# SOUTHWESTERN PACIFIC C. J. - Standard. Friday, august 18,1944.

From the southwestern Pacific MacArthur reports a new American landing on still another island wardo. That bit of land lies off the northern coast of New Guinea in the direction pointing to the Philippine Islands, and represents still another step in the MacArthur New Guinea mop-up -- in preparation for a drive toward the Philippines.

At the same time, we hear about more bombings of the Bonin and Volcano Islands, which are over texast toward Japan itself. It is no news that these islands are being assailed. In fact tonight's dispatch uses that war flyer's term -- "milk run". We are told that the bombing of the Bonin and Volcano groups has become so regular as now to be routine -- "milk runs".

## LEAD NORTHERN FRANCE

It looks as if Paris might soon fall to the Allies. That's the impression that one draws from the latest news. American armored forces are in the outskirts of the capital of France. Earlier today they were placed at a point only twelve miles from the Eiffel Tower, and since then they have been rolling on. One dramatic account tells of an American armored column storming into Versailles, the suburb of Paris made historic by the fabulous palace of the Bourbon kings of old. The Nazis had a hugs thrill,

### NORTHERN FRANCE

The great question tonight is - how near are the Americans to Paris? Here's one way of gi figuring.—
The tank forces farthest in advance are within, what a military spokesman calls - "Half an hour's ride of the Eifel Tower." They are riding in General Sherman tanks, and these do twenty-four miles an hour. So that places the Americans within twelve miles of the center of the city on the Seine. They are well within the outskirts of Paris right now.

the fabalous palace of the Bourbon kings of old.

The Nazis had a huge thrill when they seized that historic place over four years ago. And no wonder for it was at Versailles that the Germans had to sign that the treaty which sealed their disaster in the previous world war. And now the Americans are at Versailles, at palace built by Louis the Fourteenth.

These mentions of the picturesque are only a reflection of the headline military fact - that at least four American columns are converging on Paris,

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and they restry much as they please. Enemy resistance seems to have disintegrated, and General Patton's tank columns are just slashing about, looking for any focus of enemy opposition.

It isn't clear whether the Germans will attempt a bitter and destructive fight for Paris, of whether they will abandon the city but the latter seems to be the burn best guess. Efforts are being made to have Paris spared - with one story stating that Pope Pius has intervened as he did for saving Rome from the havoc of modern war.

The battle of the pocket is now in the mopping-up stage, with the allied forces rapidly eliminating what remains of the German Seventh Army. The enemy troops left in the trap are surrendering without too much trouble.

The part of the Seventh Army that got out, escaping through the bottleneck, is still in danger. Another trap was threatened today when Canadian and American forces swept around to the east of the previous

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bottleneck, throwing another net encirclement. At the same time, the escaping German armor is simply being murdered from the air, its tanks and vehicles knocked out by the incessant bombing and gunnery of swooping Allied planes.

Tonight a spokesman at Allied Headquarters stated: "Germany's power of resistance in France is now gone."

#### ADD NORTHERN FRANCE

war front.

The latest tonight is word from the British forces who are pursuing the remnants of the German Seventh Army. We are informed that the Germans now face their greatest defeat in western Europe as the Allies close in with a new encirclement. In other words the Nazi Panzers, having escaped from one trap, now find themselves in another.

The state of affairs in northern France is well reflected by the attitude of German prisoners. One captumed enemy soldier is quoted as saying: "Those who are in still fighting are mad men. They have not the slightest hope and they know it is futile to fight any longer".

The latest summary gives the opinion that the ture of Paris will soon occur, and that the destruction of the German Seventh Army will soon be complete. What will be the result? These two catastrophes for the Nazis may knock Germany out of the war in the West. - So says the latest from the

## SECOND ADD NORTHERN FRANCE

The latest of all, a German news agency dispatch stating that the Nazis expect American tanks to roll into Paris at any hour. German propaganda in preparing the German people for the fall of the capital of France.

## SOUTHERN FRANCE

There is one bit of news tonight that seems to summon the vision of a young man, pale, thin, and clad in an archaic military uniform - an almost juvenile artillery lieutenant standing on a hill and surveying the great harbor. Napoleon Bonaparte, twenty-four years old, about to begin his fabulous career of battles and campaigns. The harbor is Toulon, which an army of the French Revolution is besieging. And the young Bonaparte plans its capture - by showing where to place the cannon, so as to drive out a British fleet. Today that shadow of the past may have been looking down - as another siege of Toulon began.

