L.T. -- SUNOCO, TUCSON, MON. DECEMBER 20, 1943

RAILROADS

This afternoon President Roosevelt held another conference in an attempt to avert a Nation-wide railroad strike. It was unannounced--a White House talk with the leaders of the unions. This follows a previous conference, Union and management--so far as we know the net result remains the same--the dead-lock unbroken.

GOOD EVENING EVERYBODY:

I am at an oasis in the LGreat American Desert tonight. In fact I've been reveling in the balmy weather here at the Arizona Inn--sitting under an orange tree. Which is quite a contrast to the frigid Manhattan Island that I left a few days ago--and a still more frigid Chicago.

Now for the news of the world as it came in to me under my orange tree!

The word in Washington tonight is that the president's ideas are now focused on questions

of over-time paid to railroad workers. Along the line of overtime the railroads differ from other industries. Other industries have a forty-hour week with overtime for anything more. Railroad employees however, get overtime for work beyond a forty-eight hour week. But, suppose that were changed to forty hours? Then they'd get more overtime.

The revolution in Bolivia quite naturally makes us case our eyes mx in the direction of Washington -- the overthrow of President Penaranda being of distinct convers to the United Nations. And from Washington we hear that government officials are much concerned about the insurrectory triumph of the Bolivian Nationalist group. Recretary of State Cordell Hull withholds comment, but other officials took public note of the resemblances between the Bolivian overthrow and the previous military revolution in Argentina. Both were staged by Nationalist Army officers, expecially the younger ones, and in the case of Argentinian affair - it brought no appreciable good to the United Nations.

Bolivia, unlike Argentina, is in the war on our side, President Penaranda having placed his country in support of the United Nations. And the first indications today were that the successful revolutionaris were opposed to the Penaranda-Bolivia policy in the war.

However, these earlier disturbing hints were followed by later and more reassuring news.

The head of the nationalist group that takes power announces: "The new government will respect the international situation, supporting the United Nations in their fight against the Axis".

And the latest tonight, a United Press interview in which the leader of revolt states that there is no relation between the Bolivian and the Argentine revolution.

As I discovered on my recent trip to South

America, the causes of today's Bolivian revolution

might easily have had xx very little to do with

international affaris the United Nations,

and Bolivia's part in the war. In PeruI heard rumbling

from high in the Andes, Bolivian complaints against

the administration of Praident Penaranda, These

centering largely around an industry so important

in the region high in the Andes -- mining.

Bolivia, of course is one of the world'

of the younger officers of the Bolivian Army. The civilian spark-plug, however, has not become President. He announces the naming of a military officer as provisional President - Major Alberto Villarroel.

the severity of the fighting that accompanied the revolution, but from the Argintine we hear that there was a desperate conflict, though a brief one -- four hours of savage fighting in the streets of the city known to fame as the highest national capital in the world.

The young Army group wonout, and President

Pak Penaranda was placed under arrest and was forced

to sign a statement of resignation.

In any case the statement certainly sounds like something forces. It reads: - "I have resigned

went through its twelfth straight day over the weekend

-- with long range Army bombers assaulting a Jap air

base on Mili atoll. An attack on Mili was announced

last night, the news was scarcely out when another

wave of bombers hit the air base

Allied advances are reported on both

Bougainville and New Britain -- in the south western

Pacific.

On Bougainville, invaded by ***** American forces some while ago, our troops have driven across the mouth of the Torokina River, and pushed on for a quarter of a mile beyond the stream. This extends the American beach head to a distance of eight miles.

The advance across the mouth of the Torokina was not much more than a bi bridging operation -- thanks to the artillery. American cannon had laid nown such a next destructive baprage that the Japa had cleared out.

On New Britain, where our troops landed in that recent brilliant amphibious operation, the Americans are rolling on for the full occupation of the Arawe Peninsula. They are approaching as

fascinating bit of news -- and one that may be of large eventual importance. It tells of what must be a magnificent thrilling episode by American and Chinese. -- and the Japs do the telling. The Tokyo News Agency states that a Chinese regiment commanded by American officers has crossed the Patki Hills into Burma and is now fighting against the Jap Army along the upper regions of the Chindwin River.

Now how did those Chinese soldiers and their American officers get there? The Patki Hills are on the border of India and Burma, one of the remote terbidding regions of the world.

The Chindwin River is a tributary of the mighty

Irrawady, that majestic stream which dominates Burma.

