Survey, Oct 3, 1944

The Yanks of General Hodges's First Army went over the top today, north of Aix-la-Chappelle. The attack began with big volume of fire power- from Hundreds of guns;-long tom rifles giant two-hundredand-forty-millimeter Howitzers, and others laid down a cordon of shells to soften up the German lines before the doughboys went over. The weather was good for the first time in many days, so the foot slogging infantry had the additional help of four hundred medium bombers and a hundred dive bombers.

They forced the passage of the Wurm River,
in the face of a terrific resistance from the Germans.

They had the cream of the Nazi army to fight there;
and the enemy have adopted new tactics. Instead of
putting their infantry in pill boxes, they deploy them

around and support them with mortar fire. Furthermore,

they have innumerable rows of foxholes behind the

pill boxes, and the Germans defend every foxhole as though it were their last stand. In Aix-la-Chappelle itself they are making new pill boxes on the spur of the by fowing concrete around their tanks, and reinforcing them with cement. Like the Russian defenders of Stalingrad, they are building barricades and stringing chains across the streets of Aix-la-Chappelle. It is a battle with bayone, hand-grenades and flame throwers, the biggest attack since our doughboys made the big break-through at St. Lo in Normandy.

The dispatch reports that a trainload full of Marian ammunition and supplies was on its way to the garrison there. The engineer made the mistake of stopping just east of the city and blowing his whistle. A quick reply was a storm of shells, which smashed the train to hits.

has pushed two miles into the Siegfried Line. This

offensive broke a stalemate at that point that had lasted two weeks.

In the north, the Canadian First Army made accomplished another crossing of the frontier into Holland. There the Germans are hurling one ferocious counter-attack after another against the British holding the tip of the salient below Arnhem. But the British threw back every attack.

To the south, Yankee columns cohieved another invasion of German territory by capturing thext A town fifteen miles northeast of the city of Luxembourg. town on the border General Patch's Men have

advanced still further toward Belfort.

as for sen Patton, wants drove all the Germans out of

the forest of Gremecy, fourteen miles north of Nancy.

They also took a town fifteen miles northeast of Nancy

However, the Germans for the second time drove them out

of a nearby town which they had captured twice.

outskirts of Antwerp. The Dutch inhabitants of the islands in the estuary of the Scheldt River received radio warning today from General Eisenhower's headquarters, This informed them that Bisenhower was about to begin a heavy bombardment of that area.

Evidently he wants to clear the mouth of the Scheldt so head to be able to use the port of Antwerp to land further supplies for the invasion of Germany.

AIR WAR - 2

six hundred on our side. However, casualties not
sustained in combat have increased the total of the
losses of our army planes to forty-two thousand. which
sounds like a bad note. Of those, more than seventeen
thousand-five hundred were lost in the continental
United States as a result of training, transport and
patrol accidents.

in greater force than ever. No fewer than twelve—
hundred of Uncle Sam's Fortresses and Liberators bombed
Cologne, Hamm and Kassel. These are all vital railroad
centers through which the Nazis have to supply their
armies along two hundred and seventy-five mile front—
the Seafued and Rhine line; and
a force of around one thousand American fighter planes
covered the big bombers.

Since Pearl Harbor, our air forces have dropped a total of one million tons of bombs on our enemies.

Almost half that volume was dropped since D-Day, June Sixth. So we learn from General Hap Arnold, Commander of the Rix.

General Arnold addlesser that abouting Air Forces have a combat superiority of two-to-one over the enemy; They have destroyed more than twenty-seven thousand enemy planes, and lost only fourteen thousand

fighting in the Blakans Side by side with Bulgarian
troops, they are advancing on a hundred-and-sixty mile
front towards the railroad from Belgrade to Athens.
That they want to seize because it is the main route
by which the Nazis can escape from the Balkans. I they
escape. The further north, another Soviet army has captured
Szeged, the second largest city in Hungary.

Then again, the Second Army of the Ukraine,
is crossing the Danube in Exem greater force than ever,
pushing a
German army has been driven back twenty-five miles

inside of Jugoslavia. The Fourteenth Corps of Marshal

Tito's Partisan forces is also cooperating with the

Russians, driving from the east toward Belgrade, They've

captured a town only nineteen miles south of the

Jugoslav capital.

