PHILIPPINES

The Japs are making a landing attack on Corregidor. And the dramatic key to that statement is in the word - "landing." For months the enemy has been assailing our island fortress at the entrance of Manila Bay, but the assaults hitherto have been those of air bombing and artillery shelling. The had made no attempt at an actual landing, getting ashore with not until now. soldiers, on the powerfully fortified island. So that puts an emphasis of tense drama on the brief statement in tonight's communique - just in from the War Department. reads: - "General Wainwright reports that about midnight the enemy assaulted Corregidor, and that a landing attack was in progress."

So they tried to get ashore by night & this very night, considering the time difference between ourselves and the Philippines.

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In Washington, the belief of naval experts is

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that the landing attack was across the narrow karifarara
mile stretch of water between Corregidor and the

peninsula that bears the historic name of Batan.

The naval experts say that that a Jap landing might be

effected at the northern end of Corregidor, - the

"tail" of the island, which is shaped like a tadpole.

There are beaches along that northern end, while at the
south Corregidor presents a barrier of formidable rocks.

Corregidor with that culminating type of assault landing. Swarming across in boats under a violent fire
of shells and bombs. And they may have succeeded in
landing on the beaches at the northern tail of tadpole
shaped Corregidor. There may be desperate fighting on
those beaches right now - with our few men battling

with all the courage that was demonstrated at Batan.

Tonight's army communique tells us likewise of a message sent by PresidentRoosevelt to General Wainwright, earlier in the day - before the landing attempt against Corregidor was known. The President voiced the admiration of this nation - homage to the defenders of Corregidor, who may now be waging their supreme battle.

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The latest on Madagascar is a British

communique as follows:- "Operations are proceeding,

and our casualties thus far have been light." This

comes from London, and the mention of "light

casualties" would seem to indicate that the fighting

is not severe. However, the Vichy French are

resisting - they vow they will fight to the end.

Mada gascar is one of the key islands of this earth. It is big - nine hundred miles long.

It is rich and barbaric, full of natural resources and tropical wilderness - mountains and jungle. Lying off the east coast of Africa, it is in a situation of strategic importance - for command of the Indian Ocean, and the supply lines of the Allied nations to such places as Australia, India, the Near East. Few places could be more valuable to the Japs, and it was feared

they might get Madagascar from Vichy France, just as
they got French Indo-China - from Vichy. The
apprehension was heightened during the past few days with special Japanese envoys negotiating at Vichy on
some mysterious business. So the moment was ripe for
what happened today.

At the northern tip of Madagascar is a French naval base, called Diego Suarez. It is of key importance, and is said to be powerfully fortified. This morning United Nations action took the form of a British squadron appearing of the Diego Suarez naval base, the squadron consisting, they say, of cruisers, destroyers, an aircraft carrier and two troop transports. The British admiral delivered an ultimatum to the Kruckx French commander @ demanding peaceful possession of Madagascar. The ultimatum was

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rejected, and action began - today.

commando tactics. For the seizure of Madagascar,
they put into effect those methods of war by surprise,
which they have been cultivating in European raids
against the Nazis. The commandos attacked by sea and
from the sky. Parachute soldiers swamped out of big
transport planes, and commands boats went speeding to
shore. The assault was supported by the fire of naval
guns and bombing from warplanes.

or hadagasca,

The commando attack resulted in landings

at two places, apparently - on both sides of the narrow

neck of land on which the Diego Suarez naval base is

situation. So the picture tonight is one of commando

troops pressing an advance against a fortified naval

base. Two French cruisers are supposed to be there, aiding the defense, presumably.





The defense of the island is by direct orders from the Vichy Government - orders from Haval. pro-Nazi collaborator stated today that the French forces in Madagascar will fight the British to the limit of their strength. This, in one aspect, is a direct reply to the United States. Vichy was informed by President Roosevelt that the British have moved to take over Madagascar with the full approval; of the United States, and, if Vichy xxxxx fights the British, we will consider that an act of war against the United Nations.

Today, Laval, while bitterly denouncing the action ordered from London, expressed regret that the United States gives its support to what Laval calls - "aggression." He added that Vichy will not break relations with Washington because of Madagascar.



In Washington, Secretary of State Cordell Hull

intimated that American military forces are ready to back up the British in the occupation of the island, if this should be necessary. And Senator Barkley of Kentucky stated that Presidenthoosevelt was satisfied with what had happened. The Senator said this upon emerging from a White House conference at which Madagascar was discussed.

It is assumed that the British landing on made the island is being mest with forces amply sufficient for the task. The strength of the French defenders is not accurately known, but is not believed to be great probably no more than a division of white troops plus forces of native French trained soldiers. However, Madagascar presents a huge and difficult terrain of rugged wilderness - the sort of area where resistance might linger for some time. The question suggests

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that they will take or can take? Well, Madagascar is a long way from the nearest place where the Japs are Sumatra. It is Some four thousand miles away. In fact, the island is almost as far from the Japs as it is from the Germans - the Nazis in Libya. So obviously, the prospect is that the British will take over Madagascar in due course - with resistance more or less.

The fighting in Burma turned into fighting in

China today - the Japs having pushed onto Chinese soil.