The Allied invasion in southern France swung to the west today - as indeed we had expected it to do.

To the east of the beaches of the Riviera are the high Alps. To the west lies the great open valley of the river Rhone, wup which the invasion drive will undoubtedly be thrust. And the first great objective to the west is the great naval base of Toulon. The latest word tonight places American forces as within

five miles of the fortress, and right now American

Another objective is - Cannes, which our troops reached yesterday. The word tonight is that there is fighting at the airfield of that millionaire resort on the Riviera.

The drive inland is progressing read fast.

The news tells of speedy flying columns, American and French, motorized columns, rolling on from the coast.

We hear that these have driven inland for thirty miles and are cutting German communications and isolating wazi garrisons - pushing these into corners for an easy map up. A late story pictures the advance all along the line as being made against what it calls - "crumbling oppositions."

The ease of the south France invasion thus far is emphasized by figures the Illied losses.

These are almost incredible - that small. For the first two and a half days of the southern campaign, the Allied forces have lost fewer than three hundred killed, wounded and missing. That is, casualties of all sorts fewer than three hundred. This amounts to less than one-tenth of the losses incurred by one American division alone in an attempt to cross the Bapido river in Italy - the battle for Cassimo.

Now Hugh will you give us your item before I continue with more news.

The news from Russia tonight focuses on attention on three sectors. One -- East Prussia.

Where the Red Army has crossed the border, and Russians are on German soil. So says a story from Moscow.

The second sector is Warsaw. Tang Tonight's bulletin pictures the Russian Army smashing toward the Polish capital from the south.

and third - a blow toward Poland's number two city, Krakow. Stalin announces the capture of the Great German base of Sandomierz, and Krakow is the objective -- the city that is a key to the German industrial province of Silesia.

One of the great heroic angles of the air war was disclosed today - in connection with the Polish uprising in Warsaw, We are familiar with the news of great bob bombing squadrons flying to assail Nazivermany, and today another airmada struck at vital centers of enemy war production. But the headline of heroism tells how British bombers based on southern. Italy are flying supplies, weapons and ammunition to the Polish patriots in the distant city, of Warsaw.

Thus far a hundred planes have flown the trip from Italy to Warsaw, and of these twenty have been lost. So no wonder an official statement today declared:

## WARSAW - 2

"The courage and endurance of the crews against such odds will rank with the outstanding actions of heroism in the war."

At the White House today, President Roosevelt held his first news conference since his return from his wartime trip to Hawaii. And the comment by the United Press man who attended is that the Resident looked a bit tired. "Today he smiled only rarely" writes correspondent Milton MacGruder. "He couldn't be heard back of the first few rows, to begin with and was interrupted by calls of 'louder'." So says the newsman at the White House conference today, and he adds that the President was in, what he called - "a snappish mood", not so many smiles.

He often refused to answer questions asked, and sometimes spoke words of reproof - saying that he was not in the White House to answer fool questions.

One query that provoked a sharp retort concerned the Presidential trip for war conferences in Hawaii - were there any paintif political angles to the trip?

The President replied that a query like that had obviously been planted - the reporter instructed to ask.

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sked in a rest campaign year. It was a fool question, said he and the reporter knew it, and was reluctant to ask it.

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Several important things were disclosed in the press conference - one being that an agreement has been reached for the military occupation of Germany. The President stated that the Allied control of Naziland had been discussed between the United States, Great Britain and Soviet Russia, and that the three powers have come to an understanding. That is - in general. He added that they have not yet worked out details about what parts of Germany shall be occupied by the respective Allied armies, - American, British, and Desertan

And the President spoke out likewise, on another subject much discussed - compulsory training after the war. He's in favor of it -/said he thought that about a million boys/should be taken in for a service period of twelve months. This training, however,

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would not necessarily be military said he, and such a program could not properly be called compulsory military training.

The President pointed to the huge training acidities that have been developed by the armed forces, and said that there should be used for a compulsory training of youth.

What kind of training - if not military? Well, this was indicated more or less by a presidential remark as he looked over the assembled gathering of newsmen. He spoke in effect as follows: "This crowd is muscularly in a very bad shape. I see people here who couldn't even wield a spade, people who would have an awful time digging a ditch - even a dim shallow ditch".