The Nazis have twenty-seven divisions - some

hundred and fifty thousand men - in Jugoslavia, and they are in a most difficult position, because the attacks of the Partisansarmy are constantly punching their supply lines.

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The Allies are drawing the blockade around those Germans in the Balkans ever tighter, with amphibious operations, as well as air raids. A broadcast from Paris reports that they have landed in northwestern Crete, but there is no confirmation of that. At the same time, it would be a logical operation after the landing on the island of Cythera, only fifty miles evay from Crete.

The Germans are evacuating their garrisons on the island of the Aegean, But a communique from the Middle East headquarters reports that this operation is becoming increasingly expensive for the enemy.

The Paris radio claims that the British army which landed in southern Albania has made contact with the Greek patriots on the frontier between Albania and Greece.

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## VICTORY FOLLOW EASTERN FRONT

All this prognosticating about a quick victory over the Nazis doesn't sit well with our lads at the front. The word is that they are riled when they receive letters from families and friends at home talking about the imminent collapse of the Germans. Apparently our mat military men over there think that the German army is not beaten yet, not by a long shot!

Field Marshal Manta Montgomery -- Monte of

El Alamein -- on the other hand, continues to say that
the German army is licked. Monty has just repeated
that statement to Hugh Baillie, President of the
United Press.

But, American front line commanders are convinced that the war in Germany will continue through the coming winter and into the Spring of Nineteen Forty-five. And so do the boys who are fighting the Hun.

Our commanders are saying that all this talk about a quick surrender is harmful -- bad for morale.

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When a wartired soldier receives newspapers and letters from home telling him the war is about to end, well, how can you expect him to risk his life with the mame grim determination that he would if he thought there was still a big job ahead?

H-before I go on tell us about aux sponsor - Stan. of Calif.

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One of the subjects of Adolf Hitler invented himself a new kind of racket. Last July, in one of the Allied air raids over Hamburg, a bomb hit this man's house. He filed an indemnity claim with the Nazi government and to his astonishment received a handsome sum of money.

So he decided to make it a business. What this business amounted to was betting as to the accuracy of the British and American bombers. He figured out where the next bombs would fall and went out and rented furnished rooms and houses in those districts. Most of the time his guess was correct, whereupon he filed claims for the loss of clothing and personal effects.

He was doing quite well at this, but like most racketeers he went too far. He claimed ten thousand marks for the death of a wife and two children.

That was bad, because the Gestapo checked up on him and



found he was a bachelor, living a life of ease and
Whereupon he
merriment in cafes. To was tried, convicted and
hanged. That's what they do to
all racketeers in Maziland.

On the islands of Peleliu and Augus Uncle Sam's forces have killed ten thousand, a hundred and fifty-one Japanese and captured a hundred and eighty-seven, since Saturday. Admiral Nimitz announces this tonight. The Navy has already established a military government on Augur.

There are still a few fanatical Japs holding out in foxholes. But Uncle Sam's Marines and Infantry are rapidly mopping them up.



All Washington is talking tonight about a brawl that happened at the Statler Hotel on September

Twenty-Third, after President Roosevelt delivered his address to the Teamsters' Union.

A couple of naval officers, battle-fatigued patients at the nearby Naval Hospital, had gone to the hotel to attend a dance. They found the dance had been postponed. As they were in the mezzanine, a group of guests from the banquet came up to them, told them about the President's speech, and asked the naval officers Kow did they feel about President Rosswell. about their politics, These men said they were members of the Teamsters' Union. The naval officers replied that what they asked was none of their business. So the men who said they were Teamsters accused the officers of being disloyal to the service and to their Commander-in-Chief.

The men who said they were Teamsters then

asked the officers how the armed forces felt about unions. The officers replied they knew nothing about it and did not care to say anything.

What happened was told by Lieutenant Randolph Dickins, Jr., of the Navy. He said at this point he saw the Teamsters were holding his friend down in a chair and arguing with him, Then a fellow shout, six took a swing at the officer, while he was still seated. When the Lieutenant Dickins tried to get up to help his friend, someone grabbed him from behind, and another on hit him in the left eye. Now Dickins, who happens to be a hero of the Battle of Midway, is six feet two. De fought free of the men who were holding him, and started to lay about him with his fists. The Teamsters by this time had pushed Lieutenaht Dickinga friend into a telephone booth and were punching him there.