They advanced along the Burma Road to a frontier place

called - Wan-Ting, and that in that neighborhood crossed

into China for a distance of two miles. The Chinese

are fighting fiercely and at last reports had beaten

back one enemy thrust. Tonight the Chinese

reiterated that they will go on fighting in that

sector of war, until the Japs have been driven out of

Burma.

The Spring offensive in Russia is of the Soviet variety rather than the Nazi - just now. The Big Hitler push is expected at any time, but meanwhile the Red Army seizes the initiative. For the first time in recent weeks, the Soviets speak of their military operations as an offensive. They are hammering heavily in the southern sector, the Ukraine and are scoring advances. The Nazi offensive is expected to be launched in the south - toward the Caucasus oil wells; and the present Red Army attack is thought to be in the nature of an anticipatory offensive, seizing the initiative, break up German plans.

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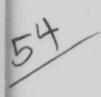
A Congressional Committee today voted in favor of requiring the Army to report to Congress all officers' commissions granted to civilians. There has been a good deal of complaint about the way civilians of one sort or another have been taken into the Army as officers, and the Military Affairs Committee of the House had before it a measure that would have permitted the Army to grant officers' commissions only to such men who had been officers before or who had attended officers' training schools. This prohibition was opposed by the Army.

Under-Secretary of War Patterson appeared

before the Committee today and told the Committee

that thousands of civilian technical men had not been taken into the Army as officers, the supply and distribution of the system would have, as he said -

"utterly broken down." He said that military problems



The Army needs, what the Secretary called -- "special" skills in which the country is rich, but in which the Army in peacetime is poor."

The Under-Secretary referred to the commissioning of war veterans who had lower rank than officer in the previous conflict. In this connection, he said that the Army is considering Sergeant York -- the Number One hero of the days of Nineteen Seventeen and Eighteen. They are thinking of taking Sergeant York in as an officer. And Under-Secretary Patterson pointed out that this could not be done if the drastic prohibition before the Committee were adopted.

As a result of the strong Army opposition, the Military Affairs Committee wwitched to a substitute proposal -- which would require the Army to report to Congress every sixty days and give an account of officers' commissions granted to civilians.

In the Senate today, legislation was introduced for the drafting of men who have dependents. Senator proposed Taft of Ohio axxxxxx a bill that would permit the army to take such men in a way based on a series of classifications. They would be graded according to degrees of dependency. For example, in Class Number One would come men under thirty-five who are unmarried and without children - or who were married after the beginning of Selective Service.

Then on down the line there would be other classes, based mostly on age, marriage and with children. Under the Taft proposal, the classes would be called one after another - no category to be summoned until the previous one had been exhausted. The plan would be accompanied by legislation granting allowances to the dependents of men drafted.

Senator Taft said that his bill, with its



REGISTRATION OF WOMEN

Tonight we have the reasons why the registration of women was dropped. The explanation comes from Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, who had come out publicly in favor of the idea. The President too thought it would be a good thing, but last week, he said it was abandoned for the time. Today Mrs. Roosevelt told why.

Women themselves objected, mainly for two reasons.

They felt registration would be premature -- as there still is some unemployment among men. And, women were afraid that if they were registered it would mean that they would promptly be drafted for war-time employment.

It looks as if gasoline consumption on the East coast might be reduced to forty percent of normal.

This probability was stated by a committee of the oil experts meeting in Washington.

As the rationing system for motor fuel is about to begin, it seems as if civilian automobile drivers will have to be content with forty percent of the gas they used in times of peace. The committee of experts says that this would mean "complete elimination of gasoline for many uses of passenger cars."

hearing on a question which has been agitating political circles in the national capital. How long did the Congressman take in saying good-bye to the lady? We for course, there are some who might make the unkind that the florquess permark that washington lawmakers never were famous for brevity. Their speeches are long drawn out, so why shouldn't their farewells be just as extended? You can imagine a Congressman making a regular Farewell Address to a lady.

Some weeks ago, Congressman John Edward

Sheridan of Pennsylvania took Miss Adeline Maggio to

the theatre. Adeline was described as a beautiful

brunette with big black, eyes. After the show, the

Congressman took her home - and kept the taxi waiting

while he said good-bye. When he came to pay the cab bill,

EXE Congressman Sheridan found himself assessed for an

extra twenty cents - for waiting time. That was for the interval while he was saying -- good-bye. Fourteen minutes of good-bye -- declared the driver.

This the Congressman utterly denied, saying that the Farewell Address had consumed only between two and three minutes -- four, at the most. There was an argument about it, and as a result the Congressman brought charges against the cab driver. And the penalty the cabbie faced was the revocation of his license.

Today the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia held a hearing on the subject. And a star witness in behalf of the Congressman was Adeline, welling beautiful brunette with the big black eyes. She said that the farewell took only two and a half or three minutes -- nothing like fourteen. And she explained what they talked about during that brief good-bye.

"Our conversation," the news dispatch quotes her as saying, "was that he was leaving, and would be back in two or three days -- and would give me a ring." She meant, of course, the kind of ring that tinkles in the telephone.

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As for the Congressman's farewell, it's a question to provoke discussion and cogitation. For example, any man will tell you that the right kind of good-bye is worth a lot more than twenty-cents -- but why should the taci driver collect it?

So goodbye, farewell, and s-l-u-t-m. And let's all sing Sweet Adeline.