L.T. \_ SUNOCO. MONDAY, MAY 20, 1940.

## GOOD EVENING EVERYBODY:

Tonight the Nazi striking force is turned like a

spearhead towards the Channel ports. Their swift armored division in the vanguard rolling towards Peronne, and if they capture that, they will be a bare sixty miles from the Channel ports. Their spearhead of course is aimed straight at the heart of Britain. There nothing surprising about this. They've been saying for days that their first goal was a foothold on the coast to get themselves air bases that would be only the briefest flying distance from the great City of London, that would lay all of southeastern England open to hat's the wish nearest to Hitler's heart. furious bombardment. And It has been the burden of threats and pronouncements ever since oz which the invasion of Holland and Belgium began. typical of Nazi Steph. policy, the candor with which they announce their military

objectives.

However, the Nazi striking force has not yet reached Peronne, sixty miles from those Channel ports. The division fighting its way in that direction is only a thin wedge. The Nazi drive appears to have halted within the last few hours. The Allies are attacking. That's the big word from all Allied fronts tonight: Attack, attack, attack, always attack! 'It is characteristic of the Maxime abygand. new Generalissimo of the Allied forces, He's a true disciple of old Marshal Foch, the modern master of the attack school. There and other peoples as well -Weygand was now in command. He's astonishing, they say; the most brilliant living general.

In obedience to his orders, the Allies north and south began thrusting at the German defense. The strategy of Weygand, from all accounts and from all evidence, is a gigantic pincers movement, to pinch off the German striking force that has pushed forward way ahead of the main body of Hitler's army. French military authorities declare that the Germans have over-extended themselves and that their lines of communication are threatened.

One scene of the fiercest fighting today was at St. Quentin,

There's a good deal of significance in the fact that the Germans have made no attempt at an aerial bombardment of Paris. From a distance of only sixty miles, they in a position to pour their most des deadly destruction on the French capital. But hitherto they've refrained. Of course there is a politic move in that. The Nazis, as we have observed, claim the British for their principal enemies and do all in their power to detach the French, in an effort to persuade the defenders of France that they ought to desfert their Allies.

Nazi propaganda leaves no words unused to denegrate the British. Their loudest claims today from Belgium, for instance, were that the British were fleeing and that the German advance guard could find hardly any trace of them in Belgium. The British are, as a matter of fact, withdrawing steadily from Belgium but they have done so without loss. There was an indication today that the French and British might have to leave Belgium altogether and take their stand at Dunkirk on French soil, near the Belgian One the the hazi thoust to Peronne is an attempt to cut off the French and British forces in Belgeim The night scene over France and Belgium tonight is pictured for us as one huge inferno. Flames of burning oil supplies and ammunition depots reach to the skies behind both armies. British and French air bombers flew over the German lines, destroying supplies, and the Nazis retaliated. For three nights bombers of the Royal Air Force have been blasting at the German lines and oil depots in Belgium. The paths of the armies Tongues at night are outlined in terrible fashion by huge tone of flame. Here's a latter communique from Berlin. It reports, what is described as official the the Nazis declare the

Swastika flag flies over the French City of Laon. Laon is just seventy-five miles from Paris, thirty-two miles from Rheims.

One American correspondent saw part of the German advance with his own eyes. He saw it from the French side. He went as far in the direction of the approaching German columns as he could, with the noise of the battle growing louder and louder. determine what was going on was The only way he could see the operations, he wires, is by watching the masses of Allied and German planes overhead. They cluster above the raging battle and dive and zoom over the approaching columns. He learned from some of the Allied aviators that every Mero road through the Ardenne and down to the valleys of the Meuse and Sombre is filled with uninterrupted columns of German tanks and armored cars. They roll steadily forward at a speed of thirty miles an hour when there is no interference. From time to time Allied bombers made crash dives out of 'the sky, tearing huge holes in the roads and bridges ahead of the Nazi tanks. The bombs might wipe out some four or five enemy tanks apiece. But the other tanks and armored cars behind them merely detour around the obstacle.

The greatest impediment to the German advance just now played such a vilaf role in is the big French Seventy-Fives, that we heard so much about in the last war. But although they slow down, the German... advance, they haven't stopped it, that is, not until today...

The correspondent talked to the crews of some of the Allied tanks, as they returned steaming hot from the battlefront to take on fuel and munitions. He says it's a question which is *Hernoelves* the hardest on the fighters, the tanks or the fast planes with their crash dives. In the tanks the gunner sits up in a turret with radio ear phones through which he receives his orders from his officers. The man in the turret directs the driver by nudging him with his boots, since it's impossible to be heard above the din of the battle and the noise of the tank.

After a few hours of that din and the heat boiling up inside the tanks, the drivers are completely fagged out. But some of those on the British and French side have been fighting from sunrise to sundown.

In addition to capturing Laon, the German high command say that the Nazi advance guard has penetrated southwest from that

town as far as the canal between the Rivers Oise and the Aisne.

INDIES

as we have heard When the Nazis invaded the Netherlands, all the Dutch colonial authorities took swift action. To protect the Dutch possessions in the East and West Indies, all Germans were promptly now the Hitler slapped into concentration camps. The Nazi Government is trying to force their release. The members of the Dutch Legation and the Belgian Embassy in Berlin are being held in custody in a small German town. And the Nazis declare they won't release them until not only the consular officials in the Dutch colonies are set free, but also all the Germans who have been interned. Thetmakes an awkward problem. The colonial officials would be willing to release the consuls, provided they leave immediately. But there are several hundred Germans in all those colonies who, are capable of ingle an east and west might angas becoming a fifth column Indian Fifth Column.

