WAR

A new strategy for fighting the Nazis has been worked out in London between the British and the Russians. Such are the latest advices from London, released only fifteen minutes ago. You may recall that a Soviet military mission has been in the British capital for two weeks, consulting with Britain's war cabinet and general staff. Tonight we hear that the chief of that Soviet military delegation is back in Moscow, to consult with him. Soviet military delegation is back in Moscow, to consult with him warfare. Naturally, no details are being revealed. But evidently a great deal of importance is being attached to this late news.

As for the actual warfront, German shock tropps tonight are fighting in the suburbs of Mohilev, That's a sizeable place due east of Minsk, and only eighty-five miles to the southwest of Smolensk. To get there, the Nazi spearhead had to smash its way against the Dnieper River, in the face of hot resistance.

The Russians When they got to the suburbs of Mohilev, which on the east bank of the Dnieper, the Red soldiers fought them from house to house, with snipers firing on the advancing Germans from every window.

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All this we hear from the Germans, themselves. It isn't correborated, although the details of the crossing, of the Dnieper are told most circumstantially.

Hitler's panzer columns are also crushing their way through on the south central front and have captured

Novograd-Volynsk. In fact, the Red troops are being driven from their new defense lines east of **k** Vitebsk with bloody losses, and the Germans are advancing swiftly on to Leningrad and Kiev.

That again is the Nazi stors, the Russians deny it.

Their version is that the Red air fleet has brought the German advance to a stiff halt at all vital centers. Vitebsk,

Novograd-Volynsk and Pskov. Soviet planes have launched such heavy bombing attacks upon the mechanized and motorized columns of the Nazis, that Hitler's shock troops were unable to advance. In fact, the Russians declare that there's no change to speak of in the fighting front. Unfortunately, in this war of words, the Moscow spokesmen are obliged to give themselves

away when they mention the names of places. For instance, they ROGATCHEV& SHLOBING admit fighting around Vitebsk and Relachef and Sholvim. All well those places are well inside the Russian frontier, for on the road to Moscow. So we have the old, old story of the utterances of a high command when its armies are on the run. We have defeated the enemy, they say but each of these defeats is further and further back. Even neutral observers, not sympathetic to the Nazis, are forced to the conclusion that the places where the fighting is fiercest indicate it's true that the Nazis have torn big holes in the Stalin Line.

Incidentally, you may have noticed a change in the tone and wording of the German high command announcements in this Russian war. In previous campaigns they were typically military, terse, laconic, factual announcements. But in this show, they have a fustian, bragadoccio tone, to thom, quite foreign to the customary expressions of a general. The explanation is that they're issued from the headquarters of Fuehrer Hitler himself, and that he's writing those communiques. In spite of his rather chi

style, those communiques have eventually proved to be true, even

if one or two of them have been a bit premature.

The Anglo-Russian defense alliance evoked just about the reaction you might expect in Germany. An authorized Nazi spokesman described it as a pact between two suicides, and he added that there's no question of a compromise peade with the Soviets because the Nazis are determined to fight until the Soviet system is completely destroyed. As for the British helping the Russians, the spokesman said the Nazis wish to make it quite clear they hope Britain will deliver war material in huge quantities to the Soviets, so that it will fall into German hands as quickly as possible.

Britain's Churchill was quite in his most Churchillian vein today. His broadcast was full of biting phrases for which he's famous. The British, he said, can have no truce or parley with Hitler or the grissly gang who the his wicked will. He went on to say that they're going to mete out to the Germans the measure, and more than the measure, that the Germans have been meting out to the British. So far, he revealed, British bombers in the last few weeks have dropped on Germany just about half the weight of bombs that the Nazis have dropped on Britain since the war began. But he added that the work of the last few weeks is only a beginning: the tide of bombing will rise and rise, month after month and year after year. Then he made another promise that as the nights lengthen, that unhappy province of Germany, which used to be called Italy, will get its portion of bombings.

Then he uttered a warning. The Nazis, he disclosed, have complete plans for even more ferocious attacks upon the British than those of last year. However, he declared, the British ask no favors from the enemy. There has been some agitation in Britain that the British should enter into an agreement with Germany to cut

told the world today.

George Bernard Shaw and Professor Gilbert Murray. Churchill's this: was, I quote: "If tonight the people of London were asked to cast their votes as to whether a convention should be entered into for stopping the bombings of cities, the overwhelming majority would cry 'No!"

Then he went on to speak of the heroic way in which

the Londoners have conducted themselves during the bombings by

the Magie.

Britain, he said, now has equality with Germany in the air and

will soon have superiority. No matter how sombre the road, or

how grievous the task, the British will never turn from their

purpose until a new freedom and glory for all mankind is born, said

the.

A year from now, the number of bombs dropped on Germany will

have been multiplied manyfold. So Britain's Prime Minister

One of the curious aspects of the Russo-German war is the pessimistic tone of Hitler's allies, the Italians. instance, here's a comment of a writer in the newspaper owned by the family of Mussolini's own son-in-law, and Foreign Minister, Count Ciano. Ciano's paper warns the people of Italy against being over-confident of quick results in Russia. Even the Germans admit Russian resistance has been fierce and tenacious. So writes that Rascist critic. and he added that the defenders of the Stalin Line give in only because of the technical superiority of the Germans. And even a desperately for every work hard for their gains. The stiff resistance of the Russians on the battlefield, he says further, is due to the racial tendencies of the Slavs. Many people, he adds, expected to see the Bolshevik realm collapse after a few days of fighting. And now those people are becoming disconcerted over the unexpected military efficiency of the Russians. If the Soviet realm is hated by the masses as much as people say, how can the Bolsheviks hold out? And the writer says further:- "The resistance of the

Russians gives ** to insidious doubts and uncertainties. and that a remarkable admission to be made in a paper owned by

life

the son-in-law of Hitler's ally, Mussolini.

