Good Evening, Everybody:

The Nazi steamroller to rolling on and on towards Moscow. But the Russians say the German casualties are colossal. As in the past, in Holland, Belgium, France, Greece, and Crete, the Nazis are using vast numbers of parachute troops.

story. Though the Nazi attack is moving forward, it is being slowed up by the desperate resistance of the Reds. It was by unexpected concentration of superior numbers and greater volumes of machinery at certain points that the Germans achieved their surprises. And that now is wearing off, says Moscow.

Hitler's hope of reaching Moscow before winter closes down depends on his ability to throw in fresh reserves to overwhelm the new divisions brought in by Soviet Marshal Timoshenko.

The latest is that the Nazis are aiming to take Moscow from the rear.

The Nazi High Command put out a special communique to today announcing that they have taken three-hundred-and-fifty thousand Russian prisoners in the Battles around Bryansk and Vyazma. In the regular communique they reported that the Red Army pockets around Vyazma had been almost entirely destroyed. Hitler's troops are now only a hundred miles to the south of Moscow, and driving on East.

In London, military experts admit that the situation around Moscow tonight is desperate. The Soviet chiefs are rushing their evacuation of women and children, apparently preparing for a siege just like what is going on at Leningrad and Odessa.

Even supposing the Russian claim is true that
Hitler's fourth offensive has been slowed up, we hear that the
Nazis still have huge reserves all set for a fifth and final
onslaught within the next week or two.

British troops are on Soviet Russian soil. At least, so it's reported in one of the Stockholm newspapers. The Swedish tw rumor has it that an expedition numbering tens of thousands has landed at Archangel. This gave rise to a further rumor that the expedition includes Canadian divisions, probably on the assumption that our neighbors to the north are particularly well qualified to handle themselves in the frozen country around Archangel. During the last World War, a Canadian division was quartered there. And a year and a half ago, a Canadian contingent was about to embark for Norway, though it never sailed because the British were obliged to evacuate.

Ottawa refuses to say anything about that Archangel story. However, there was a good deal of gossip in many parts of the Dominion because of the circumstantial news that Colonel Ralton, Defense Minister of Canada, accompanied by ranking staff officers, had suddenly gone to London.

The purpose of the expedition to Reep the road open for supplies to Stalin's

arnies.

There is a report in Washington that President Roosevelt refuses to believe the Soviets are on the verge of collapse.

His opinion is based on what Harry Hopkins told him when he came back from Moscow. And that inclines him to the belief that even after the Nazis have captured Moscow, the Reds will still be able to put up a strong fight.

but from somebody in Congress who has been talking to Mr. Roosevelt.

The President's inside information leads him to believe that the

Red generals will try to withdraw to a defensive line in an arc

behind the Volga River. Behind them will be forty per cent of the

war industries of the Soviets, and that's the area they will protect.

The story continues that Mr. Roosevelt is waiting for further and later information from W. Averell Harriman, the head of the American mission to Moscow.

If the grapevine reports are accurate, the President is more worried about Japan than he is about Russia. His principal fear is that, at the first unmistakeable sign of a Red collapse, the

Nipponese generals will move into Siberia. And there's always the possibility that more spectacular Nazi victories in Russia will prompt the warlike Japanese to continue their thrust southward from Indo-China. If anything like that happens, Washington says the United States will be what the diplomats call Krietzerians

Now for some news about President Roosevelt which does come from the White House. It's a statement from the President himself, and it reads:- "Within the past few days large amounts of supplies have been sent to Russia." The President further stated that all of the man munitions, including tanks, airplanes and trucks PREMIXERY which were promised at the Moscow conference for delivery in October, will be sent to Russia before the end of the month. Such supplies, added the statement from the President, are leaving United States ports constantly, and the statement said further:-"The staffs in the army and the Maritime Commission have worked over the past weekend, rushing supplies to the seaboard, and everything possible is being done to send material to Russia to help the brave defense which is being made."

Three Cabinet Finisters appeared as witnesses before the

Foreign Affairs Committee of the House today. They were there to

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persuade congressmen to repeal two of the articles in the Neutrality

Law.

describe that revision of the act which forbids the arming of

American Merchantmen. He said it ought to be repealed to reestablish

the self-respect of the United States on the ocean. Stimson even

went so far as to say that this Neutrality Law is actually hamstringing

national defense. That provision, he said, should be repealed at

once and eventually Congress should also do away with the clause

which keeps American ships out of combat zones.

Government has committeed complete breach of faith on the high seas,

disregarded all the rules of sea warfare. In the Atlantic Ocean,

he said, submarines, armed raiders and high power bombing planes

are inflicting death and destruction in a manner which would put

to shame the most ruthless pirates of earlier days.

Hitler, he declared, is desperately seeking to control the high seas. And the Neutrality Law, he added, makes it impossible for American vessels to defend themselves against lawless forces that are seeking world domination.

Then came Secretary of the Navy Knox, he used even stronger language, urged the Committee to put a period to this peace of national hypocricy, meaning the entire Neutrality Act.

Admiral Emery Land, Chairman of the Maritime Commission,
also put in his word, and it sounds important. Some people have
claimed that it wouldn't do any good to arm merchantmen, because
they couldn't catch submarines anyway. Admiral Land said that,
nevertheless, it would give the freight ships a chance against
surface raiders, and it would oblige the submarines to stay under
water. Also, said the Admiral, it would have an invaluable effect
upon the morale of the crews of merchantmen. They at least
yant to do something because makes
the senator wheeler of Montana returned to Washington today,

after a tour of lecturing in the far west. He announced that he's going to make a strong fight against the repet repeal of any part

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of the Neutrality Act. He's against arming the merchant ships.

