C.J. - Suncer and P. D. Friday, Sept. 20, 1946.

MARITIME

been settled.

In New York, the Maritime Union and East Coast ship owners have announced that they have agreed to a new wage contract, calling for **mahann** substantial pay increases for firemen and able seamen.

Immediately after that agreement was reached in New York, the United States Maritime Commission ordered the same wage **imme** increases **to be** put into effect on its vessels, thus clearing the way for an

MARITIME - 2

end of the strike on the West Coast.

Today's settlement was announcement by Joseph Curran, President of the powerful N M U, and Frank J. Taylor, representing **thes** thirty-nine East Coast owners. Curran immediately telegraphed orders to his union locals to ratify the terms of the new contract, and the union members, as is customary when the leader speaks, **have** voted to return to work immediately.

So far, so good, But does this mean that

there'll be uninterrupted sailings from now on?

But C I O President Philip Murray has just now thrown his support behind a new wage drive by Maritime unions which threatens another shipping strike on September Thirtieth.

Members of the Maritime engineers beneficial Association, headed by Harry Bridges, have their wage grievances also. They threaten to walk out xm at the end of this month unless their demands are met. Inasmuch as the engineers man the engine

MARITIME - 3

Sector Sector

rooms of every American first vessel, aftert, a walkout by them would again cripple the matter americant fleet just as effectively as did the strike settled tonight.

So how about the American flag on the high

the same matters that black the works from

have steam up tonight. They may be first forced to drop anchor again before the month is out.

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LEAD ALL WALLACE

Only a few hours after the President had demanded the resignation of his former Secretary of Commerce, Henry Wallace took to the nation's air waves to defend himself. In a speech heard over these stations, the man who might have been President announced that he had thrown over his pledge to reman silent on American foreign plicy from now on.

Said Wallace tonight: -- "Winning the peace is more important than high public office. It is more important than any condideration of party politics.

Thus, says Wallace the pledge he gave Pres. Truman on Wednesday, while still a member of the cabinet, to refrain on talking publicly on any subject until the conclusion of the Paris Peace Conference, no longer applies.

He put it this way: "the action that taken

LEAD ALL WALLACE - 2

by the President" (meaning of course, his dismissal) "relieves me of my obligation of last Wednesday".

And so The former Vice President of the

United Sx States, the Number One war seens left-wing Conder of the Democratic Party, declares himself free tonight to speak wherever, whenever he choses on subjects both foreign and domestic. But from tonight on, the speaks as Private Citizen Wallace. the bate reports from Paris say that Secretary Late reports from Paris say that Secretary of State Byrnes and his associates are much pleased the turn of today's events, which saw the President erack down is on his exuberant and unmanageable.

Cabinet member:

A Paris reports also, however, that Byrnes, who knows Henry from 'way back, is still wary about is what may follow next. Byrnes won't say so, but his subordinates point out that if Wallace takes the stump, against his polities, he will have the benefit of one of the greatest publicity waves in years. WALLACE new lead 3

Today wa a day of mounting crisis in Washington, and here in chronological order is what happened: --

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WALLACE

At ten o'clock this morning, Secretary Today, of Commerce Wallace sat at his desk with several of his advisers. They were talking -- and the whole country, for that matter, was talking. There was one nationwide theme -- what was President Truman going to do? What decision had be made after his teletype Emmg conversation yesterday with Secretary of State Byrnes in Paris?

The back-ground of events had been

dramatized day after day, over since Wallzee had come out with his left-wing foreign policy demand appears whe Sorietz. The had reached a kind of compromise with the President -- they agreeing that he should stay is the eabinet but Wallace should make no more foreign policy addresses until after the Peace Conference --Paris had ended.

Would Secretary of State Byrnes, over then Sec. By mes other members of the American Delegation felt the Wallace leftist pronouncements had gravely weakened

WALLACE - 2

the PAmerican position at the conference. So President Truman had talked by trans-Atlantic teletype with Secretary Byrnes, and had assured him that the White House was behind him one hundred per cent in his policy of being tough with the Soviets. But was that enough? Would that satisfy our delegation dealing with Molotov?

Reports from Paris were that either Wallace would have to go, or Byrnes would resign. So what would be the outcome of the talk by teletype? Wallace was discussing these matters

with his advisers, when just at ten elelock the phone rang -- the White House calling. Wallace answered, and across the wire came the voice of President Truman. "Henry," said the President, "I'm asking for your resignation."

