P.J. - Standard. Monday, Seft. 11, 1944. Sunoco.

GOOD EVENING EVERYBODY:

This is a big day in the history of the Second World War. On this day American troops crossed the German frontier and xxx are tonight fighting on the soil of the Fatherland.

United States under Lieutenant General Hodges that had this honor. The official announcement tells us they crossed in reasonable with strength a few miles trays below Trier, which the French know as Treves. It was one of the historic cities of old Germany, known to the Romans in twenty-eight B.C. It is full of architectural remains reminding us of the days when it was an important outpost of the Roman Empire. In the Middle Ages and down to modern times, it was the

see of an Archdiocese whose Archbishops were also electors of the Holy Roman Empire. All of which is quite secondary to the fact that the Yanks have invaded Germany, and begun the last act in the drama of the European war.

But there was another trk thrill in today's news. The Nazis are pelting out of Northern Italy.

The Yanks of the Fifth Army today made their first contact with the far-famed Gothic line. But news from the frontier between Italy and Switzerland indicates that the Germans are holding onto the Gothic line only long enough to get their troops and their booty through the Brenner. Pass.

We have been hearing rumors khak this for some time. But the story from the Swiss frontier is definite and circumstantial. It reports that the commander of Hitler's S.S. troops at Milan announced the evacuation in a speech to his lieutenants there.

The report even names the officer who made the announcement. It quotes him saying the Nazi authorities are carrying out their evacuation at top speed. In the last ten days five thousand trucks have crossed the Brenner Pass carrying loot to the Fatherland and that S.S. Commander is quoted in these words:- "We are forced by present circumstances to evacuate northern Italy, but I promise you that before long we shall return"

Returning to France. We learn that the Yanks are also in the famous Maginot Line. We have heard that it was in a poor state of repair. American officers found long stretches of it in perfect where condition. In fact, they are in such good order that itxis its big guns can be turned if necessary, against the Germans.

Marshal Montgomery's armored columns have smashed their way across the Belgian frontier in an interesting and spectacular bit of strategy. It is a flanking movement, aiming for the northern end of the Nazi's west wall, the weakest end. The Germans are never expected to have to defend the seventy mile stretch of the wall in that area.

We have not much definite about what is
going on along the western front because again there is
a news blackout so as not to tip off the enemy. Last
week the Dutch Government in exile issued stories that
the British had then driven into the Netherlands near
Breda. But Queen Wilhelmina's government had it wrong.
Wontgomery's men were then not yet over the Belgian
frontier. The place where they actually broke through
was northeast of a town called Bourg Leopold.

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They had a hard fight to do it because the Germans resisted with everything they had, fighting to prevent Montgomery from widening his bridgeheads over the Albert Canal. But this time it is official and accurate.

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So furious was their assault on the German defense line at the Escaut Canal that they captured the bridge intact. Over that they poured their armor and self-propelling guns.

While the British were accomplishing this, the

U.S. First Army under Lieutenant General Hodges was

advancing on a solid front of a hundred miles. One column

which within five miles of Germany. In fact, the

secret Atlantic radio said in First Army patrol had

mean the cif

already crossed the German frontier, which the

WESTERN FRONT - 3

its old French name of Aix-la-Chapelle, the ancient

the capital of Emperor Charlemagne, the watering place where

the field marshals of Augustus, Tiberius and other Roman

boil out

Emperors used to go to per side their arthritis. Three

great historic tracks place congresses were held at

Council out

Council out

The American front stretches all the way from

the Eupen area of Belgium to the northern border of

France. On their way to German soil, the First, Army

set free the City of Luxembourg, capital of the tiny

grand duchy. That tank column is only nine miles away

from the Saar Basin, upon which the Hitler machine

depends for a large part of its coal and iron.

Correspondents tell us that something big is brewing on that western front, a heavy hammer blow at the Nazi defenses, but naturally they are not able to tell us where. That is the reason for the partial news blackout.

General Eisenhower was in Brussels yesterday, conferring almost all day long with Field Marshal Montgomery.

Patton's men have been having the fight of their lives, holding onto the five bridgeheads they have established on the other side of the Moselle River. a fight that has now lasted eight days. Hitler's generals threw their crack divisions into wave-after-wave of counterattacks on our Third Army. Patton's line held, At eight detect but was unable to advance until today. Shortly after no this morning Patton broke the stalemate on the Moselle River line, opened a blazing new attack south of Nancy, and sen his columns in a curving drive behind the two German strongholds at Nancy and Metz. The crossing of the Moselle is now hailed as one of the major operations of

bridgeless several of tym they are of the forts with the state defenses of Nancy, by taking one of the forts with a strayle. Further north also, the Nazis are doing

everything they can to prevent a break through their line in northeastern Belgium.

Through a broadcast from Paris we learn today

that Patton's army is now getting its fuel by airplane.

