L.T. - DELCO. THURSDAY, MARCH 26, 1959.

GOOD EVENING EVERYBODY:

Here's an item that could become big news: - a second announcement that the Tibetan insurrection - a matter of intense interest to the Chinese nationalists on Formosa, Chiang Kai-Shek declaring, personally, today - that if the Tibetans continue their resistance - he will back them up with military measures. Chiang Kai-Shek asserting - that he will take a nationalist Chinese Army onto the mainland.

At Kalimpong, on the Indian side of the Himalayas,

Tibetan refugees doubt a report - that the Tibetan ruling

Council, the Kashag, has declared - Tibetan independence,

as reported in London. They think this may refer, really,

to action by the Kashag - in cancelling a trade treaty

with Red China.

Reports indicate the possibility of a cease-fire in Lhasa. A truce -- being negotiated.

This is based largely on a curious fact -- the way the fighting stopped in the sacred city on the roof of the world.

The Reds -- the first ones to stop shooting.

The rebels -- following suit, and halting their gunfire. Which ushered in -- a period of peace throughout the city.

Such are the reports received at Kalimpong, on the South site of the Himalayas, near on the border of Tibet and India. leading to the supposition of Some sort of cease-fire in Lhasa, waybe, we hear—that the anti-Communist insurgents

have cut the two main roads from Tibet into China.

The Reds, heavily attacked - abandoning the roads. Around communications cut for the Chinese Army in Tibet which is estimated at some fifty thousand. Compelling the Chinese Reds to rely - on air transport for supplies. However, the Chinese, we hear, retain control of airports they constructed in Tibet. Flying fields that are capable of accommodating large cargo planes.

At Kalimpong, United Press International

Correspondent A.K. Das reports - that the Reds are blocking
the flight of Tibetan refugees into India. Large yak and
mule caravans - held up at Yatung, the first caravan town
in Tibet just after you cross the 14,000 foot Nathu-lapass - where on one side you are in Sikkim, and on the
other side Tibet. The first lofty pass we crossed on
our way to Lhasa in 1949.

A dispatch from Kathmandu in Nepal states that

five hundred Tibetan families crossed the border lest

country last weeks. Families that

weeks. Having left Lhasa -- on the advice of the

Jaithful __les 2 4 yrs. oll now_

Dalai Lama. They say the living Buddha foresaw

the Tibetan revolt a couple of months ago, and

advised officials with families -- to leave.

The Communists, we hear, invited the Dalai Lama to a big party, asking him -- not to bring along the armed guard of a hundred and fifty soldiers, which usually accompanies him. The Dalai Lama -- rejecting the invitation. Which led to rumors -- that touched off the rebellion in Lhasa. Probably the rumors that we've been hearing that the Dalai Lama -- that the Dalai Lama -- that the Dalai Lama -- that the Communists.

There is one point of special interest -- in three diplomatic notes to Moscow. The western allies telling the Soviets -- that they attend a summit conference.

Following -- a meeting of the foreign ministers. But -- with a condition.

We've been hearing of a difference of opinion -Between President Eisenhower and British Prime

Minister Macmillan. On the subject -- of that

condition. The president emphatic -- that the heads

of state should meet, only if the foreign ministers

accomplish something. So how do the British and

American notes compare on that point?

They re almost identical, the British communication reading:

"As soon as developments in the foreign ministers

meeting warrant holding a summit conference, her

Majesty's government will be glad to participate in
such a conference."

The western powers reject the Soviet proposal

-- that the two Red satellites, Poland and

Czechoslovakia, should participate in the meeting

of the foreign ministers. Today's joint allied

notes replying -- that the Big Four should begin

the proceedings. Other interested countries to

join in, perhaps -- later on.

NOTE: This last paragraph could be dropped.

NEWFOUNDLAND

At St. John's, Newfoundland, buildings draped in black. "Official mourning" -- at government headquarters.

Which signifies -- a political crisis. Newfoundland Premier Joseph Smallwood -- denouncing what he calls a "betrayal".

Trouble--in the relations between the island and the federal government of Canada. A dispute--about finances. Newfoundland claiming--fifteen million dollars a year. Under the agreement--joining

Newfoundland with Canada, nearly ten years ago. The government at Ottawa--refusing to pay.

So that's what is called -- the "betrayal". Governor Smallwood -- proclaiming a "Day of Mourning". The Newfoundland government buildings -- draped in black.

COLLISION.

The striking thing about last night's collision at sea was the fact that both vessels were equipped with the latest in safety devices. The most advanced radar equipment -- to avoid collisions.

The same -- as in the sinking of the Andrea Dorea.

Even the weather conditions were similar -- a clear night with patches of fog.

It happened off Atlantic City, New Jersey.

The new American luxury liner, Santa Rosa, ripping into an oil tanker. The Santa Rosa, with two-hundred and forty-seven passengers -- returning from a vacation cruise in the Caribbean. The liner - nearly cutting the vessel in two. One member of the

tanker crew -- killed. Three -- missing.

Fire -- breaking out in the paint room of the liner, Raging ## for six hours. Everything ready -- to take the passengers off the Santa Rosa.

But that was not necessary -- when the fire was put out.

The U.S. Coast Guard can suggest -- no reason for the collision at sea.

With only patches of fog -- and all that radar safety equipment.

In the news, today, a story of about as nervewracking an experience as a human being ever had.

The place--appropriate for a take of terror.—

Death Valley. A small settlement in Death Valley-
called Skidoo. A gold miner named Rasmussen--having
a small gold mine, not far from his home. A shaft-eighteen feet below the surface.

Rasmussen--placing charges of dynamite in the shaft. Drilling holes in the rock--and putting in the high explosive. A series of these--one after another. The charges of dynamite--so arranged that they would explode at intervals.

He had just set a charge of dynamite in the eleventh hole. When, for some reason or other, the — an ald story in mining — a premature first charge exploded. The blast knocking him down--

and smashing one leg, so that he couldn't get away.

- Franki

(MORE)

The so he lay there--as the dynamite charges blew up, one after another. The explosions approaching him--a step at a time.

"I lay there and listened," Rasmussen relates,

"as the blasts went off, one after another, about

four or five seconds apart."

Yes, it seemed like sure death--as the explosions came right up to him.

So what saved him? The series of blasts had covered him with earth and debris. Burying him-and protecting him.

agony of suspense-in Death Valley.

VEATEER

The weather - containing its misbehavior. It man weather not aware that this is springtime. One of the worst of blizzards - roaring across the prairie states. Huge snows - in many places.

Communications - tied up. Rivers - in flood.

With tornadoes - on the fringe of the weather disturbance.

And now Old Man Morrow who always knows what sesson it is.

Today, Sir Thomas Lones, Southern's 1985 Money

SCOTLAND.

In Scotland the clan McBain -- has a new chieftain whose official title is -- McBain of McBain.

He's from -- Chicago. A Chicago businessman
-- a director of Marshall Field, and of the First
National Bank of Chicago.

Today, Sir Thomas Innes, Scotland's Lord Nyon,
King of Arms — announced the decision.

Hughston Maynard McBain, the Chicago businessman
-- becoming chieftain of the clan of McBain. In
other words -- McBain of McBain.