AUSTRALIA

L.J. - Sunoco. Tuesday, april 13, 1943.

The day-by-day stories of a great Japanese concentration of power in the southwestern Pacific comes to a climax today in an Australian dispatch that the Japs have massed two hundred thousand troops at their bases north of Australia and have hugely increased their air strength. And today's from General MacArthur's headquarters in Australia gives warning that a full scale enemy assault may be launched at any time.

An estimate of the situation is given by General Sir Thomas Blamey, Commander of Allied ground troops under General MacArthur. His thesis is that the Japs lost a lot of face by the defeats in the Coral Sea, at Midway, Guadalcanal, New Guinea, the Bismarck Sea. Their pride is hurt, and they have assembled forces to do something to retrieve their

injured prestige.

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General Blamey explained that during recent months, the United Nations have won the dominance of the air in the southwestern Pacific, and this the Japs intend to challenge. That is why they have been massing planes, and launching a series of big time air attacks. They hurled ninety-eight planes against Tulagi, forty-five against Oro Bay, then the latest - a hundred planes against Port Moresby. This happened yesterday, when the Japs lost fifty-two aircraft shot down.

In all the recent raids, they have lost ninety-seven. Figuring from the reports that have come in, our own loss was only nine - giving us a ratio of better than ten-to-one. That would seem to be mighty encouraging; but, what we get is a stern warning, a warning that the Japs have concentrated a great abundance of strength, troops and planes, and seem to be up to

something.

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In North Africa things have pretty well shaped themselves for a final battle - the Nazis' last stand at the tip of Tunisia. Today, the forces of the United Nations, British, Americans, French, continued to push forward - tightening the ring around the beleaguered Axis army in its fortified stronghold - Tunis-Bizerte The British Eighth Army, moving up from the south, has have thrust to a point twenty miles above the captured holy city of Kairouan. And north in the Tunisian tip, the British First Army scored advances today. So did the Americans and the French. Rommel's Afrika Korps is trying to slow down the Allies by means of minefields and rear guard resistance, to give more time for the last stand.

Students of history will be reminded that the tip of Tunisia is the site of **See** ancient **EityxEfx** Carthage, which was near the present naval base at

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Bizerte. There, in a memorable siege, the Romans drew their lines around the Carthaginian stronghold, and the record of war knows of no more bitter siege than the one that ensued. Modern battles being on a scale so much larger, the present-day replica of the fall of Carthage includes, not merely a town and citadel, but the memoral area of the ancient Carthaginian homeland. Dat in many respects, the antique story is repeated.

The estimates are that the Axis have some two hundred and ten to two hundred and twenty thousand men in the pocket at the tip of Tunisia. About a hundred and fifty thousand of these are Germans, the rest Italians. During the Tunisian fighting of the pest five months, more than thirty-three thousand enemy **FEE** prisoners have been captured - according to the best figures available.

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Meanwhile, Allied air fore continues to

strike at Italy. We hear of two more American bomber by Doolittle's Bombers. raids against Naples, They were Daylight affairs, and smash at the largest port that the Nazis in Tunisia

can depend on for badly needed supplies.

ENGLAND

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In the London House of Commons today, some bitter words were spoken, and your Uncle Sam was in the thick of a blistering blaze. . This country was angrily assailed, and the assailant was just as scathingly denounced. The violent critic of America was Captain Alec Cunningham-Reid, who got upand said that the United States the not appreciate what Great Britain has done in the war. He contended that if it hadn't been for Britain's gallant defense, Americans would now be under the domination of Nazi Germany." And the used these ironical words; - "if it were not for the little incident known as the Battle of Britain." That is what saved America, " said he; and added: "It is most regrettable that Americans have a perverted view of British achievements and British aims."

He went on to state that a new form of isolationism is developing in the United States, and

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added that certain American elements want to take Canada, and Aacquire British bases in the Atlantic and Pacific. Captain Alec Cunningham-Reid got around to his climax when he charged America with aiming at worldwide domination of the air and a monopoly of world commerce.

In other words, your Uncle Sam was given a thorough going-over by the honorable gentleman, who, in turn, was skinned alive by another M.P. - Brendan Bracken, British Minister of Information, Re described the Cunningham-Reid statements with these words;-"a story of distilled insults to the United States." And as for Americans not appreciating Britain's part Brenden Bracken in the war, he referred to American news men who covered the bombings of Lond "Where was Captain Alec Cunningham-Reid at that time? "Beach-combing in Honolulu during the Battle of Britain," said has the Minister of. Information. It seems that the honorable

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gentleman was indeed in Honolulu at the time, a guest of American heiress Doris Duke Cromwell - who has a fabulous estate in HEREINIX Hawaii. However, the there would beach-combing with hardly remind you of the old-time derelict who grubbed a living on a South Sea shore. It we cach-combing de luxe - as Captain Alec Cunningham-Reid can tell you, after his sojourn as a guest there during the bombing of Britain.