CHINA

Peace inChina! That's the latest rumor from Shanghai. The way the rumor comes makes it sound as though there were some foundation for it. It is a fact that Japanese officials had been talking with Chinese representatives of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek at Hong Kong. In diplomatic language, these talks are not acknowledged as negotiations, just conversations strictly preliminary.

The most spectacular part of the rumor is that the Chinese report the terms offered by Japan as being acceptable. For instance, the Japanese are supposed to be willing to withdraw from all of central China and south China. But they want to hold on to their conquest in the north and maintain garrisons along two of the most important railroads leading out of Peiping. NorthChina would be converted into a puppet state, with the government headed by a man who would nominally take orders from Chiang Kai-shek but whom the Japanese would select as a Chinese friendly to Japan. On the other hand, the Chinese don't so much care for the exacting te demands for what they call "economic cooperation" in South and Central China. Translated into plain

CHINA - 2

English, it would mean that the Nipponese would have it their own

way in exploiting the country for their own benefit.

All these rumors are denied at Chiang Kai-shek's

headquarters. There have been no peace talks at Hong Kong, So they say in remote chungking . that's the version on the other sides " Observer point ) out that peace in this would free the Japanese for other threating activities in the Pacific

A story of big money comes from Washington, money in a sum that would take our breath away if we hadn't become somewhat used to huge figures in the last few years. One billion, eight hundred and twenty millions, nine hundred and forty-one (Wonder why the 4 dollars ?) all thousand, and four dollars for Uncle Sam's army. That's for the army alone, and that's what the Appropriations Committee urges the Senators to the generals for Uncle Sam's defenses on land and in the air. The new defense bill would place at the immediate disposal of the army one billion, four hundred and ninety-seven million odd dollars in cash, cash for two hundred super-bombers, for twenty-two hundred small planes, for anti-aircraft, anti-tank guns and ammunition. WAside from that sum in cash, the bill carries authorizations for three hundred and twenty-three millions extra, with a blank check for a hundred and thirty-two millions to be used at the discretion of the President. And the President is not expected to report to Congress what has been done with that money before June Thirtieth, Nineteen Forty-Two.

While this was being done by a Senate Committee,

## DEFENSE - 2

General Marshall, Chief-of-Staff of the Army, was talking to the Military Affairs Committee of the House. Marshall wants Congress to extend the limit planes allowed to the Army. At present the limit is six thousand. The Army wants Congress to allow them to have ten thousand.

Major General Arnold, Chief of the Army Air Corps,

had something to say about PresidentRoosevelt's suggestion that Uncle Sam should have no fewer than fifty thousand planes. That is, fifty thousand for both army and navy. Arnold told the Military Apfairs Committee of the House that this would cost no less than seven billion dollars. It would take three and a half billions to train and equip the ground crews alone, and three and a half billions for the planes, That would be at a cost some seventy thousand dollars each.

Industry met with officials of the National Defense in Washington today. It was a session of enthusiasm to begin with; the airship manufacturers promised the utmost cooperation with the Government. But when it was over, considerable grumblings were

DEFENSE\_ 3

heard. They came from the manufacturers They are anxious to

cooperate, they said the government has no concrete plans to help them a set ahead with to help them a set ahead with

Mr. Roosevelt would like us to have.

ALASKA

The business of providing defense for Alaska came up before the Congressmen today. The army chiefs have already been promised that they will have twelve million to spend on an air base Claska, at Anchorage and they're going to work on it right away. So said the Chief-of-Staff, General George Marshall, to a Senate Committee. The staff doesn't feel alarmed about Alaska, but General Marshall said the building of an air base there is a matter of ordinary sensible precaution.

The staff also plans to organize a National Guard in Alaska, with units at Seward, Anchorage, Fairbanks, Ketchikan and Nome, and a unit of the Officers Training Corps at the University of Alaska.

Soviet Russia, incidentally, is already building fortified air bases and submarine bases on the extreme tip of Siberia, opposite Alaska. JEHOVAH Follow Supreme Court

Another ruling by the Supreme Court today will probably be quoted on many future occasions. A couple of self-Jehovah's witnesses went around & Catholic neighborhood in New Haven, Connecticut, selling pamphlets and playing a phonograph. The record they played was an attack on the Roman Catholic Church.

Thile the Supreme Court was hearing the appeal Chief Justice Hughes put the question in open court: "Is there no limit to what you can do because you think you are worshipping After tat that people expected a decision against God?" those Jehovah's witnesses. But the court decided unanimously in their favor. The gist of the ruling was that those witnesses were exercising their religious liberties and that those liberties are essential even though they may be sometimes abused - in 18/2 other words that this is a free country -

ANIMALS

The tenants living in a Kansas City apartment house made These tenants a complaint to the police. They were on the warpath because the apartment house in which they lived also sheltered four Shetland ponies, one goat, one family of cats, one monkey, two lions, and a two year old lion. This, they said, was too much. So the police paid a visit to that apartment house. They found the animals there, all right. In fact, the owned showed them off with great pride, including the two year old lion. But, she said, the animals are going to stay there because the apartment house belongs to her. And she explained that the tenants don't have to ( of which) stay if they don't want to. That answered stumped the cops. and now Hugh