Lowell Thomas Broadcast Saturday, October 24, 1931

Good evening everybody. The news has been flashed far and wide that they ${ }^{13}$ opened the biggest bridge in the world of the editors went up and it was Ben Adams, the Digest edger who keeps in about the grand ceremony. Governor Roose-
vel of New York was there and Governor Larson of New Jersey. There were speeches and general congratulations.

Ben Adams reminded me of some of the outstanding physical facts about that bridge. He had them all at his finger ends. I suppose he has already written them in a Digest article. The bridge cost $\$ 60,000,000$. The length, one end to the other, is 4760 feet, and that's nearly a mile. It's 120 feet wide. And the amount of wire used in the cables comes to 107,000 miles.

Ben he me of the economic in= portance of this nobel span which is flung across tho broad Hudson and comneots Now York with New Jersey it wilt mean much to transportation. In fact, Ben explained it in a rather telling phrase. He said that this new George Washington Bridge across the Hudson is just another big step in the remaking of this country for the motor age. And that seems to put the matter in a nut shell.

And then there was an interesting celebration at Rochester, New York, today. It was staged in commemoration of the opening of the first transcontinental telegraph line.
\#hy all the to-do in Rochester? Because Rontrestye was the birthplace of the pioneering company, the Western Union, what sent that trail-blazing strand of wire across the great plains and mountains of the North American continent.

David Kessler, president of the Rochester Press Association, tells us that it was the dauntless spirit of Hiram Sibley, Ezra Cornell, Don AlonzoWatson, and their companions that made it/possible to send a message in the flashing of minutes across a distance which took weeks and months in the old time of the Pony Express.

One of the simple but exceedingly eloquent ceremonies of the day was an exchange of greetings between the newspapers of Rochester and those of the

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Pacific coast.
Yes, it was appropriate that a flashing of telegraphic messages should commemorate the establishment 70 years ago of the first transcontinental telegraph line.

## CAPONE

 stern words in Chicago this afternoon. He said: "Eleven years in prison and a fifty thousand dollar fine:' That's the sentence, stiff music, that Scarface Al Capone has to face.And there's no delay about it,

8 jail. No time out on bail.

Federal Judge Wilkerson, as the Uni ted Press relates, refused to let the Big Shot out on bail while he's making an appeal. Capone must go to prison at once. $\mathbb{P}$ He took this stiff dose of medicine with a stony face. He seemed to be stunned. He just walked over to his attorneys, shook hands with them and said: "l guess it's all over."

And it does seem to be all over for the burly gang chief. unless his attorneys can find some legal way to break through the stiff decision of the judge, the king of Chicago's gangdom wi II have to serve eleven years for the way he defrauded the government out of income tax.

## LAVAL

Tonight at washington there's ${ }_{2}$ an interesting meeting between two ${ }_{3}$ statesmen. One is Premier Laval of of moth en than ${ }_{4}$ France and the other is Senator Borah, the head of the Senate Foreign Relations ${ }_{6}$ Committee. Yes, and that* meeting has its elements of tension.

Senator Borah has thrown a stick of dynamite into the grand conference between President Hoover and the French Premier.

The Senator gave a statement to a group of French newspaper men and he ${ }_{4}$ is quoted by the Associated Press as 15 speaking some very plain blunt words. reparations and war debts. Otherwise

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he was afraid that the Versailles Treaty would lead to another war. Well, that statement created quite a political sensation. Some people are saying that it wasn't discreet or wise of the Senator to talk so plainly for publication while delicate negotiations were going on between the President of the United States and the Premier of France. The French newspapers don't seem to be going into any raptures of joy over Senator Borah's statement. The central point of French politics is to stick hard and fast to that Treaty of Versailles.

Various bits of personal byplay are reported. French newspaper men are said to have told Premier Laval somewhat excitedly about Senator Borah's strong words, and the Premier is quoted as replying that he came to the United States to talk to President Hoover and not to Senator Borah. And some of the French newspaper men declare that they

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had been warned in advance $x$ by Premier Laval that when they got to the United States they should not pay too much attention to what Senator Borah had to say because he spoke only for himself.

Senator Borah is reported to
have come back with the snappy statement that as for the Premier not $\infty$ ming to America to talk to him, why, Monsieur Laval had expressly indicated the desire to have a chat with the Senator.

