GOOD EVENING EVERYBODY:

The latest news is the worst of news, about the British submarine tragedy. For tragedy it seems to be. At Nine fifty-five P.M., London time, the admiralty issued this pessimistic statement. It reads:- "The admiralty regret to state that hope of saving further lives is now diminishing."

This grim announcement is taken to mean that the men

the sunken submarine THETIS are not likely to be alive. No

sound has been heard in the foundered hull, not a signal for hours.

The air by now must be almost exhausted. Desperate attempts are

being made to raise the steel hull, that living coffin. But it is

a difficult task. Divers report that the bow of the THETIS is deeply

embedded in mud, and it will be difficult to raise the hull. Even

if they succeed, it will take several hours more - when all air will

surely be exhausted. Such is the harrowing word that comes from

Britain.

Today's news of the THETIS was harrowing A hope and darkening fear. The word flashed that the sunken submarine had been found -- and not so completely sunken after all. (It was in shallow water, the after part of the boat sticking up above the surface. Fighteen feet of the tail was out of the water -nose xurned buried in mud on the bottom. ) It surely seemed it would not be difficult to rescue the men inside -- and England thrilled with hope. Plans were made to through the steel shell of the part above water, rip into it with acetylene torches and let the men out. Meanwhile there were changing reports about the number of men inside -- many more than normal, a large company of technicians from the submarine building plant in addition to the crew. At first the number was given at seventy odd, then eighty odd, the latest figure is ninety-four -- that many men trapped in the foundered AXMAXXXXXXXXXX A crew of fifty-eight and twenty-six civilians. The excessive number of possible victims made the story of the THETIS one of exceptional anxiety and horror.

The word came all were alive and well inside -- this information given by signals rapped out on the steel hull. Then -- four men were out -- they escaped by means of the artificial "lung"

too much water.

the contraption that permits men to breathe while getting out of a submarine and coming up texthe through the water. The four popped to the surface one after another. The first to come up was Captain H.P.K. Oram, Commander of the Fifth British Submarine Flotilla. He had gone in the THETIS on the practice dive which turned into disaster. And he was the first to escape in the artificial "lung" so that he, with his technical knowledge of conditions could supervise the rescue. The three who emerged were an officer of the THETIS, a civilian technician and a sailor.

They said the trapped men were suffering from bad air, the air becoming exhausted with so many men breathing. Carbon-dioxide the survivors themselves showed the effects of carbon-dioxide poisoning. Their gloomy report was borne out by the fact that the signals from the THETIS were growing weaker. Constantly from the inside messages were rapped out on the steel hull. But the rapping becoming fainter. Pand another anxiety -- why did not still others emerge by means of the artificial "lung"? (After the four survivors came up -- no more.) There was a surmise that something might have gone wrong inside -- perhaps leeting the men out had let water in,

Worse still, the after-part of the submarine was above the surface because it was low tide and the tide was rising again. The tides are strong and high there on the west British coast. The THETIS was standing almost vertically on its nose, a rescue ship having pushed the stern up higher. (The tide was rushing in fast, and water was pushing strongly against the submarine standing on its head. It pushed the THETIS right over, and the stern disappeared The submarine was now entirely kmx below the in a swirl of water. surface, sunk one hundred percent, and there was no longer any chance to get through the steel shell with acetylene torches and get the men out that way. water, the stern of the not reappear

The British have no rescue chamber such as our own Navy-

diving-bell that saved thirty-three men trapped in the sunken SQUALIS last week. Their only chance in now was to raise the sub, were mobile hoist it above the surface. A Divers descended with lines, placing A steel cable for the hoisting operation. But time was running desperately short, and it takes a heart-breakingly long time to raise a submarine. The air running short inside, ho more signals, but Silence - and now, a gloomy report from the British Admiralty saying that little hope is left. ican story of the Squale a nt our Navy do what the americans have done?

sombre depressing news to the Sovereigns of Butain on their Canadian Town.