An expression of surprise appeared on the face of Wallace. He blinked, seemed startled. That is how his reaction was afterwards recalled by those who were with him at the time. Then he quickly regained his composure and said: "If that's your decision, Mr.

WALLACE - 3

President, I'll be happy to comply."

A few minutes later, a note was on its way from the Department of Commerce to the White House. It read with cool brevity: "Dear Harry: As you request here is my resignation. I shall continue to fight for peace. I am sure that you will join me in that great endeavor. Respectfully, Henry A. Wallace."

Not long after that, there was a jam of newsmen at the White House -- crowding in for a Presidential news conference. They were eager, avid; something was about to break in the Wallace imbroglio they didn't know what. Afterward, they recalled vividly the laugh they had -- as the President pat, ready to give them the headline. The White House receptionist was trying to get several more reporters into the growded room -- squeezing them in. He was having a hard time, lost his patience, and suddenly his voice boomed out: "Will you please move over to the left, To whigh one satirical reporter made a quick wisecrack: "Did you say to the left?" He jibed.

WALLACE - 4 The whole room burst into laughter, with the President joining in that hearty Traman way. But the move was not to the left, Before breaking the news, the President gave the reporters a last minute bit of advice. He - take it easy, he didn't want any legs broken said when the boys in a wild soramble made a dash to the telephones to put theheadline on the wires. The President read a statement which was that That was the gist of The allace was out ident had virtually fired the Secretary of Wallack who, except for a break hanry Commerce of luck and politics, would have been President instead of Harry Truman. The last of the new dealers of the Roosevelt cabinet, on his way out -- the one who had been Vice-President under F.D.R. and, he would become Vice-President again, except that the fall, the cards had been against him, and had put Harry

Truman in instead - the death of Franklip D. Roosevelt

WALLACE - 5

hen making him President.

Today's event was a complete victory for Segretary Byrnes in Paris / The President stated that the Wallace appeasement policy was in fundamental conflict with the official American policy pursued by the Secretary of State at the Peace Conference. "We cannot, said the President, "permit this conflict to jeopardize our position in relation to other countries. And he went on to add that hereafter my statement on foreign policy made by any member of the government ould have to be cleared with the State Department, Whereupon the news was flashed to the I don't know if any reporter broke a/leg/ world. getting to the telephone, but in a few minutes the nations of the world were digesting the news - the Wallace was out, appeasement policy and all. this set Internationally, the resolution of the conflict within the American government, should make Secretary Byrnes stronger than ever in his dealings with the Soviets. Nationally, there is immediate

WALLACE 6

speculation as to what the ouster of Wallace will mean for the Democratic Party, with its left wing fringe.

Will the Reds and Pinks break away from the Democrats in the Congressional and State Elections now near at hand? Will Wallace, now a private **mitix** citizen continue his agitation against the foreign policy of Secretary Byrnes?

WALLACE -REDS

Along with the ousting of Wallace, there's a new twister on the Red Front. Remember the howls against Wallace the other night; and promptly echoed in the New York Communist newspaper, The Daily Worker? Well, there's a big reversal, a commy somersault, a Red flipperoo.

Again at Madison Square Garden the Communist Party launched its official campaign in the Nineteen Forty-Six elections -- and, once again, there was much uproar about beating Dewey, at a celebration of the twenty-seventh anniversary of the American Communist Party. WALLACE-REDS - 2

The accent was on foreign policy -- the U.S. Reds, in their electioneering fervor, being mostly, interested in Soviet Russia. The name of Henry Wallace was in the forefront, and this time there was not a hiss or a boo -- quite the contrary. Because MERSEREX Moscow, meanwhile, had come out for Wallace and his appeasement.

The Soviet Dictatorship over there has been known to be not so tenderly concerned about the Comrades over here, what they think and say. The American Communists have had, on one occasion or enother, to execute some fast reversals in their thinking and saying -- and nos it's the same thing all over again. While the howls of rage against Wallace were still echoing, Moscow cooly gave its blessing to the American Secretary of Commerce -- saying how right Henry was.

followed suit, and turned Communist curses into himsing blessings And it all come the climax last night --

WALLACE-REDS - 3

with the American Communist Party, on its twenty-seventh birthday, whooping it up for menry. You've got to be an acrobat to be a Communist and stay on the party line, which sometimes can wave around like a snake shire quivering through the grass.

