## GERMANY

Good Evening, Everybody:-
The wor lid to day spent a bit of time taking stock of the election in Germany yesterday. And for the most part this old globe of oursifeela pretty good because of the victory scored by President van Hindenburg. ${ }^{V 0 x}$ Hindenburg just barely fell short of an absolute majority which was necessary for him to be elected. A run-of election will隹 11 be held in April. and $\hat{i} t$ seems almost an absolute certainty that Germany's great old warrior will be returned to the highest of fiche hat his country can bestow.

It's x curious to noterve that splendid showing to be observed in the former Allied countries. During those xxx $x \dot{x} \times z x$ war time years when vo Hindenburg led the iron armies of Germany, he was something of villain to the nations that were leagued against the Empire of the Kaiser. He seemed to symbolize the arrogant milit ar ism of Prussia, against which the wort Id was
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struggling. 'But times have changed. Yes, they always change. And today amid world-wide expressions of satisfaction the loudest cheers for come from France. The French are tickled pink that it was the moderate reasonable Hindenburg and not the fiery, defiant Hitler who came out best.

Well, let's look at a few figures that the United Press gives us in the New York sadi Sun. In the first place the election looks like a tremendous personal tribute the of the to the former war le acer. Vo Hindenburg polled more than $18 \frac{1}{2}$ million votes. When he was elected President in 1925, his tot al was south chan more 14 $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{million}$. yesterday he bettered his former vote by four million ballots and that indicates how the old man has gained the esteem of the German nation.

The New York Evening Post points out that it's also quite a feather in the cap of the German chancellor-- Herr Bruening who is more firmly established
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as one of Europe's cleverest, x moat farseeing statesman.

But Handsome Adolf Hitler and his Fascist party didn't do so badly at that. Hitler polled more than $11,300,000$ votes. Two years ago in National election, Hitler polled a total of $6,400,000-\ldots$ so that yesterday he made a gain of ne arly five million ballots. And that would indicate that Handsome Adolf has been $r i s i n g$ considerably in the esteem of a whole lot of Germans.

Next come the Commun is ts with nearly five million votes) -then the Nationalist candidate, with a little more than two million and a half, and finally an independent candidate, $w$ it $h$ a skimpy vote of slightly over 100,000. The party that has the most reason to be downcast is the communist. Their tot al doesn't look at all impressive beside the huge votes ale $d_{A}^{\text {p }}$ by Hindenburg and Hitler.

The New York War $1 d$-Telegram reminds usinthat in the run-off election

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in April yesterday's two highest candidates will fight it out between themselves. That means it will be a duel between Germany's ir on man and the Fascist fire-eater.

It's likely that Hitler will get the most of the $x$ two million and a half votes polled by the Nationalists candidate, but you can be sure that he wo won't get many of the five millition Communist ballots, The Red Radicals are more likely to vote for Hindenburg ${ }^{7}$ And so you can just mark it down on your slate that the old warrior, the victor of Tannenburg--and so forth and so on--is going to keep on being the
President of Germany.
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There was an exciting session in the House of Representatives today. The galleries were crammed. There was cheering, and there was hissing. The reason for the commotion was because of the fact that today for the first time in twelve years the House of Representatives had a clear-cut test on the subject of prohibition. The Congressmen cast their votes definitely on a Yes-and-No proposition. It was a bill to grant to the states the right to decide for themselves in the matter of prohibition.

The Drys won. The vote, as given by the New York Evening Post, was 227 to 187. The advocates of prohibition had a majority of forty votes.) The United Press comments in the New York World-Telegram that the Wets showed unexpected strength. It had been anticipated that they might get all the way from 160 to 190 votes.

A United Press dispatch in The New York Sun declares that leaders in the
fight prohibition had expected to muster about 175 votes. They actually got 187.

Well, this clear-cut vote today had long been maminaminal expected with a good deal of curiosity and speculation. The country has been wondering how Congress stood on atraight-iway vote of Yes or No.

Wen, The question is answered tonight. The House of Representatives shows a strong majority for prohibition, but the Wet strength is a good deal greater than many people had believed.

## va and Gentlemen:

\#e Let's round off all this voting with some red hot returns in the big straw vote, the 20 -million ballot poll. Here are figures for ten cities spread far and wide over the country. They represent a huge stack of enthusiastic ballots in the Literary Digest prohibition poll:

Moline, Illinois, 280 for prohibition, 1,161 against.

Providence, Rhode |s| and, 727 for, 4,542 against.

Charleston, South Carolina, 151 fort, 1,562 against.

Aberdeen, South Dakota, 97 for, 427 against.

Knoxville, Tennessee, 1,095 prat, l,'466 against.

Fort Worth, Texas, 1,382 for, 2,736 against.

Burlington, Vermont, 212 for, 845 against.

Nashville, Tennessee, 1,383 for, 2,985 against.

Huntington, West $V$ ir ginia,
1,342 for --3,083 against.
Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Well, now just what do you think the vote is from Milwaukee? Yes, you're right ; it's no Sahara Desert. The Milwaule e vote stands: 1,551 for, -- 19,861 against.

Clues in the Lindbergh case are a pointing to Denver,: The director of the 3 New Jersey state police today declared 4 that a gang from Denver was being 5 investigated. This gang is said to have b been engaged in various kidnapping ? activities. Some of its members are s known to have been in New York shortly 9 before the kIdnapping? Just what 10 business they were on/我 something 11 of a mystery.