He advanced with such speed that the engineers laying a

large pipeline from Cherbourg, could not possibly keep up

A story from Sweden has it that the Nazi high command has replaced Field Marshal von Kluge as Cummunds:

Commander of the armies on the western front, with another general officer, Field Marshal Model, formerly Commander of the German forces on the Russian Front.

Here's one! -

A Our men captured a copy of a Nazi order forbidding German soldiers to commit suicide! The general, whose signature was illegible, said that two officers and one non-com had committed suicide in his corps. This, said the general, was desertion. A soldier has no right to dispose of his own life. He who does so is cowardly and despicable. So Suicide is Verbotan! The order did not say what punishent would be inflicted on these who disobes!

Down South, General Patch's men have occupied not only Dijon, but also Vezoul, which is last a short distance from the fortress city of Belfort, near the German frontier. If you will look at your map, you will observe that Dijon is almost two-thirds of the way from Marseille's to the northern frontier of France. The gives us a fair idea of the progress made by that Seventh Army, and how close they are to a justice with Patton's city of Belfort, near the German frontier of France. The gives us a fair idea of the progress made by that Seventh Army, and how close they are to a justice with Patton's city are to a justice with patton with Patton's city are to a justice with patton with

Belfort is of vital importance because it

commands and defends the approaches to the Belfort Gap,

That is an open stretch between the two mountain ranges

of the Vosges and the Jura. Through that gap is a

classic road for armies moving between france and Germay.

Slortly after noon today came

And the streight clasek this corning came

the event for which both General Patch and General Patton have been striving so hard. They joined forces west of Dijon. Officers representing the two armies shook hands formally at a place called Sombernon.

Patch's command has been one of the spectacular successes of the war. The Seventh took less than a month to drive their way all that distance through France for the meeting with the Thirdy Accordingly, there is an unbroken front of six hundred miles in western Burope, all the way from the Mediterranean to the North Sea. Along that front are five Allied armies poised for the final grand assault a Hitler's Reich.

But Patch's men still have to complete their race to Belfort, to take the fortress and shut off the escape gap for the remnants of the German Nineteenth Army

H - now the your turn for a moment.

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In the air over Germany, Uncle Sam's Eighth

Air Force today fought the most spectacular aerial

battle this war has yet seen. An airmada of one thousand,
seven hundred and fifty American craft flew over to bomb

Left to lim.

the last of the oil reserves that Hitler has, They

attacked refineries at several places in central

Germany, one near Leipsig, another near Hannover.

And for the first time since D-Day, the remnants of the once mighty Luftwaffe came up to meet our airmen. They turned out in terrific strength, with fighter planes and rocket planes, in groups of twenty to twenty-five. It was the answer to the often asked question, "Where is the Luftwaffe?" It was there, but tonight not so much of it. is there.

Our pilots reported that the rocket planes came at them with terrific speed, speed so great that the enemy fighters had passed before the American

of the Flying Forts.

Apparently their speed was too gunners could fire. fast to do much damage, because they flew right through the formations of FlyingForts and Liberators. And, in spite of their unparalleled swiftness, our fighter planes ton cover, defeated them. Hying over the big bombers, were seven hundred and fifty Mustangs, Lightnings and Thunderbolts. The Mustangs were too good for even the rocket planes. Our fighters alone shot a hundred and ten of them in the air, and destroyed thirty-nine on the ground, making a total of a hundred and form-nine. This does not take into account the enemy planes destroyed by the gunners

Not only American troops but Russian troops crossed onto German soil on this same km day. For more than a week we have been hearing that Soviet patrols were in East Prussia. Those tales were premature, but today it is official. Advanced guards of the Third White Russian Army have definitely crossed the river separating Poland and East Prussia, home of the German Junkers, the back bone of the Prussian Officer Corps, the mmm men who are never satisfied unless they are making war. Today the war has been brought home to them.

(pick up carly story on Bussia)-

army has broken through ring after ring of strong Nazi fortifications around Lomza, the fortress in northern Poland which so far has protected East Brussia from invasion by the Soviets. The spearhead of that Second White Russian Army is within two and a half miles of Lomza itself.

Other Red armies have forced the passes of the Transylvania Alps and exem are marching over the Hungarian plains to Budapest. They have captured a strong point only sixty-five miles away from the famous iron gate on the Danube River. Those particular Russian armies are taking the historic road by which invading armies from the east have marched to Vienna.

In southern Poland, still another Red army has captured the Nazi stronghold of Krasno, on the way to Krakow. Through Krakow lies the road to German Silesia.

神

Jap convoy off the northeast tip of Mindanao, a convoy of thirty-two heavyily loaded cargo ships, is that which were surface the Japs lost fifty-one earge ships. The thirty eight small craft and many smaller beats. Our circulate losses were light, and losses in surface ships none at all.