Anyway, the Premier and the Senator are meeting tonight at the house of Secretary of State Stimson, and their conversation ought to be interesting.

The formal conference between the President and the Premier ended today. There will, however, be some more informal conversation between the heads of the two governments.

> President Hoover in a press visit it of Premier Laval was a success and
that it would result in profits for the future. The President that it wasn't only frozen credits that were the trouble just now. The main thing was frozen confidence. He believes that $h$ is conforenconwith the French Premier will tend to thaw out that frozen confidence. Meanwhile Jose Laval, the attractive nineteen year old daughter of the French Premier, didn't go to the football game today. That young lady has been attracting quite a good deal of attention. She wanted to do to tax Princeton $n$ to see the Navy-Princeton game, but her father, as the United Press relates, shook his head and said no. It appears that Premier Laval doesn't want his daughter so much in the limelight and furthermore, she had social engagements in Wash ington today which had to be kept. And so she couldn't go to the football game.

JAPAN

Here's what the League of Nat ions said today:- "Now listen, Japan, what we want you to do is take your soldiers out of Manchuria on a specified date. Let's name a time and have a guarantee that by then you will have $m$ arched all your troops out of those parts of Manchuria, where they have no right to be". An

And here's Japan's reply to that. It's very short -- it's just a 2-letter word. Japan says, "NO."

The United Press reports that Japan today turned down the League of Nation's
proposal for setting a definite day for Japanese evacuation of Manchuria.

The League Council responded to that by passing a resolution. The d. N.S. advises ne that this revolution demand that Japan withdraw her troops by nov. $16^{\text {th }}$. Meanwhile the League Council has adjourned until that same date.

## ITALY

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From Italy tonight comes the sound of wedding bells, with the wedding bells chiming out a little bit in advance. That is, there's a rumor of an approaching royal marriage. \#naet, there are quite a few tidings with an echo of wedding bells from the ancient $I$ and of the Caesars.

Today King Victor Emanuel and his Queen celebrated their 35th anniversary. Back in 1896 one of the brilliant events of the years was the marriage of Victor Emanuel, then the Crown Prince of Italy, to Ellen, Princess of Montenegro.

The United Press deser ibes the celebration of the royal anniversary today-as a quiet affair. Their Majesties this evening are attending special performance in =a small the acre in the province of piedmont. The play is an old comedy in tho local dialeot of the province, which is a racy, humorous and funny dialoot.

Tomorrow the royal family of

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Italy will celebrate the first anniversary of the wedding of the daughter of the King and Queen to King Boris of Bulgaria. Their Royal Bulgarian Majesties are $v i s i t i n g$ the King and Queen of Italy, and the two marriage celebrations are being held together. Well, with all these wedding bell festivities it does seem like an appropriate time to announce a new marriage.

The Associated Press declares that tomorrow an engagement will be announced. The Princess Maria, sixteen year old daughter of the King and Queen of Italy, is to marry Archduke Otto, nineteen year old pretender to the vacant the one of Hungary. The Archduke, scion of the ancient Austrian House of Hapsburg will be present, and the news of the engagement will be given to the world with all suitable ceremony.
Well, all the se royal Italian
affairs are interesting all right - but what about Mussolini? Well, he's having

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a little celebration of his own. He has been visiting Naples, where he has received a tremendous ovation. It was from the city of Naples that nine years ago, Mussolini began the Fascist march to Rome, which resulted in an overturn of the government, and the elevation of the Duce to the dictatorship of his country.

Down in Mexico there are 105 school masters who are hungry. They're on a hunger strike.

In the city of San Luis Potosi the 105 school masters assembled today in the State Palace and formally went on a hunger strike. They announced the ir intention to remain with in the Palace and without food until the ir salaries were paid.

The International News Service explains that on account of a financial mix-up, the school masters haven't received any pay for six months.

At the same time they sent-a tel gram to the President of Mexico asking him to do something about getting them their hard-earned-wagos. $1 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{on}^{\prime} t$ know what the result will be, but l should think that 105 school masters on a hunger strike in a State Palace should be a strange enough sight to make the State government say, "O.K., boys, step up and sign the vouchers. Here's your money."