In Canada this afternoon, the royal train was speeding

eastward, on its way to the United States - Washington. King George and Queen Elizabeth left the wilderness resort in Jasper Park, and or own part of their sow now are speeding on to the United States part of their American trip the most styful part of the royal town.
The news dispatches tell an idyllic story of the royal stop monarch stop over in the wilderness of the Canadian Rockies. Royal formalities were abandoned there, the sovereigns of Britain allowed to do as they pleased. They went frollicking about, had fun with a paix bear cub and its shaggy mother, joined hands and ran like youngsters through the woods. It was all so idyllic and so touching that even the stern strong superintendent of Jasper Park melted to a softened mood. That rugged woodsman is not one who melts easily. "I'm not a sentimental man, " he said today, "but just to see the Queen look at the King and see him smile back at her - it just made me want to cry. If ever two people were in love, those two are." Thus spake the strong and silent woodsman. of the wilderness resorts

Pitiful scenes were enacted in Havana today. On the sea-wall of the Avenida Del Puerto, Rundreds of people stood weeping and waving a tearful good-bye. They cried out a pathetic farewell to a ship that was leaving. They were Jewish people of Havana, and the ship was a German liner with the Hitler Swastika. They were friends and relatives of the nine hundred and eighteen Jewish refugees, who were forced to depart from Cuban waters. The friends and relatives ran along the seawall to get a last look at those aboard, as the ship got under way and moved out of the harbor - returning to Hamburg, bound for Hitler's Germany.

Utter despair for the refugees abound! Four of them are reported to have attempted suicide after the decree was issued yesterday - with the Havana government would not let them thousa. The Nazi captain said he was taking precautions against more suicide attempts. Small boats followed the liner through the harbor, anticipating that some of the refugees might leap overboard - to take their lives or try and swim ashore.

The German liner has been ordered to return to Hamburg.

Unless it should be permitted to go some place else - some place that would admit the refugees. And the tragic thing is - that no place offers a welcome.

New rioting, shooting and killing in Palestine, with a melodramatic incident reported from the City of Jaffa. A late dispatch tells how the Arab Mayor of Jaffa was sitting in a cafe. He's a member of the Arab moderate parliament and favors the new British plan for an Arab-Jewish state, with Arabs in the majority - the plan the Jews so bitterly resent.

It isn't clear whether the Mayor of Jaffa was attacked today by Arab extremists or by Jewish Zionists. Anyway, here's was what happened. The Arab Mayor was itting at a cafe table when a man approached and hurled a bomb at him. The Mayor was injured by the explosion, but contrived to get his pistol out and started shooting at the bomb thrower. He missed, however, and his assailant escaped.

en

France, in answer to the British-French proposal that the Soviets join the anti-aggression line-up against Hitler. There's no official revelation of what is stated in today's Moscow note, but informed opinion is that it is along the lines of the speech made by Foreign Commissar Molotov two days ago. The Soviets want an outright military alliance, and the British are for a conditional tie-up. The British-French proposal was a complicated sort of affair, according to which any military action to help the Red army would have to be through the League of Nations -

This is one of the things the Soviets don't like. To them
the League business sounds a bit like hedging. Molotov said that
the British-French proposal didn't go far enough, and spoke about
the possibility of Russia being used to pull chestnuts out of the
fire. This is believed to be the tenor of today's Soviet reply although it probably doesn't mention chestnuts.



Here's an echo of the Spanish Civil War. Yesterday we had the story of how the last Italian troops had left Spain, - Mussolini's men who had fought for Franco. Today there's word about Russians, - Soviet soldiers who fought for the defeated Loyalists. Ninety of them have left Spain - Soviet prisoners captured by Franco, and now released. A reminder of what an international affair that Spanish Civil War was - on both sides.

34

Pope Pius the Twelfth today told about his effort in behalf of peace. Several months ago, the news informed us of a vatican peace move made by the veteran papal diplomat, who for so long was Secretary of State Cardinal Pacelli. He was negotiating with the various governments, sounding them out on the subject of averting war - that was in the dangerous hours of the German-Polish crisis, weeks ago.

What was the response of the various governments to the papal plea? That question was answered today by Pope Pius the Twelfth - addressing the College of Cardinals. All the governments responded favorably to the vatican peace plea. All expressed their desire to maintain peace - the dictatorships as well as the democracies. Pope Pius told the Cardinals today the result was so encouraging that he intends to make further moves to promote permanent peace.