Along with this, the American Laboy Parky has declared itself op the Mallace appeasement. Previously, the other faction of New York Labor, the soderate Liberal Party, had gone on record as opposing the Wallace attacks on the line Secretary Byrnes is/ taking in Paris. But the American Labor Party, the Left Wing Group, now declares: "The American Labor Party whole heartedly supports Secretary Wallace's clear and urgent call for the return of American foreign policy to the Roosevelt program of unity and friendship with the Soviet Union, as the key to enduring peace." Both factions the moderate and the left wing, are supporting the Mend-Lehman ticket in the Mew, York State election; -- so there's a sharp contradiction in the labor support behind the Democratic pandidates.

SOVIET PURGE

From behind the iron curtain of Soviet Russia, comes word of still another purge, this one perhaps the greatest and most formidable of the series now going on in the mystery-land, called Russia.

For weeks now, the news from Moscow has been telling of harsh and relentless measures taken by the Stalin dictatorship -- a political purge in the Ukraine, a wholesale prosecution of the management of Soviet industry, an ideological drive against trends in the arts. And now -- a purge of Soviet agriculture.

of farmlands, from the barder of Poland to the distant Pacific Ocean. The cultivation of the soil has been a favor angle of the Communist experiment — the industrialization of the land the elimination of the individual farmer, and ruthloss for application of the Communist theory of collective farms all has not been going well down on the collective farms and have there is The man agricultural purge is of the

SOVIET PURGE - 2

widest possible character, a clean-up in the Soviet Farming system all the way from Poland to the Pacific. The order, moreover, EEEEE emanates directly from Stalin himself. The purge decree is signed by Stalin and Zhdanov, the latter being widely regarded as number two man to Stalin and his most likely successor. Stalin and Ed Zhdanov accuse the management of Soviet agriculture of widespread corruption -- unfair distribution of earnings, the appropriation of public lands, theft of property on collective farms. Agricultur officials are charged with taking cattle and crops for their own use, with abusing their authority, and with rigging up frauds in the election of officials of collective farms.

The indictment runs parallel to the accusations in the purge of Soviet industry - those charges of correupt management, fake production figures, phoney bonuses, and the theft of property.

The tone of today's purge edict gives dark and ominous promise of ruthless doings in the real m of Soviet agriuclture. Stalin and Abdanov used the term RED ARMY

Well, let's mot talk about the Red Army, tenight -- nor the Red Navy, for that motter. There is no particular news about them -- except for the fact that They is the Red Army and the Red Navy no longer. The Noscow Government has changed the name of its armed forces. They to be known hereafter as the Soviet Army and the Soviet Navy. Hitherto, the mem in uniform were officially called -- Red soldier or Red sailor. That too is changed. "Red" is dropped, and the men of the Russian land and sea forces min are now called -- soldier or sailor.

All this was announced in Berlin today, where the Soviet Administration in Germany asked the news correspondents to use the terminology in the future No mention was made of the Red Air Force -- which may still pemain Bed for all we have

We can only guess at the meaning of this change of name. Obviously it ties in with the previous abolition of the title -- "Commissar". That traditional Soviet appelation was changed to the more bourgeois title RED ARMY - 2

of "Minister." Maybe, the next thing you know, they'll be dropping the name -- "Soviet" and the great land will again be called just -- "Russia."

All of which brings to mind the old question -- what's in a name? or rather in the change of a name? We don't know.

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PALESTINE

In London today, the Arab states came up with a plan of their own for Palestine, a plan guaranteeing Jews and Arabs equal rights of citizenship.

The Secretary General of the Arab League, Abdul Rahman Azzam Pasha, says the Arabs are willing to give for Jews, "constitutional guarantees against **tixt** discrimination, and, protection of their cultural and language rights".

Nevertheless, the Arab spokesman reiterated the stand he has taken all along; namely, that the problem of world Jewry cannot be solved by Palestine. That being this a problem that must be solved by coperation of all nations, in cooperation.

And while peaceful conferences were being Meanwhile there was another outbreak of violence in unhappy Palestine - the dynamiting of the eastern railway station at Haifa. Four youths of the Irgun Zvai Leumi group of the Jewish underground drove ix up in a truck before the railway station, unloaded a large metal drum, and put

PALESTINE - 2

it inside. They left immediately, and almost at the same instant a telephone call gave warning that the railroad station was about to be blown up. "We'll give you ten minuyes" said the phone call. The police acted promptly, and got every body away from the station. So apparently there were no casualties, when, in ten minutes, the metal drum, it inside . Loaded with high explosives, blew up and demolished the station, thereby tying up the railway between Cairo and Damascus.

