldsymbol{x}$ cut $\boldsymbol{x} \dot{x}$ on appropriations. $\bar{x} \not x 叉 x$ xi** xxx A prove which provides for $\$ 124,000,000$ to run the State Department, xXX, Justice, and the commerce and Labor Departments, next year. The appropriations sub-committee of the
 to make a slash of ten per cent. this goes through This will mean, that one million dollars will be cut out of the fund appropriated prohibition enforcement.

The No York Sun ores the There's a good deal of sentiment in the Senate in favor of eliminating the stock transfer tax which is embodied in the present tax bill. The New York Sun makes the comment that the matter is entirely in the hands of the insurgents of both parties. The 23 \& conservative Republicans and Democrats 24 are against the idea of putting a tax on all sales of stock, but they haven't

## SENATE - 2

1 power to control the action of the Senate, and so it's up to the insurgents, and a good many of them are said to believe that the stock transfer tax 5 should come out of the tax bill 6 prepared by the. lower house.

EARN_BOARD

In the House of Representatives a proposal to abolish the Farm Board was beaten. The idea was to cut appropriations for the maintenance of the Farm Board to such an extent that the Board would pass right out of existence. The majority of the Representatives didn't like the notion and voted against it. And so we have the Farm Board still with us.

## DOL LAB

Page 5

An apology and retraction was printed in Paris today.

Last night we heard how a-group of French newspapers started out on a campaign of attacking the credit of the United States for the purpose of beating down the value of the Ane rican dollar. And now the French journal that lead the attack has taken back its most sensational statement had

It declared that one of the mos $t$ import tent banks in the United States had suspended payments and now it admits that this is false--that it made a mis-statement and that the $b$ an $k$ in question has not suspended payments at all.

The United Press put on the w ire today an analysis of the situat ion made by the Wal I Street Journal, which declares that the value of the French franc is being artificially sustained by speculation and one inference that may be drawn is that those Paris newspapers have been trying to hint the dollar for the purpose of supporting the waxy value of French currency.

That *xx latest international conference in London doesn't seem to have amounted to much. England, France, Italy and Germany don't seem to have been able to agree on the subject of helping the small nations along the Danube, and so that Four Power Danubian \& DAX conference broke up to day.

The London correspondent of the New York Evening Post declares that there is no attempt to discuss the failure of the negotiations. conference is br on un and There isn't even any talk of having reconvene at some future date.

There was a plan to have the smaller nations, such as Austria, Hungary and the Balkan States agree on some kind of preferential tariff according to which they would lower tariffs on each other's goods. The scheme was to do something to break down those tariff walls around the small nations, the tariff walls that are so seriously impeding commerce, but 1 ta ll and

## LONDON - 2

Ladies and Gentlemen:
Remember the old song - Everybody's doing it? Doing what?

Why, holding prohibition polls. There are a number of people over this broad country who have decided to check on the returns in the giant nationwide prohibition poll conducted by the Literary Digest. The New York Sun roll the dry vote is 31,009 . The wet vote is 43,348. In percentages wo have 41.70 in favor of prohibition and 58.30 against the lith amendment. The

Literary Digest popontages for Iowa show 36.05 for, and 63.95 against. In other Words, the The Pea Koines Register । agrees with the Literary Digest Poll in giving a wet majority. The local poll is a trifle drier. The difference in tho dry vote between the Bes Moines Register poll and the Literary Digest Pol is only five per cent.

The South Bend, Indiana, News Times held a poll for the o it of South Bend. the reftirnith ane 2,082 dry, ant

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14 24.83 dry, and 75.17 wet. The Literary Digest percentages are 22.46 dry, and 77.54. Wet. That $1_{s}$ a difference of only two per cent.

The South Bend News Times conducted a second poll at the town of Mishawaka, Indiana. In this town the Literary Digest vote is more than three to one wet. The newspaper vote is nearly, the same. 1 t's four per cont. Lief.

At Richmond, Virginia, a
poll conducted by the Richmond News Leader shows the tom much more strongly against prohibition than the Literary Digest vote indicates.

## LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:-

Here's a small matter that I must attend to. My sister who lives in Tyler, Texas writes and asks me to dig up the vote from Tyler and announce it so they can hear it down there in the Lone Star State. I'd never hear the end of it if I didn't do it, so here's the vote from Tyler - 276 Dry---318 Wet.

Our list of cities tonight includes one out and out Dry community. No, it isn't in Kansas. It's in colorado. The town of Greeley votes 374 for cont inuance of the 18th Amendment and 357 for Repeal.

Then we go along to Alameda, Cal ifornia, and we find the vote overwhelmingly wet. I,II2 are against the present state of things and 198 are in favor of things as they are.

The same state of affairs exists at Winona, Minnesota-- 1,221 are against the Amendment and 149 say the Dry Law is okay.