Josef Israels.
Raveler + waiter.
Oct. 24, 1931-

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re: Abyssinia

INIRO_EOR_MR_-ISRAELS

I thought we might en joy a bit of travel this evening, trip to a strange and far-distant place. Let's have Josef Israels take us there. He's a traveler and a writer. In his book called "The Sea and the Land"" he tells of the
 And Ar. Israels is right here to take us. for a moment on the wings of the imagination to the odd sights of that interesting African kingdom r

It's a long, long way to Tipperary -- but tell us, Mr. Israels, how long a way is it to Abyssinia?

Well, from New York it's almost two months by sea, and then a week on a rattle-trap African railroad. That takes you to Addis Ababa, Abyssinia's capital.
l say Abyssinia-booquse it is best known that way hero. But the people there like to call-it Ethiopia, which-was thes name of the ir ancient $k$ ingdom when thes famous queen of Shebz was its rulers The present Emperor, Haile Selassie the First, is a descendant of the Queen of Sheba by the paternity of King Solomon, and very proud of it he is. His skin is dark and he wears a noble beard. speaks good French, is well educated. and most interested in what is going on in Europe and America.

His capital city is a wonderful place, sprawled out on the side of a great mountain. Its name means "The New Flower." There are some paved streets and a few houses built on the European stone style, but most of the city is still composed of the same round straw and mud tukuls in which the Ethiopians
have lived for thousands of years. These Ethiopians, by the way, are Christians. In fact, Abyssinia was the first Christian country in all the world. Saint Mark converted the King and the entire nation, only forty years after the death of Christ. Their faith is the Coptic Catholic one, practically unknown now outside of Egypt and Ethiopia. And Hm the ir forms of worship are a strange mixture of the Catholic service of the mass and barbaric customs. They take the sacrament, and then dance before the Ark of the Lord to the frenzied beat of tom toms.

In "The Sea and the Land" I tell about a pioneer family of Germans in Abyssinia who built a farm in the midst of some of the most desolate wilderness in all the world. I found a number of Europeans in that barren region. Some were Germans, fugitives from what was formerly German East Africa. There were also some Greeks and even a couple of Englishmen. Their farms wore beauty

EQR_MR._BRAELS - 3
spots in the midst of desolation. They grew cotton, tobacco and coffee; some of them even having private gold mines. On all of these homesteads, as even in the city of Addis Ababa, one of the most lovely things is the profusion of flowers. Every house, every courtyard, even the sides of the streets are banked with them -- gorgeous lilies, orchids which would be 类orth a fortune in New York, bougainvillea vines with the ir heavy scent. All this beauty contrasts interestingly with the barbaric splendour of the clothes of the many noblemen and the swarming thousands of white-robed black men in the streets.

And now let's step off Joseph Israel's magic carpet, and here we are back in New York.

At midnight tonight they will hold a solemn ceremony in the big ring at madison Square Garden. In attendance will be long, lean men in chaps, flaming colored shirts, lo-gallon hats, and high-heeled boots. Yes, they're cowboys, and ranchmen. And they're holding a funeral.

The men of the rodeo came on from the West and they ran into a little New York gunplay.

It was a scrap between cowboys and a New York policeman. They say that Owen Crosby, a cowman from Montana, was trying to make neace. If so, he was out of luck, as a peace-maker so often is.

Two cowpunchers were beating up the con when he pulled
a gun and fired. Crosby was killed.

I was at the rodeo last night. I wanted to see how the old art of the bowboy was getting along these days. I had seen many a frontier celebrations out West, and thought at this late day the ways and tricks of the old art of the plains must
have come down a bit.

I was wrong. I was thrillingly, delightfully wrong. And I went to report right here that busting broncos is as wild and exciting as ever. And as for the roping and the general art of the lasso, why you'd think that the cowboy days were still here, from the way those rodeo boys handle a rope.

I don't suppose those traditional accomplishments of the wild West -- busting broncos and roping steers, have any vital economic value in these modern times.

But just the same it seemed like old times to me to witness the mad, exciting spectacle of the bucking bronco, the swish of the lariat, settling around the neck of a calf; and to see the boys bulldog steers.

Yes, it was a sight to make glad the eyes of any
Westerner. And all I can say is "ride 'em, cowboy," and, SO LONG UNTIL MONDAY.