The Chindwin derives its name from a group of tribes

-- the Chins, who dwell in secluded mountains and

forest I've travelled through that country and

can vouch for the ferocious difficulties of the

more library single clad mountains; and;

terrain jungles and reggs summits and the man

formidable qualities of the thin tribus tribes for the puzzle of how the Chinese-American outfit got

there -- as is reported by the Japs.

Well. the Japs gave us the explanation. They say the invading force crossed the Patki Hills by way of the new Lido road which American and Chinese engineers have been building across the spaces of Assam and into Burma. This Lido highway is designed to connect eventually with the old Burma road, when this is reconquered. significant thing tonight is the revelation of how far the new Lido Road must have progressed -- with this Chinese and American regiment by travelling it, and

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which is all of to one fourth of the distance across upper Burma. That's where they are fighting the Japs right now.

Britain and sector great military targets in north

Bremen.

But this was only half of the punch
the Magic Rad to take.

The other half being

dated -- Yesterday. So we've got to revert to

yesterday's news to give an account of what amounted

to the whate old one-two punch.

The time has inevitably come for systematic

two-way air attack on Nazi Germany -- from the south

as well as the north. And yesterday's bombers struck

from the Mediterranean. Flying Fortresses and

Liberators hurled their bombs on two key has targets.

One, was Augsburg, southern Germany, a center of German

aircraft pm production; The other, was Insbruck in the

Tyrol, the great railroad center of the Brenner Pass
the Nazi bottle neck of transportation taxth into

So the one-two punch, the boxer's left, followed by the right, takes the form of Mediterranean air power/striking from the south on one day, and the British based bombers swinging down from the north on the next day.

escorted by fighters and fierce air battles were

fought. We lost cleven in both raids of the tone two

process. White In the blow from the south alone the

Fortresses and Liberators battled their way through

a swarm of one hundred German fighters and shot down

thirty-seven -- and twenty-two more probably destroyed.

Eleven anexican Combern lost.

The latest today tells us that the American

bombers based on Britain ran into a lot of those

German rocket guns. Twin engine fighters hurled

their rocket projectiles trying to break up the

bombers by but the American fighter escorts beat them

off. "Completely smuthered the enemy attack" says today's London dispatch. and placed their bomb buret squarely on the targets. Tonight it may well be that the British are following up with one of their own night attacks. London reports that the Berlin radio went off after the hours of darkness - suggesting another R.A.F. blow hupled through the darkness.

FOLL OW BOMBING

London tells us that American Flying

Fortresses and Liberators may soon be able to

raid Berlin by daylight -- and with fighter escorts.

This is made possible sy super long distance American

fighter planes that have recently made their

appearance in European skies -- fighter planes

of a range that will enable them to escort bombers

all the way to Berlin and back.

In Italy two columns of American troops are no driving the town of Cassino, that historic site of the first Benedictine Monastery and an important highway junction on the road to Rome. After having captured the village of San Pietro, after a desperate melee of blood and violence over the weekend, General Clark's troops went right ahead and pushed on -for an advance of two miles. And the latest is that they are launching a two-pronged drive toward their major goal, Cassino. The Germans are still fighting furious rear guard battles but the enemy resistance shows signs of cracking under the relentless pressure exerted by the Fifth Army.

On the other side of the Peninsula

Montgomery's Eighth **rey* is hurling armored force

against the Germans. First they captured an important road center and then drove the Nazis out of a village called Consalvi. That's the latest.

Here's news from Jugoslavia, that Balkan country torn by revolt against the Nazi oppressor and the mi civil strike among the patriot forces. Major Marshall Tito, head of the Partisan Guerrillas today announced the formation of a Jugoslav National Committee of Liberation. The name obviously is adapted from that of the French Extinual Committee of National Liberation and is a further claim on the part of Tito' forces to be the legitimate government of Jugoslavia. The Partisans are of a communistic ting ting Peter. In fact, today Marshall Tito demanded that the Allies stop my supporting the royal government in exile, together with its minister of War General Mikailovich and his Chetniks. All of this is awkward for the Allies who recognize King pm Peter's regime. And it seems to be the best disconcerting because

of an announcement followed by the allies today.