Dickins knocked one man to the deck, as he puts it, whereupon three other Teamsters swung at him from all sides. One of the men in the group accused him of having beaten up a personal friend of President Roosevelt's, and threatened him with discipline by higher authorities.

Shore patrol. But even as they were being escorted to that shore patrol headquarters, the attacking Teamsters ran alongside, trying to punch those naval officers, both invalids and one a hero of the Battle of Midway!

A young lady who entered the United States as a stowaway has had an interesting career, although she is only nineteen years old. She is pretty Irish girl, Elizabeth McLeod. In the last three years, she has been engaged to eight Americans soldiers and four sailors. Her fiances were not simultaneous. She just never became a bride because American servicemen overseas have to wait six months before they can marry. And all of Miss McLeod's prospective husbands were transferred before the six months waiting period was up.

army officers to hide her in a coffin and fly her in a bomber from Belfast to Scotland. There she met a lad in the Merchant Marine, a lad from Youngstown, Ohio, who fell in love with Miss McLeod and, with the help of a shipmate smuggled her aboard in a sailor's uniform. For thirty-three days she hid in a locker, five days

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in port and twenty-eight during the crossing of the Atlantic.

She is not going to marry the young Merchant

Marine sailor from Youngstown, although she has been

staying at Youngstown with his family. She met a

soldier she likes better, she explains, who is going to

marry her as soon as he can.

Meanwhile, however, the old Gentleman-with-theWhiskers has taken a hand, because even pretty girls
from Ireland are not allowed to enter the United States
as stowaways. So now she has a lot of explaining to do
to the immigration authorities.

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Married ladies of my acquaintance assure me that Miss McLeod has gone to more effort to get a husband than any husband is worth.



The happiest town in the United States tonight is the old city of Saint Louis once the center of the fur trade. There is a much oversung song called The St. Louis Blues but there are no blues in Saint Louis tonight. The slogan is The St. Louis Browns. And what a fight those ball players went through. They are the pennant winners of the American League, and and a power and honor to the American League, and a power and honor to the content of the American League, and a power and honor to the content of the conten

Of course, they have a terribly tough opponent to meet in that Gas House Gang, the Cardinals of their own town. The odds are pretty heavy because the Gas House Gang flew through the national league like the man on the flying trapeze. But this is one series where the sympathy of American fans all over the country will be with the underdog. The Browns, had a fight until the very last call of the umpire.

there will a break for the sports reporters of the St. Louis newspaper. A five cent series.

the St. L. Browns! How about You Hugh? RUMELY

propped nom late.

Dr. Edward A. Rumely, executive secretary of the

Committee for Constitutional Government. The indictment

charges Dr. Rumely with contempt. It says that he

refused to obey a subpoena of the campaign expenditures

of the House of Representatives, a subpoena ordering him

to produce the records showing who had contributed to

his Committee, and how much.

In Italy, the Yanks of the Fifth Army have not the main body of Field Marshal von Kesselring's forces.

They are deployed along the approaches to the valley of the Politice, an important industrial district.

In four days, the Germans have hurled four fierce counter-attacks against the Fifth, but the Yank have driven them back. If they break through along that road, they will smash Kesselring's army and effectively, cut off the retreat of those Nazi units.

the present hour, who a not real oral or a collection for

The Chinese are resenting bitterly the statement made by Prime Minister Winston Churchill in the House of Commons last week that the Allies had been sending them lavish help. A spokesman for the Chinese Military Council at Chungking declared, on the contrary that the United States had sent pitifully inadequate aid to Chiang Kai-shek's armies. He made the further statement that the total tonnage of supplies which we sent to eastern China from Nineteen Forty-One down to the present hour, would not sustain a single British or American division in combat for one week.

While the spokesman said this, the Japanese armies in southeastern China were hitting the Chinese harder than ever. There two main advancing columns are within less than a hundred miles of joining up in the Province of Kwangsi. As we have been hearing, that

will split China from north to south, and isolate the

Chinase coast. In two months, the Japs have forced the Fourteenth United States Air Force to abandon no fewer than four strategic bases in East China, including Kweilin.

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