The Navy today signed contracts to shell out a lot of money and get a lot of new sea power. The amount of money - three hundred and fifty million dollars. The amount of sea power - twenty-four new warships. Nearly half of the huge sum is being put in just two in vessels, but they will be the world's biggest battleships, sea giants of forty-five thousand tons each, to be built by at a cost of eighty million dollars each. Among the other ships are four light cruisers, eight destroyers, and seven submarines - the largest warship building program the United States has ever put on in peace-time.



We're told today about last night's big dinner at the

White House, - the President dining a group of the biggest of

big business men, and conferring with them. Secretary of Commerce

Harry Hopkins today described the President as being - very pleased.

Presidential pleasure over the big business dining and conferring.

Hopkins added that the business men made various suggestions 
prominent being the advice that the National Labor Relations Act

be changed. The industrialists told the President that this was

one thing that business needed, - alterations that Wagner Act

governing labor relations, which has aroused so much controversy.

In Philadelphia golfers are in a fever, discussing the United States Open Golf Championship Tournament which will be staged at fix the Philadelphia Country Club next week. I had a talk on the phone today with Max Leister of the Sun Oil Company, who has a hand in the staging of the tournament, and Max tells me the Spring Mills course is going to prove one of the finest tests years of in the thirty-eight open championship. The greatest golfers will be out there socking the ball, golfers 1100 Ralph Guldahl, defending the champion, Sam Snead, Henry Picard, - and Gene Sarazen. will be playing in his twentieth consecutive open. championship. he believes that in the Philadelphia event, two hundred and eighty-eight or two hundred and eighty-nine will win. Champion Guldahl thinks the winning score will be lower. He thinks the golfer who wins will have to average as low as seventy-one strokes for each round - or two hundred and eighty-four strokes for all four rounds. That's the way the golfers are sizing things up as the

time for the big golfing classic draws near in Philadelphia.

6

Philadelphia's kidnapping case turns into a pitiful story of distracted emotion. Yesterday, a five months old baby,

Gerald McCroghan, was left in his baby carriage on the street 
while his mother went into a store to shop. When she returned,

the child was gone, stolen from the carriage. That began a tense kidnap ordeal for the frantic parents and the searching police.

Today, five months old Gerald McGreghan was found - safe and sound, and well cared for. The kidnapper was an eighteen year old girl, whose own baby had died. And this is the pitiful story she tells about how she snatched the McCroghan child. "I walked past the baby carriage yesterday," she says, "and the more I looked at him the more I wanted him. He reminded me of my own baby. I thought that if I took him, I could get the father of my baby to marry me." She took the kidnapped child to the man convinced him that it was his own. Little in question, and thexistal extotx was xinx their x possession x thexx hex Gerald, McCrogham when found, was intheir possession. Tonight MAKEN A DOMONTA the distracted girl is under arrest, with the man saying she needn't worry, he'll stick by her.

The Arizona man who says he's Charlie Ross is certainly in dead earnest about it. Gustave Blair claims he is that famous Charlie Ross, who as a child of four was kidnapped in Philadelphia sixty-five years ago - one of the most celebrated of all kidnappings. Blair's claim has been upheld in legal proceedings. A decision by an Arizona court has verified his contention that he is indeed Charlie Ross. The Ross family in Philadelphia, however, refuses to recognize him.

-8

Blair is in Philadelphia - and today it's announced that he will make a dramatic gesture to assert his claim. He is sixty-nine. He and his wife have five grown-up children. July the First is the sixty-fifth anniversary of the kidnapping of Charlie Ross - and on that day Blair will remarry his wife, will marry the name of Charlie Ross. Wedding bells to chime out to emphasize his contention that he is that child of long ago now grown up and grown old.

If you've ever seen an army mule, you'll have noticed the expression on the critter's face. An army mule has a languid look, meditative, contemplative - as if in a trance. In other words, sleepy. Now it would appear that the military authorities of the nation are out to change the expression on the army mule's face - change that drowsy look. They've found that the mule looks sleepy, because he is sleepy - suffers from sleeping sickness. The army, after much research, has obtained nine hundred and fifty cubic centimeters of sleeping sickness vaccine, and with this they're going to vaccinate the army mules. So hereafter those mules will be distinguished by an expression of extreme vivacity, with the snapping of eyes and the wagging of ears - alert and sprightly mules. They'll probably kick harder than ever, 5-L- mank