British and American military officials have been confering with the Tib people and announce that an agreement had been reached, an agreement providing that dreat Britain would give military support to all forces fighting the Nazis in Jugoslavia. forces beet taken to mean King Peter, Mikailovich and the Chetniks as well as Tito and kex the Partisans Immediately after which Marshall Tito protests the aid given to the rival Jugualax faction. Jugoslav puzzle becomes constantly more puzzling.

The significance of the Soviet drive ztim the northern sector of the battle front is not only strategic -- it also has a large meaning in terms of temperature, frost and icicles, and marks the real beginning of this year's winter war. Thus far, the bulk of the battle has been to southern Russia, the Ukraine. And there winter conditions have hardly begun, The frozen season is lake this year xx in Russia, and fighting along the front of the River Dnieper has been along conventional lines, not in that fearful and grotesque parady of battle, the Russian winter war

But now the new Russian surge forward is concentrated at a place called Nevel and that's up in the north where the country is in the full grip blizzards. This is the third winter campaign for the Nazis, who lunged at Russia with the

the near vicinity of the second largest Russian city, but now the Soviet thrust at Nevel drives a wedge that may come in behind the Leningrad German front; with major out-flanking possibilities.

In the south, the largest event announced is the Soviet capture of the city of Kanerson, the southern anchor of the German front in the Ukraine.

The Nazis evacuated Kherson and it looks as if the long terms of the anchor may wanted compel another tasks.

Now here's a question that might seem to be an easy one to answer. What would a Communist do without the Internationale? The answer -- nothing. Impossible! A Communist couldn't do without the Internationale. However, millions of comrades will have to in Soviet Russia. Because today Moscow announced that the Soviets have given up that, anthem of Communism, the Internationals. Why? Because, says Moscow "it does not conform with the xxx socialist principles of the Soviet state". But won't that cause a flush of red to appear on the cheeks of Reds and Pinks in other countries! -- hymn of the world letarian __ dished.

the official song me in the one time battle of world.

the Neva to the Don

Russia sing "arise year prisoners of starvation".

What then will they chant? Make Moscow tells us

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been written and its opening line goes this way:
"Great Russia has forged forever the indestructible

Union of new republics". That doesn't sound guilt

All liltingly lyrical; but, the Communists of Russia

will have to sing it of Mucle Toz says

And now what has
Tuesoris are announcer
Uncle Ben Flack got to
say? Uncle Ben:-

I'm deep in the Arizona Desert tonight
but at an oasis fortunately -- Tucson, where the
des rt blossoms like the proverbial rose -especially at the Arizona Inn where I am stopping.
This is legendayr western country with cactus and
coyotes, and bleak mountains and the rich mining,
The desert has likewise great air training areas
with tales of war in flying told by veterans who have
come back. O I thought I'd pick up a colorful story
blending traditional Arizona with modern battles of
the sky. But what did I get?

I dropped in at one of the two local newspapers, the TUSCON DAILY CITIZEN. There I encountered owners Bill Honnson formerly of the NEW YORK HERALD TRIBUNE and William Small who in the old days was with the NEW YORK WORLD. And I ran across Bud Kelland, SATURDAY EVENING POST fiction star, long a figure in writing articles of the big town back East. I met Major General Ralph Smith who commanded New York troops at the

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conquest of the Guilberts.

The result of which was the swapping of

New York newspaper stories, instaed of desert legend

and modern aviation, I picked up a funny one about

an old-time newspaperman -- who had more luck at writing
then he had at marriage.

Bill Johnson related how this old friend far in arrears with his alimony, in fact, was the inside of the alimony fail. Bill s heard about this and was also told that the wife, with her two children, was in a needy condition. He talked this over with some newwpaper pals, and they decided to do something to help. Bill went down to ascertain the facts about the wife and children, and found them living in a shabby place crammed with old junk-antiques. The wife obviously had the antique fever. What they needed was food and clothing. So he reported back and the group decided to throw a benefit for the wife. This took the form of a golf game in which they raised two hundred collars. This amount of money was prombtly delivered to the wife who

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receibed it with all suitable gratitude.

A week later Bill Johnson, like the Good Samaritan who wants to see the result of his goodness, paid another call on the wife and children.

"Wehn I took a look at the place" he said,
today "I m saw at once what had happened." Of the
two hundred dollars she invested one hundred and eighty
in some more antiques and about twenty for food and
clothing.

Which is just another 1 ttle instance to sff yo the romance of newspaper men's lives and tomorrow I'll try and pro duce something about the Arizona desert and the war flying that's going on down here.