NORTH AFRICA

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RETAKE

Twelve of them from the Greenwich Boys Club were fishing in the harbor. The other day at low tide, they noticed rubber sticking up in the mud. They started digging and inside of three days had three-fourths of a ton of old tires as well as old fire hose that the Fire Department had thrown there in Mineteen Thirty.

A man at Atlanta, Georgia, actually tore up his home to help the rubber drive. He is Agnew Field, a veteran of the first World War. His home, it so happened, was made largely of rubber. He built it in the days when used tires were cheap. Staircases were made of old tires, wen flower beds and fences. He dismantled his home and his yard and came to town with somewhere between eight and ten tons of rubber, at least a thousand used autopobile tires.

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MORTH AFRICA - 2

which ended in disaster. The Germans now have struck still further -- sixty-five to seventy miles inside of Egypt.

The question now is - where will the empire forces make a stand? The best surmise that we get from Cairo is Mersa Matruh, Thur is a hundred and forty miles inside the Egyptian border, and the terminus of the railroad line from Cairo. They say that Mersa Matruh provides the next natural defense line to which the British can retire.

One supposition is that Tommel will try to cut around to the south of the Mersa Matrush and attempt to outflank that defense line -- as he has done in the case of the Salum-Halfaya position.

The strategic elements of the North African battle are simple -- the Mediterranean Coast to the north and the desert to the south.

That invites flanking movements cutting around the south - and circling up to the coast, threatening to pin the defenders against the sea.

Nile. This would be enormously difficult -- far down from the coast, away down in the blistering heart of the burning sands.

But the London commentators think it might be possible.

All of which suggests a fantasy of heat in the desert. The season of the most intense heat is on in Africa, and today's accounts tell of battle in fiery temperatures and swirling sandstorms Previously, it had been taken for granted that warfare was not possible on the desert in the summer — unbearably hot, is an inferno.

It was taken for granted that the Borth African Expense,
which had lasted all winter, would automatically cease when the
summer heat had begun to flame. So can it be that Rommel has
made it part of his strategy to attempt what was considered
impossible -- veritably using the summer heat of the desert as a
weapon?

He is supposed to have air-cooled tanks -- nothing impossible.

I believe that there are American air-cooled tanks. But even so,
infantry has to be used -- and maybe one Rommel trick is to have
infantry that can take the worst of heat. It is known that the
infantry decreases trained their Afrika Korps to endure high

temperatures -- heat hardening

However all that may be, the issue of Egypt is in a supreme crisis tonight. The British Army is being reinforced.

We have reports of troops being drawn out of Syria and Palestine to help Egypt. Axis sources tell of an American manhant mechanized unit being hurried to the Egyptian Front.

Meanwhile, we hear more and more of the heavy concentration of Mazi parachutists and air-borne troops in Crete -- apparently ready for a blow in some direction. If the British Mt diminish their strength in Syria and Palesting, the Mazis might strike at those places by air. Or mybe they may try to hurl their sky units into Egypt -- in an attempt to outflank the British Arms there. Pall of which is a grave dilemma -- as the manner empire forces muster their first stand at Mersa Matruph.

They are striving by every means to impede the advance of Rommel's columns. And this means -- air action. Today combined Royal Air Force and American squadrons struck incessantly at Nazi supply basis and advancing troops. Our own giant consolidated bombers were in the thick of it -- smashing at the enemy far and

wide across the desert.

Today in Washington, the question of Egypt was in the forefront -- as President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Winston Churchill continued their conferences. They had a White House takk with the leaders of Congress. And then later in the day they held a session of the Pacific War Council. In both cases the proceedings were secret, and we have only meagre reports of what transpired. These are all in accord in stating that the President and Prime Minister gave to be Congressional leaders and the Pacific War Council an encouraging picture of the & general minustime miture situation. For example, Congressman Sam Rayburn, speaker of the House, said this :- "It was a review of the world situation by the President and Prime minister, and made in a fashion that was very pleasing to all of us."

Churchill stated his confidence that the British can hold Expt Egypt against the Nazi mechanized drive. Congressman Joe Martin of Massachusetts said: - "He indicated that Britain will hold and that there is no danger of losing Egypt".

We hear that in the conference with the congressional leaders, Churchill was asked some critical questions. Why is the bulk of the British Army in England? Why are several million trained soldiers kept at home? The Washington News Dispatch states that Churchill warded off these inquiries - "fenced with his questioners", is the expression used.

In the Senate today, the question of the British

Army at home was the theme of a violent verbal attack. Snator

Sllender of Louisiana BE spoke of what he called "The apparent

apathy of British leadership in its inability to cope with

the Axis". And then he said: - "I believe that a large majority

of the British and American people are nauseated and disgusted,

or at least tired, of the continuous inactivity of millions

of soldiers stationed in the British Isles, waiting for an

attack that may never come".

But, of course, Senator, that attack may come. and,

and what about an invasion of the Nazi controlled continent - - that second front?

The Louisiana law maker, having delivered his blast, went
on with a striking demand -- that President Roosevelt should
assume the supreme war leadership of the United Nations. The
President, he said, has the vision, the courage, and skill.

"We must designate a real leader," cried the senator, "And place
in his hands absolute power of command." And the leader he suggests
is -- President Roosevelt.