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CRASH

In the Newfoundland air crash, there are eighteen survivors -- twenty-six killed. Search parties, driving through wild forests near Gander Bay, solved the mystery of the big Belgian airliner which, having flown across the Atlantic, came to disaster.

Of the sighteen survivors, there are eight men, two young boys, seven women, and a sixteen year old girl. All are injured, and only half a dozen are considered well enough to get out by travel on the ground. A helicopter is being sent to evacuate the others.

The United States Coast Quard this afterngon was dropping desperately needed supplies, medicine, food, clothing, sleeping bags - these floating down by papachute to the scene of the wreck in the wilderness of wewfoundland. and now Nelson a final message for the meekend from you,

SOVIET PURGE - 3 Sept. 20/46. Jaken from sarlybe. -- "extremely dangerous." They say that the corruption in the management of the collective farms is "extremely dangerous" to the development of Communism in Soviet "ussia.

MARITIME

The maritime strike was settled this afternoon. The basis for the agreement was wage raise proposed by a federal arbitration board. Won them both the Pacific and Atlantic Coasts maritime workers are going back to their hm jobs.

INTRO TO DR. NEWTON

Many of you have heard of Joseph Fort Newton, of Philadelphia. He has been aptly described as "writer, lecturer, and preacher extraordinary". I first heard of him twenty seven years ago. At the time I was speaking at Covent Garden Opera House in London, relating the story of Allenby's great cavalry campaign against the Turks and of Lawrence's exploits in Arabia. Joseph Fort Newton, not far away, at the London City Temple, was addressing great audiences. -both of us Americans. Dr. Newton's fame has also been spread over the years by his books: "LIVING EVERY DAY", and others, especially his latest "RIVER OF YEARS", his autobiography, a best seller.

Throughout his career, Dr. Newton, here and abroad, has fought for a liberal religion and a breaking down of sectarianism. He thinks as many do, that there should be one church, and as nearly all of us do, that this world is sadly in need of a religious revival. Dr. Newton, in your RIVER OF YEARS, what is it that you say about "the spiritual resources of our

INTRO TO DR. NEWTON - 2

race, as a basis of hope for the future?"

<u>DR. NEWTON:</u> I believe my statement was substantially this: "Religion as it is organized and interpreted today, is inadequate." And, "Judgment is upon us". During the centur between Eighteen Thirteen and Nineteen Fourteen, the Church made its greatest advance, carrying its gospel to the far corners of the earth -ahead of the airplane.

Then came the explosion -- the First World War. Something had gone tragically wong. In Nineteen Twenty began a series of great Church Councils in various parts of the world. There was a rediscovery of the "Great Church", New hopes awakened. Then the second earthquake -- World War Two. Again the church stood; -- for example, Protestant Norway and Catholic Bavaria, stood in the face of the tide of terror that seemed about to erase all Holy things from the earth.

And then I went on to say, in summing up

INTRO TO DR NEWTON - 3

the story of my own life, that here in our own land, the most disturbing fact about the Church is that it is not disturbed about anything. But awakening will come. No one can tell what religion will do next.

As one looks out over the world today it is foggy, misty, the smoke of battle not lifted; no one can see far, nor see clearly. Yet, some new facts become visible, new mountain peaks for our guidance; First, the recuperative power of humanity. It is astonishing. Second, for the first time, by the magic of science, it is now possible to produce enough food to feed the whole human race, so that no one need go hungry. Third, that the race is one family, living in one world. It is not enough to live and let live, we must live and help live. Fourth, China, India and other countries have something to tell us about the way and will of God. We must have a world brotherhood of religion. Fifth, the raw materials of the earth must be so administered as to remove the chief causes of conflict. Sixth, the solidarity of the English-speaking races if vital.

INTRO TO DR. NEWTON - 4

Without it, all other peoples will fall into an abyss. Seventh, Russia and our own Republic must come to a greater understanding. Every day this becomes more obvious. And eighth, there must be Faith and yet again Faith. Only by such Faith can the will to rivalry be overcome by the will to fellowship. Never have I had so much hope for my country and my race.

As for sectarianism in the Church, slowly, so slowly, the Church is moving away from the sectarianism which I have fought all my life. The Christian which I have fought all my life.

And that seems like a good not, ur. Newton, on which to end this broadcast tonight. Don't you think so Hugh?

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