Rather savage. But such was the verbal exchange in the stately House of Commons,

GOSSIP

Something of a mystery story was related today by Rear Admiral Train, Director of Naval Intelligence. The Admiral and his intelligence officers are experts at the unraveling of enigmas, and here is an example of the problems that come their way

Out in the Atlantic, a merchant vessel loaded min with war supplies was torpedoed by a German submarine. The crew took to life rafts, and presenting the U-boat appeared on the surface. The Germans took the captain of the freighter aboard the submarine. There, the U-boat skipper addressed him by his full name - surtainty which certainly surprised the American captain. The more so - because he had been assigned to the vessel only m two hours before sailing. He was a replacement. The captain, who was to have commanded the craft, had become suddenly unavailable, and a substitute had been put in. Yet, the U-boat skipper knew his name in full.

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Not only that - he proceeded to mention the port from which the freighter had sailed, the destination to which it was bound, and the exact nature of its cargo. 71 Now where had the undersea prowler acquired all of that precise information? Admiral Train today gave the answer: Nevel Intelligence disclosed That Just before the American ship sailed, a sailor of the crew went to a heighborhood bar, and there he blabbed a few loose words. Enemy espionage was waiting for just that sort of thing and and was American ship doomed. Saya Admiral Train, points the following morals. Le an "There are many enemy agents still in this country, picking up and relaying information unwillingly but carelessly provided by loose-talking Americans. " -In-So worder - don't gossip.

FOOD CONFERENCE

The question of the news men and the forthcoming United Nations Food Conference has produced still another angle - the conference and the Senators. If reporters are to be barred from the United Nations, gathering, should not representatives of the Senators be let in?-The whole thing began when the President suggested that the men of the news he kept away from the conference. That apoused a good deal of protest, and then ye heard that reporters yould be perpitted to cover the Mory. Which in turn, was followed by a sort of compromise - the United Nations get-together to he held at Hot Springs, Virginia, where there are mighty few acilities for news gathering, and where the reporters would be allowed to attend only the opening and closing sessions.

Today these restrictions were criticized in

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the Benate, and suggestions were made that legislators of the upper House should be permitted to attend the United Nations Food Conference. It was pointed out that the United Nations affairs are likely to lead to treaties and these will have to be confirmed by the Senate. And food agreements will need legislation, which the Senate must page.

Today George of Georgia deplored the barring of newsmen from the conference, and Gillette of Iowa hoped that Senators would be invited to attend. "I would dislike to have us <u>demand</u> representation," said he, "but it would be courteous and heapful if the State Department came forward of its own volition."

It all summed up in a demand that public,

the United Mations. Willis of Indiana 250 "Thore

should be a considerable amount of freedom of

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information he said, if there is to be a people's peace." And Nye of North Dakota called for "a Fifth Freedom, Freedom of Information."

Here is the latest:- Congressman Bradley of Michigan has introduced a resolution coording for Nations which the United Status Food Conference will be reported by the representatives of the three big news associations and attended by a joint congressional committee of senators and Congressmen.

ALCATRAZ

Even with all the violence of war dinning in our ears every day, there is still a resonant ring in the phrase - "escape from Alcatraz." It was tried again today - a prison break at the Rock, that prison fortress in San Francisco Bay which is regarded as escape-proof.

Alcatraz, and they are not regarded as having escaped at least not by the prison wardens. This happened six years ago, when two prisoners sawed the bars of their windows, and got off the island - and out into the water. But the swift and treacherous currents off Alcatraz are considered to be no less a barrier than the prison wallstoo difficult for escaping convicts to swim. There have numone that the two who got out half a dozen years ago really made their way to the mainland and have been reported at various places, Oklahema and South America. But the prison authorities place no stock in that

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and believe the two were drowned in the currents off

The story of today's prison break repeats a phrase that once was so familiar - "public enemy Number One." Time was back in the gangster era when Floyd Hamilton, the Texas desperado, was Number One on the public enemy list. He was captured, and sentenced to thirty years of Alcatraz. And he it was who led the attempted escape today. There were four in all. They made a sudden attack on two guards, over-powered them, ran to the shore of the island and dived in. Guards were vigilant, and a hail of bullets followed them. A prison launch went speeding out, and one was recaptured, a Philadelphia kidnaper and bank robber named Brest. WHe tells how he w si mming with another of the escapters, Boarman by name. The latter was hit by a bullet, and disabled. The Pennsylvania desperado

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supported him in the water, did so as long as he could and then had to let **HTR** go. The other convict sank immediately.