The State Department today gave indirect answer to the charge by Senator Wheeler of Montana that the government's next move would probably be to grab the Azores and the Cape Verde Islands. Sumner Welles, the Acting Secretary, speaking for the State Department, said the United States government was anxious that Portugal should retain into control over those islands and that the United States has no intention to acti against them. Carefully chosen words, you'llnotice. As a matter of fact, in saying this, Sumner Welles was repeating a statedment made by Secretary Hull a month ago. The question came up at a press conference because of a statement the Portuguese Foreign Minister had made, saying he had been assured that the islands would not be occupied by American forces. Acting Secretary Welles in reply pointed to President Roosevelt's proclamation when he announced the occupation of Iceland in which he said we wdidn't want to see any change in the sovereignty of any strategic outposts in the Atlantic.

It was a weighty session that leaders of Congress had with President Roosevelt at the White House today. The matter discussed was a ticklish one - military service. The conference lasted two hours and fifteen minutes. The President sided with his Chief of Staff, General George Marshall, who was also there. The President and the General told the Congressmen that the government has got secret information gathered by intelligence agents, which renders it necessary to hold the drafted men in the army for longer than the original year of service laid down in the Act. That information puts the fat really in the fire. Corollary with this, there is also the grave question of removing the prohibition against sending the troops outside the country.

The leading Congressmen told Mr. Roosevelt and his

Chief of Staff that there's earnest opposition in both Senate and

House to holding the men more than a year. The opposition might

even possibly be overwhelming. In fact, One Congressman that was

present reported that they have told Mr. Roosevelt that if he

insists he'll be up against a knock-down, drag-out battle.

Nevertheless, the Legislators admitted that the President and

General Marshall had told them exceedingly urgent facts, even startling. Said Senator Barkley, the majority leader in the Control What Marshall said was most convincing but of course I can't reveal anything he told us." Corollaryxwas thisixxtherexisxelsexthexgravexquestionxofxremoxingxthe

At the end of the conference, the Congressmen arrived at one conclusion. Committees in both the House and the Senate will hold hearings at once and listen to witnesses on both sides. Republican Congressman Wadsworth of New Fork told reporters that everybody admitted the importance of the emergency, and everybody got a better view of what the predicament is. We are just starting to get an army trained, said Wadsworth, who has long been recognized as an authority on military affairs. And he added, "Now we have to decide whether we should take a chance tearing to pieces an army just as it's beginning to become good."

And here's the latest from Washington. The

President has decided to yield on one point. He won't ask Congress

to permit him to send either the National Guard or the selective

service men anywhere outside this hemisphere. That's an announcement that astonished Washington, this afternoon. Everybody had expected that Mr. Roosevelt would stand by his guns and insist on the doing away with the Congress's geographical restrictions on the movement of troops. But at that White House conference this afternoon, it became so plain that he would have a tought fight on his hands, putting over both those points in Congress. After the congressional leaders had left the White House, General Marshall remained and was closeted with the President the General left the President, for more than two hours. this news leaked out seems to be accepted in Washington that this yielding on the part of Mr. Roosevelt is only temporary. for the time being, he's going to press for only one concession: To continue the service of the men now being trained as immexammen well as the National Guardsmen, as long as the emergency lasts.

Out in California, they registered use women to build airplanes. Twenty-nine of them today registered and began a six weeks' course in airplane building at an aircraft school.

The manager of the school declared that they be sure of jobs.

Incidentally, about half of them are young housewives. The manager of the school also said that one airplane manufacturer in those parts has had considerable success with women in some of the departments of his factory.

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These are anxious days and nights for the folks in a little mountain village, in Virginia. It's a mining community called St. Charles. A week ago, several days of torrential rains culminated in a landslide. The steady downpour had loosened the dirt beneath a huge pile of dirt and slate. Thereupon, myriad tons of earth started sliding forward in the direction of the village. For a while it looked as if St. Charles would be wiped out completely, but the landslide stopped dead just as it had crushed six houses and damaged others. The folks of St. Charles hoped that this was all, and went to work to repair the harm done. But yesterday that slide began moving again, It was just like a river of dirt and rock. This time it started to spread in three prongs, rearing up to a height of twenty feet.

In The path of that slide now covers a number of acres, and many houses have had to be evacuated. Miners had to put their household goods out in the rain or shove them in the houses of the neighbors. To add to today's terrors, heavy black clouds were hanging over the mountains bringing the fear of another townerful downpour, and then that the slide may turn at any moment into an avalanche.

Lou Gehrig in the movies - that is, Mrs. Lou, his widow.

That's a bit of interesting nows I just heard from Clem McCarthy.

He had a telephone call from Christy Walsh at the coast, reporting that the wife of the famous Iron Man of Baseball had just arrived at Hollywood, and had signed a contract with Sam Goldwyn for a last

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The news carries the typical Hollywoody postscript. "No limit on production costs."

Here's the latest in the controversy over the yoo-hooing soldiers and Lieutenant-General Ben Lear, who disciplined them.

Not since the World War has any military topic aroused such a tremendous volume of comment and argument. And here's the climax:

He was there to inspect Fort Harrison. When the reporters were admitted into the General's presence, they asked him whether he wasn't a little surprised at the controversy he had stirred up.

of it," said Lieutenant-General Ben Lear.

and what say you thugh?

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