In London the there are demands for a new kind of leadership the attacks on the Churchill Government are continuing, and the Prime Minister faces a hot reception when he gets back. London has no doubt that he'll win a vote of confidence in Parliament.

The British have not the slightest idea see Churchill ousted as Prime Minister; but there plenty of belief that he should not keep so much of the direction of the war concentrated in his whole hands. By is not only Prime Minister but also Minister of Defense all the belief that he command of British War strategy.

Many think he sould give up the defense post, and turn it over to a military leader. Two names are mentioned in today's dispatch from London -- General Sir Archibald Wavell, Commander in Chief in India and Canadian Lieutenant-General Andrew McNaughton, Commander of Canadian Forces in the British Isles. They say that General McNaughton is coming to the forefront more and more as a gibing big figure.

Britain's discontent with its present leadership was illustrated illustrated today in two speeches, one by Lord Strabolgi, and the other by Alfred Edwards, M.P. These two addresses are m quite independent but they expressed the same scathing idea. Both referred to the present Marshall who has been winning the Morth African victories.

Lord Strabolgi said sarcastically. "Rommel started as a private soldier. If he had been in the British Army he might by this time have reached the rank of many sergeant." Member of Parliament Affred Edwards put it in these terms: "Had Rommel been born in England, he would have been sergeant Rommel --- nor Field Marshall RommelQ."

Here are some words to be scanned with attentive interest. "A European Theatre of operations for United States forces". The expression is used by the War Department in announcing a new military command, which includes all American troops in Europe - in North Ireland and Britain at present. The term "theatre of operations" gives whint of a good deal more than waiting around. It certainly sounds like a turni technical expression for ... goods front. Th of this new American Army area to In legical accord with increasing American and British cuope atten in the war. It nothing more than that, but it costainly done sound like prelude to activity.

The Ham European theatre of operations has a commander, and he was designated today - Major General Dwight D. Eisenhower, who hitherto has been on the war Department General Staff, General Eisenhower is a Texas Texan, as are quite a few of our high ranking officers. He is a West Pointer, fifty-two years old. He arrived in London today, after having conferred with President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Winston Churchill on Monday. Travel

is quick this war-time.

Today the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives completed its work on the new war tax hill. The program commended by the Committee falls nearly three billion dollars short of the amount suggested by the Treasury. The Treausry goal was eight billion and seven million dollars to be raised by taxation during the next fiscal year. The Committee figure is five hillion, nine hundred million.

Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau stated today that the Ways and Means Committee is now consider a last minute plan for deducting income taxes at the source of income -- take tax money out of wages. The proposal is to withold five percent of wages under a pay-as-you-earn system. Starting with income earned in Nineteen Forty-Three

RUBBER

Prom Washington comes a call for a last minute round-up - - a round-up of rubber. The campaign ends on June thirtieth - - so let's make the last four days of it a big climax. This appeal was issued today by the Chairman of the petroleum industry war counsel, who urges rubber-conscious Americans in the following words:- "Check and double-check your attics, garges garages, cellars and back yerds for possible pieces of scrap rubber that might have been overlooked in the first ten days of the drive.

From Hollywood comes a headline both romantic and financial -- kisses at fifty thousand dollars each. Patriotic too -- because the kisses were accompanied by war bonds. The lady in the case is Lana Turner, one of Hollywood's most beautiful stars -- also one of the most blonds.

When Lana started on her bond selling tour, her studio provided her with some written speeches — sales talk. But they weren't Lana's kind of oratory. "They were swell speeches," she says, "All about friends, Romans and countrymen. I told the head men," she continues, "That I couldn't talk that kind of stuff." They responded — well, in that case m she could say it with kisses, give a kiss to each buyer of fifty thousand dollars' worth of bonds.

"I said I thought it was ke kind of cheap," she relates.

They said -- not at fifth thousand dollars per kiss, it wasn't cheap." And Lana had to agree. "A kiss at fifty thousand dollars," she said today, "Is really very expensive. Believe me, it isn't worth it."

The truth of that remark would seem to be illustrated by

what happened. "The first fifty thousand dollar customers," she
as states, "Were two nice old ladies. That," she adds, Was a
jolt. But I took their money and kissed them both, " Lava.

Another fifty thousand dollar customer is described by Miss Turner in the following words: - "He was about eighty years old. He walked with a came. But he had his fifty thousand dollars," she explains, "And he wanted a kiss."

Hogever, there was a break of luck for Lana. "Mext," she exclaims, "Came a twenty-one year old boy," He, however, didn't have fifty thousand dollars. A twenty-one year old seldom has, as most girls know. He had only five thousand which was sufficiently surprising. "I didn't see how such a young boy could have saved up five thousand dollars," says Lana, "But there it was, so I gave him a kiss."

The newsreel men insisted that she do it all over again. So she gave him two kisses. Consequently, he got twice as much for five thousand as the others for fifth thousand, which would seem to indicate that there is some advantage in being twenty-one. Or maybe his patriotism was greater.

Anyway, the kiss-me-again, buy-a-bond tour
was a great success. Lana Turner sold more than five
million dollars' worth. I wonder what Helen of Troy,
or Cleopatra would think of that -- five millions
dollars worth of kisses?

And now, Hugh, as they would say at Oxford Harvard, Will younbring your kisser up to the mike.