At Frankfort, Indiana, 547 are
for continuance and 1,022 for Repeal. Ashland, Kentucky, 606 Dry and 1,182 Wet\$.

Haverhill, Massachusetts, 408 are for Prohibition and I, 379 Against. Cleveland, Ohio, sends in a second report. Clevel and is decidedly Wet 28,532 are for Repeal and 4,425 think things are okay as they are.

Jeannette, Pa. 127 are for the 18 th Amendment and 918 against.

Milwaukee, Wis cons in - second report. Just as you might expect Milwaukee is Wet. 27,562 want a change and 2,026 think Prohibition is okay.

Ho now return to our program.
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Two South American governments are making vigorous moves to suppress the pos sibility of revolution. In the Republic of Chile martial law is in effect tonight and the Government seems to be in firm control of the country. Heavy for ces of troops are patrolling the capital city of Santiago and the Presidential palace is under a heavy guard.

A United Press dispatch to the Atlanta Journal reminds us that a revolutionary movement of apparently serious proportions has been under way in Chile.

The second South American Republic where trouble seems to be brewing is Equador. Military for cess dissatisfied with the present Government are in control of sections of the coast and they have ordered that all ships shall be seized. The insurgents 奴奴x hope to get supplies from foreign vessels. The revolutionary

A dealer in children's toys was arrested this afternoon in connection with a giant drug smuggling plot.

The New York World Telegram tells how government agents raided one of the giant transatlantic liners and seized \$322,000. worth of dope which was concealed in boxes marked - German Toys. Inside of these boxes was a layer of mechanical playthings and underneath was the store of narcotics. The fake boxes of toys were addressed to a New York merchant, and it was he that was arrested today.
some more discussion about Christopher Columbus. There are several points of dispute in the career of the great discoverer and one of these is about the exact place where he landed. axamgexpa Geographers in figuring out the entries in Columbus' log book have decided on one of the islands of the Bahama Group, as the land which Columbus six tad sighted, the island that he named San Salvador, although there has always been some doubt as to whether the island picked out is the right one.

Now comes Doctor David Fairchild, a naturalist and scientist, who has just returned from an 8,000 mile cruise through the Car ibbean Sea. He declares that the $\mid$ sland $n$ med San Salvador can not be the one on which columbus landed. As quoted by the United Press in the Baltimore Post,

Doctor Fairchild points out that Columbus distinctly describes his landing place as an island with great forests.
$\qquad$ 16 But the island now cal led San Salvador is certainly not a place of huge forests．And I can add my own testimony to Doctor Fairchilds on that point．I have been to San Salvador and there is no mistaking the fact that it is an island of san dunes and scrub vegetation．

The scientist goes on to tell of investigations that he made which proved that San Sal vador never did have any large forests and couldn＇t have been the scene of tropical jungle at the time $x$ Columbus landed．

He adds that fill $_{\text {fl }}$ the thousands of islands in the Bahama Group only three are heavily wooded，with thickets of large trees and of these only one is on the Eastern fringe of the Bahamas， the of the Group which Columbus must have sighted first．This isl and is now called Abaco，and it may be that this is 姆植如 the true landing－place of Columbus．

Over in England William D. McCann, a miner, was
separated from his wife. The couple couldn't get along. After a period of singleness and solitude McCann became lonely, so he thought held get himself another wife. In fact he advertised for one:- "Young man regular work wishes to meet widow." He received a letter in reply to that ad, and after he exchanged several letters with the lady, he made an appointment to meet her.

He nearly fainted when he saw her. It was his wife, the same one from whom he had separated, and in her hand she had a document for him. It was a summons to appear in court on a charge of non-support.

A United Press dispatch which appeared in the

Hartford Times relates that when the grave and solemn British judge heard the story of the sentimental miner and the sentimental advertisement, he burst out laughing.

## IALL_SIORY

Here's a tall one that seems to be circulating a good deal through the country. It has come to me from various sources. Some tall-story tellers relate it as an experience of their own -such as Jim Martin of West Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Others inclose newspaper clippings.
L. Z. Lawrence of Haddonfield, New Jersey, sends me a clipping which attributes the whopper to George ${ }_{*}$ McCarthy of Piney Hollow, New Jersey.

Here's the way the amazing yarn reads:

A man went out in the woods and took his umbrella with him -- it looked as if it might rain. He put the umbrella down on a rock and began to gather medicinal herbs. Why the medicinal herbs, I don't know. But that's the way all the versions of the story go. It started to rain, and the man dashed to the rock and grabbed his umbrella. He opened it in a hurry, and as he did so a snake fell to the ground -- a snake

TALL STORY - 2
split in two from head to tail.
You see, the snake had swallowed the umbrella -- had swallowed it from the tip almost to the handle, so that when the umbrella was opened, why that disrupted $n \mathbf{n}$ snake. And it diampto me to the point where $\&$ think del raise my umbrella and say soloing until Monday.