"You will remember," he said, "that twenty-one days after

President Wilson armed merchant ships, he asked for a declaration
of war.

Another billion and a half is given the Reconstruction

Finance Corporation. The bill authorizing it went through the

House a few weeks ago, and today the Senate passed it by a voice

vote. So now it goes to the White House to be signed.

One billion alone of the amount is to be lent to the steel corporations so that they may expand their capacity by ten million tons of steel a year. And that what aroused the anxiety of Senator O'Mahoney of Wyoming. He said there was great danger that control of steel production would be given over to those who in the past have been more interested in keeping the price up and the production down. Senator Barkley, the majority leader, assured the Wyoming Senator that as far as possible those funds would be protected, and he need not entertain any fears on that score.

At any rate, it only remains now for the President to sign it.

## PLANE CRASH

Two airplanes crashed in Java, and fourteen people

were killed. One of them was Lieutenant-General Berenschot,

Commander-in-Chief of the Army of the Dutch East Indies. Both

of the planes were American built. The one in which the General

was riding was aflame when it crashed into a group of native houses,

near the airport at Batavia. Seven of the natives in the houses

were killed.



The Supreme Court of the United States has consented to review a couple of cases that will make history in the labor world. One of them comes from Wisconsin. That state has a law on its books called the Employment Peace Act. This declares that if workers or unions try to intimidate other workers, that's an unfair labor practice, likewise mass picketing. It also forbids any strike that hasn't been approved by a majority of the workers in a plant, in a secret ballot.

This law has been bitterly fought in the state where it pronounced it all was passed, but the Supreme Court of Wisconsin announced it good.

right. If the Supreme Court of the United States does the same, that Will mean that the states will have wide powers to control states strikes.

Another interesting case concerns the New York Local of the Teamsters Union. The officers of that local were prosecuted by the Department of Justice on charges of having violated the Sherman Anti-Trust Act, also the federal law against racketeering. The Government charged that the Teamsters Local held up trucks that

were coming into New York City and prevented them from entering

unless they either hired a member of the New York Local or paid
the Union a day's wages. The operator of a large truck had to pay
nine dollars and forty-two cents to drive into New York; a small
truck eight dollars and forty-one cents. The Union declared that
only members of Local Eight 807 could drive trucks within the
City of New York. The Government declared that this was done by
threats of
violence, also by force.

The Union was convicted and the conviction was appealed.

In the Circuit Court the Union won half a victory. The judges on the Circuit Court said unanimously that the Sherman Act had been violated, fout they were divided on the question of the anti-racketeering law.

Some of the Circuit Court judges declared that this anti-racketeering law did not apply to labor disputes and that it wasn't a crime for a labor union to get jobs for its members even by threats of violence.

The high judges are also going to review a case most important to members of the Communist Party, likewise to Harry Bridges, the West Coast C.I.O. boss. The case in question concerns William Schneiderman, also of the West Coast, who admits to being a



communist. The government cancelled his naturalization. He appealed, and the lower courts upheld the government, said that a Communist has no right to be a citizen because the Party is fundamentally against the American form of government and in favor of its being thrown over by force.

Schneiderman's case is that he is a member of the Communist

Party, but that neither he nor his Party is in favor of overthrowing the government. And that's what the high court is going to decide.

Here's an item that belongs in a gossip broadcast rather than mine. But as it came in over the wire, you might as well have it. Tommy Manville engaged again. But this time not to a secretary nor a lady of the chorus. This time she's an heiress, a ham heiress, in fact the Smithfield Ham heiress, Miss Barbara Bannister. The rich young lady of the hams has admitted to reporters that she adores the now bald-headed, every-green Tommy.

were crowded today. Banners fluttered and flags bedecked the buildings.

houses, Never in the memory of its cops, had there been such a the nuble city named for the Lord Baltimore, celebration in the city. There were five thousand people wedged like sardines in front of the City Hall alone.

And what was the occasion? Was Baltimore so out-doing praise itself to resing the memory of Christophe Colombo? Not at all.

The Baltimorians turned out to cheer a Baltimore gat who had become Duchess of Windsor, for the sake of whom the sovereign of a great empire had given up his throne. The former Wallis Warfield got a reception in her home town that any empress might have envied.

Oh yes, and there were cheers for H.R.H. also. But it was Wally whom the multitude greeted by name. In a white dress with a fur neckpiece, the Duchess and her Duke went to the City Hall, and received an official welcome from the Mayor of Baltimore, to which

But that wasn't the end of the day's activities. From the City Hall they drove to the Baltimore Country Club. And there they attended by Just found an intimate little party being given in their honor, just eight hundred of Baltimore's Four Hundred, serving team

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the Duke replied briefly.

of Christopher Columbus. In his own country they've been lampooning nim. The newspaper REGIME FASCISTA, declared that all Colombo had done was to found a paradise for Jews. A humorous magazine published a cartoon showing an Italian standing before a statue of Colombo, and scolding him.

Radio Rome broadcast a ditty which runs:-

"Columbo, Colombo, of famous name

Is it you who must take the blame

For America today

And its war-like way."

In case Editor Virginio Gayda is listening in, I might add that there's a verse in the classic American ditty about Columbus which runs:

"In Fourteen Hundred and Ninety-Two
Colomo he waxx set sailo-o
And if he'd known what he wound find
He'd surely have turned tail-o."

and now let's turn to Hugh-O

"He knew the world was round-o", etcetra.

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