All of which accounts for two of the four

jail breakers. The other two are believed to have the summer of the currents off Alcatraz. One of them - Floyd

Hamilton who used to be rated as Public Fnemy Number One.

JEFFEESON

The visitor to Washington nowadays will see a multitude of new buildings, and of these there is one that catches and holds the eye. \ It is of gleaming white marble, exceedingly simple, Roman in character, It is, in fact, modeled on the lines of with a dome. That is appropriate - for Rome's the Pantheon. In two thousand year old Pantheon was a structure admixed greatly admired by Thomas Jefferson, who himself was a talented architect. And the new building in Washington is the Jefferson Memorial.

Today it was dedicated - on the Two Hundredth Birthday of the author of the Declaration of Independence. President Roosevelt presided, and spoke the dedicatory address. There was one point the President made that seemed to me particularly apt and timely. He spoke of how much Thomas Jefferson of the Rovelutionary War, Jefferson the third-President of the JEFFERSON - 2

United States, means to us_today, st_this moment_more, sotually, then he-meant to previous Americans. The President repeated the idea twice. Once he said: "Our generation of Americans can understand much in Jefferson's life which intervening generations could not see as well as we." Then later he put it in these words: "Jefferson corress a hundred and fifty years of time is closer to living men than many of our leaders in the years between."

That made me start thinking, trying to figure what point of Jefferson's philosophy`would mean so much more to us than it could have meant to Americans of *here is one angle that occurred to me:*some while back? And this seemed to be one angle A Jefferson's vision of the human being in a state of liberty, the free human being confronting the universe as an individual on his own. A couple of generations this

ago, this was pretty much taken for granted, but

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nowadays we have to fight against theories that picture human beings as a herd, with each as a mere submerged unit of the mass, which in turn is governed by despotism. In other words, totalitarianism. In this Jefferson's concept of the free man facing the universe becomes, not a statement of the obvious, but a fighting slogan. And we who today confront the herd theories of totalitarianism, can see al the better that the Jefferson thesis of liberty is just another form of the simple Christian principle of the human soul and its individual responsibility, in the face of the THEY PERSON

That, I believe, is one of the things the makes Thomas Jefferson so <u>much alive</u> for us in these wartimes, Jefferson who said - as the President quoted him today: "I have sworn, upon the altar of God, eternal hostility against any form of tyranny over the mind of man."

ADD JEFFERSON

Yesterday I passed through Charlottesville, Virginia, famous as the home of Thomas Jefferson and the site of and his beloved Monticello. On the way into Washington I met three of the officials of Charlottesville, who were bound for the nation's capital to take part in the ceremony dedicating the magnificent Jefferson Memorial. The City Manager, Seth Burnley, Postmaster Pete Perry, and Head of the Ration Board, "Foots" Dettor, said they had hoped the in their town, Jefferson Memorial would be erected axmentxframxxx but that they were reconciled to having it in Washington. D.C., in the same group with the Washington Monument and the Lincoln Memorial. I suppose. just as I have, you have heard Jefferson's home. prenounced Monti-sello and Monti-shell Jefferson himself had always pronounced it Montishelle. -small mountain .which means

These eminent gentlemen from the home of Jefferson said that until the A second World War complicated matters, more than one hundred thousand

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visitors, from all overthe world were visiting Charlottesville each year, to go through Monticello. And they prophesy that as soon as this war is over the American people will be travelling more than ever before, and they are looking forward to welcoming two hundred thousand visitors a year the shrine of Jefferson, his own home, in Charlottesville.

Postmaster Perry then told me the interesting effect which he said this broadcast had had on a little girl in Thomas Jefferson's home town. Her name is Betty Newman. And, from the time she was a little baby, her parents apparently tuned me in each evening at six:forty-five. Betty became so accustomed to my closing words that she adopted them in her prayers. Said Postmater Perry, Betty would pray: "Dear Lord, take care of Mummy and Daddy, help me to be a good little girl, and now, dear Lord, So Long Until Tomorrow."