Meanwhile news comes of various ${ }^{13}$ babies that have been investigated. One ${ }^{14}$ of the hot test tips came from Tennessee. ${ }^{15}$ Two men, relates the. Evening Post,
${ }^{16}$ and their wives were traveling with a ${ }^{17}$ young child that answered the description ${ }^{18}$ of the Lindbergh baby. Local officers ${ }^{19}$ thought it might be the long sought ${ }^{20}$ youngster. It turned out, however, that ${ }^{21}$ the child really belonged to the couple ${ }^{22}$ who claimed to be its parents.

The New York Sun adds some more information about that note which is ${ }^{25}$ supposed to have been left by the

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LINDBERGH
kidnappers. It has been asserted that there was such a note. It has also been denied.

Now the story is that the
Lindaberghs have been keeping the matter a secret. The colonel is supposed to have shown the note to a couple of friends, and that's how the rumor got out. However, it is still officially denied that there was any such note, and so once more the matter stands tonight - no news.

The king of the photographic industry is gone. George Eastman shot and killed himself today. He left a note saying, "My work is done." He seventy-seven years old, but had long been in 111 health. Mr. Eastman was one of the great pioneers in the world of cameras and films. He made the name of Eastman synonymous with popular photography. He was interested in music, in big game hunting, an idealist, a dreamer, and of course one of the foremost industrialists of his time.

The United Press reminds us that he built up an enormous fortune, and was renowned for magnificent philanthropies. He had given away millions. His interests were world wide. The world in which he was such a benefactor will miss George Eastman. financial circles all over the world today.

Eke A United Press dispatch in the New York Sun declares that both financiers and the governments of nations made moves to prevent widespread disturbances, which might be caused by the suicide of Ivar Krueger, the Swedish match king.

The immense fortune built by that amazing swedish financier out of matches, billions of tiny matches, plays a large part in the financial affairs of the great powers of the world. The self destruction of the match king is explained by the fact that he was in bad health, also that his immense enterprise ${ }^{5}$, mines ta been miles, etc., affected by the world economic or isis.

On the New York Stock Exchange the effect was felt in a sharp break of prices at the opening of the market today. Prices of the Krueger stocks fell quickly. Later on there was a

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1 rally. Shares went up and held steady ${ }_{2}$ during most of the day. Toward closing 3 time, however, there was anon her pr. the Krueger stocks took another dip.

In Sweden the Stockholm Stock Exchange was closed today to prevent a panic. Naturally, the financial structure built by the match king is most important in his native country.

MENDEL

There was a big scene in a New York courtroom today - that is, it was big because so many people are involved. It's that Mendel case in which there is a dispute over the flense fortune left by Miss Ella Wendel, an aged
reclusé who died some ime ago, one of sisters who lived in that lovey hiss Wen del left an estate of a hundred million dollars, most of it to institutions of one sort or another. wa Her relatives are pressing the ir claim to the money, and there are a lot of relatives. an army of relatives.

The New York World Telegram describes how three hundred lawyers crowded into the Surrogate's court of New York today. They represent about three thousand relatives in all. None of them are near kin. The nearest is a first cousin - but anyway, there are plenty of them. They have their eyes, their 6000 eyes, on that hundred mithon.

The world of baseball was rocked to its foundations to day by the tremendous news that the mighty Babe Herman has been traded.

Babe Herman has never been such a towering gigantic figure as that other Babe. I mean the Bambino, the Sultan of Swat. But just the same, outfielder and fence-buster Herman
has long been a bright and particular ornament of the city of Brooklyn. But the Babe has never been known as a perfect,

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14 been described as being somewhat slow-footed in chasing fly ball'. on the base paths he may seem to have lead in his shoes. He has been known to get his feet tangled up while running the bases.

But just the same, Babe Herman is a mighty slugger, and he has didxay oodles of what the boys call color. So when the news was flashed to a palpitating public that the Brooklyn adgenthad traded Babe Herman to the

1 Cincinnati Reds, well sturnose that dost comes under the heading of important news, what does?

As for the other Babe, the Bambino, the Sultan of Swat, he is reported tonight to be on his hind legs, emitting loud roar. The subject He had a half an hour's conference this. afternoon with, but they failed to agree on the matter of salary yr. His vas thinks 10,000 . is pl entry And so that leaves the solution deter in a state of deadlock.

The other evening told of negotiations that have taken place between the Turkish and Persian governments on the subject of historic Mount Ararat, and the neighboring peak called Little Ararat. That has brought me tot from Lester D. Gardner of New York, an authority on aviation a
publisher, and a great traveler my major publisher, and a great traveler on Gardner tells me that not so long ago he flew within sight of Mount Ararat, while winging his way on an air patrol over Mosul, Nineveh, Baghdad, testphon and Babylon -- and what romance there is in those names!

MryonGardner adds that man while out in that magical region he heard what purports to be the oldest tall story ever told. It concerns Mount Ararat, and Noah and the Ark.

An ancient legend relates that when Noah was preparing to land on Mount Ararat, the Ark grazed the tip of Little Ararat, and a hole was knocked in the bottom. The serpent instantly stuck

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his tail through the hole, tied it in a knot, and thereby plugged the leak. As a result the Ark landed safely on Mount Ararat.

But Noah, did nt know the good deed the serpent had done, and he wanted to save Mankind from a repetition of the trouble that the snake and its temptations had caused in the Garden of Eden, so he built a fire and burnt up the serpent. As a result of Noah's ingratitude, small particles of the serpent's ashes turned into insects snakeoharmer. He rushed to the rear platform and released a giant boa-

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constrictor. The poa-constrictor swiftly knot tet its tail around an iron post on the platform, roached out and got hold of a telegraph pole, and brought the train to a stop.

And that not only brought the ta stop, but it also brings me $^{\text {a }}$ to a stop, and --

SO LONG UNTIL TOMORROW.