Right you are, Mr. President, I know the White House correspondents in Washington, and the kind-of exercise I've usually seen them take had nothing to do with spades and digging ditches.

Anyway, the President's idea about compulsory

non-military training would seem to be to prevent

American youth from developing the brand of muscles
and type of athletic figure that you find so often
among newspapermen - not to mention a lot of others
who have never smelled printers' ink.

Another subject of news discussion tex today was the rumor of a Wendell Willkie visit to the White House. The President was asked about it, and replied that there was no basis of truth in reports that he has invited Willkie to the white House for a discussion of foreign policy. That's the way the enswer was framed. The newsmen were of the opinion that the ... key to the whole thing lay in the words - "discussion of foreign policy". The Precident was asked whether he would like to talk to Willkie, to which rep he replied: - that was a personal matter.

Republican Candidate Thomas E. Dewey has replied to the invitation extended by Secretary of State Cordell Hull. This follows the Dewey statemen, day before yesterday, in which the Republican Candidate warned against any plan for world domination by the four big powers, the other nations left with little say in the post-war set-up.

yesterday by declaring that no such thing was being considered - no plan whereby the big boys would rule the roost. And, at the same time, he invited Dewey to come down to Washington and discuss plans to be put before the forthcoming international conference.

Dewey's reply is to accept the invitation but not in person. He will send a representative, his
advisor on international matters - John Foster Dulles,
The Dewey letter states: "Mr. Dulles, who is well
known to you and to President Roosevelt, has given a
lifetime to studying constructive action in the field
of foreign affairs. I consider him one of the very

ablest of American authorities on international relations.

Dewey goes on to state that Dulles is fully acquainted with Dewey's own views, and can speak him. And the candidate adds that his motive is to make the question of a post-war arrangement a bi-partisan matter - out of politic's.

Here's the latest - Secretary Hull's reply.

He says he will be delighted to confer with Dewey's representative, John Foster Dulles.

Governor Dewey's spokesman in international matters is a student of world affairs well-known in circles that have to do with international relations. Last January, as a member of an organization set up by the Carnegie Endowment to study the possibilities of world peace, he signed a report max on post war planning. This advocated an international air force. the personnel of which would am swear allegience to an international organization. Foster Dulles, has been prominent in efforts that the churches have made in behalf of peace, and the rumor has been that he will become Secretary of State if Dewey is minf elected.

## INTRODUCTION TO MCCORD

An old friend of mine came into the studio tonight. An old old friend you might say because we were in Alaska together exactly thirty years ago. And he has been there most of the time ever since. He is known in the North as "Sourdough Jack", Jack McCord, from Citkalitic Island. Sourdough Jack's home is the only habitation on that island. He runs cattle there, and sells them mx now to our military forces up there in the North. But Sourdough Jack McCord roams all over Alaska, for he is interested in furs, gold, and the rarer metals too.

Jack, since those days of long ago when I was up there with you, what change has taken place in Alaska?

#### MR. MCCORB

Well, Lowell, Alaska more or less went to sleep for a number of years after you left. But it sure has come to life now, because of the war. Although one fifth the size of the United States, when you were there the population was only about thirty-five thousand whites. You should see it now! I can't tell you the war-time population for security reasons. But, the Territory is cris-crossed with highways, and the hum of airplane motors fills the skies. But the big thing about Alaska, to mm my mind, is just this:- Right after the war, and then on for as long s men fly, Alaska is going to be the cross-roads of the world. It lies right on the main route between American and Asia. So it is going to be an extremely busy place just as it is now. You # Lowell. The whole world will be coming

Yes, Tack, from what we hear both alashoa and Siberia well be in for a boom after this war — with passenger planes thing back & forth.

Today in Detroit, an organization was dissolved. It came to an official end silently and without comment. Yet the time was when that organization made a great stir in this land - Father Coughlin's National Union for Social Justice.

Back in the depression times of 1936, the Detroit radio priest had a huge following, and his Union for Social Justice had a membership of five million. It went into national politics in a large, loud way, and endorsed a third party, Lemke of North Dakota running for President. But 1936 was the great Roosevelt year, greatest of all, and the third party got nowhere. After that, the League for Social Justice declined, was under attack and today it was dissolved the dissolution document signed by Father Coughlin without comment. A silent end.

and now Hugh will you end this broadcast for the week. But not silently, Not silently,