A short story from the Navy Uncle Sam's pig

boats in the Pacific have sunk nine more Japanese

vessels; They include three men-o-war; a destroyer;

a gunboat, and an escort ship. So American submarines

have sent no fewer than seven hundred and thirty-two

enemy ships to the bottom of the Pacific Ocean.

herys hand up the Asiatio continent. The Mightio's arming

with have alson so a number one ten allow in ten days.

Smellin within a rack! It will be sentone for we in the

and emashing where we from that they had frie he take

More bad news from the Asiatic front. The

Japanese are now deeper into southern China; than they have been able to penetrate in more than seven years of war. They are rolling across the Province of Kwangsi and are plready within seventy miles of the key military of Kweilin. There the American air force has its large base on the Asiatic continent. The Middo's armies, e watching. The Political Act have advanced a hundred and ten miles in ten days, are smashing ahead so fast that they bid fair to take And that

Kweilin within a week. No will be serious for me if they do, because it will hamper our air operations against

You know the old legend:- "As Maine goes,
so goes the nation". It has not been so true in
the last decade. And this year the formula will
have another test.

only on leading the nation in the returns, but also in the day mf on which they hold the election. They woted today, and people interested in politics all over the country are watching. The Political Action Committee of the C I O went out of its way to try to upset Republican maine traditions. At the end of the day, all four Republican candidates were leading their Description of the C I O.

Republican Candidate Tom Dewey is in Des Moines, at present on his campaign swing around the country. He at make any speech, in love, but he told did tell newspapermen that the Roosevelt administration was eight years in office while tremendous forces were rising toward war, and did absolutely nothing to prepare the American people for war. At the end of those eight years, Dewey continued, the New Deal had a limping. unproductive economy with ten million unemployed, and an army of seventy-five thousand men, no preferations for letional Defense.

Dewey added that the Administration now claims that it foresaw the war all along, foresaw that we would be dragged into it.

Governor Dewey's train leaves Des Moines for the west this evening.

money, bet on it. The reporters were unable to learn whether the President was talking about the end of the war, the election, or the weather. We may all have out

Jews sen wound Store Jarly whether the two

President Roosevelt and Prime Minister

Winston Churchill are now in Quebec, engaged in what

they call their "Victory Conference." Marshal Stalin

had been invited, but declined the invitation with the

explanation that he could not leave Russia while his

armies are fighting on such a broad front and

developing their offensives increasingly.

white House Secretary Steve Early emphasized
the point that this is essentially a military and not a
political conference. As Churchill greeted the President
his first words were: "victory is everywhere."

Newsmen asked Steve Early whether the two chiefs of state would deal principally with the Pacific war. To which Early replied: "I think you will find it largely so."

Newspapermen overheard one remark that Mr.
Roosevelt made privately to the Prime Minister. They

From Berkeley, California we hear am that

Henry J. Kaiser, the man we've been hearing so much

about in shipbuilding is going am into production

of helicopter planes, mass production. And the fellow

who is designing them is nineteen year old Stanley

Hiller.

This young first showed his mechanical aptitude in the making of miniature automobiles. The fact that miniature racers cost two hundred dollars a piece nettled young Hiller. So he went to work and developed a model that cost twenty-eight dollars And now when with the backing of Henry J. Kaiser he is gain going into the business of making helicopters, twin-rotored affairs. His model will have an over-all length of twelve feet. According to the story Navy experts have praised the design. will be so me simple that anybody can learn to fly it in two hours. So they say. and Hugh, what do you say?

The Convention of the United Mine Workers of at Cincinneti

America was enlivened today by a fist fight. It

started with an argument between a supporter of John L.

Lewis and one of his opponents. There is a big group

of insurgents in the Miners who wants autonomy for the

various districts of the Union.

The insurgents had called a meeting to plan their strategy for the fight against Lewis. They called the supporters of Lewis the payrollers. The argument became hotter and hotter until finally knuckles flew and the meeting broke up.

Thereupon the leader of the insurgents in the Union charged the supporters of Lewis with having deliberately broken up their meeting. He said that was an index of how Lewis plans to run the Convention.

There were four hundred autonomists at that caucus, but it took only twenty-five of Lewis's men to break it up.

In Italy, the Yanks of the Fifth Army have made their first contact with the redoubtable Nazi Gothic Line (See agreet) north of Florence. The Americans crossed the Sieve River, thirteen miles from Florence, and sent their patrols mell' coaring on into the mountains beyond. One division captured Monte Mignano, eleven and a half miles north of Florence, and Usella, fifteen miles north. Other units also made advances, and part of the Ninety-Second, Division, a division-composed entirely of negroes, pushed three and a half miles beyond Lucca, up the valley of the Surgio River.

On the Adriatic front, the Nazis counter-attacked savagely, but the Canadians and Poles of the Eighth Army threw them back.

Officers found on the persons of German prisoners a Nazi order of the day, containing an urgent demand on

German soldiers to hold fast on what the order described as "a line of decisive importance."