EISENHOWER /T-Deleo-Tues. Dec. 20-1551

President Eisenhower and the First Lady returned to Washington from Gettysburg, today. Mr. Eisenhower flying in his little two engined plane. Mrs. Eisenhower travelling by car.

They went directly to the White House, where President worked for a while. prescribed period of rost. White House Press Secretary Alamos Hagerty, told newsmen that the return to Washington was a day early -because the First Lady was involved in her Christmas Jim Hagerty added that it also had something to do with the fact that the Eisenhowers are about to become grand parents again - and they'll stay in the capital until that happens. Then-They they ling South - on the President's doctor's

orders. They'll be there for at least two weeks; probably at Augusta, George, a familiar place to the President, since he has played the gelf course there many times.

According to Secretary of State Dulles, the

administration will ask Congress for almost five billion

dollars next year funds to go in foreign aid. Mr. Dulles

broke the appropriation down into two classes. About three

attice

billion for military aid - the rest for economic aid. He

added that the sharp increase is caused by Soviet moves in the

Far East and the Middle East.

He repeated that we are not going to fall into a trap - by attempting to top any offer the Kremlin makes to any nation. But, we are going to help our allies, when they're threatened by Communism.

Congress for more money - for education and medicine. So we are told cannot by the Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare Marion Folsom. At his first news conference, since he succeeded Mrs. Oveta Culp Hobby last August, Secretary Folsom told newsmen that President will send special messages to Congress - one for education, and one for medicine. The Secretary did not give any break down on the amounts involved.—We merely said that Congress will be asked to authorize hig increases for both.

Well, only a few days ago, we had the headline story about the Ford Foundation - making grants totalling half a billion to further education and medical research.

Now Washington does the same.

Senator George of Georgia will be a candidate for Congress next year. The Georgia Democrat made it official today. He said he wants to stay on so that he can handle important issues that are still pending. The point being, that Senator George is Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee -- and so a were powerful figure in the Chamber.

But Senator George is almost certain to find himself in a hot political fight - because his opponent will probably be Herman Talmadge. The former Governor has said that he would like to be a Senator - and Georgians think he'll declare himself a candidate, in the spring.

If George and Talmadge are opponents - it could be a slam-bang campaign, with some real old time politiking - because Talmadge opposes much of the Eisenhower foreign policy which George has supported, and wants to keep supporting for another term in the Senate.

UNITED NATIONS

The United Nations General Assembly has adjourned for the year. Tonight the delegates solved their one last problem - before breaking up. They elected Yugoslavia to the Security Council.

It was the thirty sixth ballot - in competition

between Yugoslavia and the Philippines. Finally, the decision

was left to chance - the drawing of lots, Yugoslavia winning.

And tonight, the General Assembly accepted the lot - by

electing Yugoslavia to one year on the Security Council.

After which the Philippines will get the post fr for another year.

Prime Minister Eden says today shook up his cabinetin the biggest change since he took office. Harold MacMillan
is out as Foreign Secretary - replaced by Selwyn Lloyd, who
was the British Chief delegate the United Nations. This is
the key switch and follows outspoken criticism of MacMillan as
not dynamic enough for the job of Foreign Minister.

MacMillan switches over to become Chancellor of the Exchequer. While Rab Butler was who was Chancellor, takes over as Minister without portfolio.— the Privy Council,

The Prime Minister apparently acted to silence the criticism - and it's being said in London that the new Foreign Minister is something of an Anthony Eden winds himself - Selwyn Lloyd, a diplomat of the old school, and likely successor to the leadership of the Conservative Party when Eden retires.

Rioters stormed through the streets of Jerusalem today - attacking western consulates. The trouble was touch to the proposal of the proposal of the proposal of the proposal of the proposal to bring Jordan into the Baghdad pact. The violence took place in the old city of Jerusalem - under Jordan control. The rioters made first for the American Consulate - where they were driven off by Arab legionaires.

The trouble was touch the proposal of th

Tonight, many diplomats are ma moving over to the Israeli sector of Jerusalem. And many Christmas pilgrimages to the shrines in the Holy City have been cancelled.

In the city of Place - as so often in the past - there is no peace.

Today United Press correspondent, George Bitar, get a personal interview with the ex-premier of Jardan Hazzah Majali, who resigned after violent demonstrations against membership in the Baghdad Pact.

Communists; - and, by demagogues who were bribed by Saudi
Arabia. The Communists, anxious to keep Jordan out of the
anti-Communist alliance. Saudi Arabia, trying to keep Jordan
Thing Saud, and Masser of Egypt,
in line with the other area nations.

the Orah League.

The ex-Premier pointed out that the Baghdad treaty would not interfere with Jordan's obligations to the Arab League. And it would help Jordan by bringing in bigger grants from the British, government. He emphasized that he still believes Jordan should join the alliance. But he lost the Premiership, because he followed that policy when he was to office.

Israel charges that captured documents show Syria's intention to foment trouble along the border. The Israeli Foreign Ministry says the documents were captured in last week's big raid - when forty-nine Syrians were killed. One Israeli officer applications that the papers contained standing orders - to the Army to commit border violations. The Israelis, claiming that these captured documents justify the Israeli attack.

At the United Nations, a Syrian spokesman retorted the that Israel was using "diversionary tactics"; trying to pull the attention of the world away from last week's incident.

The new declaration of independence in the Sudan

puts a focus of interest on that immense territory, which

extends from the southern border of Egypt nearly to the

and 4 times the area A Teras.

Equator: The all-important fact being - that the Nile flows

through the Sudan and the Sudanese could control the flow of and flood of the Nile.

existence depended on the Nile. But, they hadn't any notion where the River began.

a great unknown. Discovered only the middle of the Nineteenth

— the redublish sin Rich, Burten - and selfCentury - when British exploration found the origin of the

great river. Rising - in the mountains of equatorial East

Africa.

But, meanwhile, the Sudan had been - conquered.

Take over by the Egyptians, under a remarkable character.

Mohamed Ali was a Turkish Governor of Egypt, ap who made himself independent. A ga great soldier, he sent armies

far to the South, and made the Sudan - an Egyptian province.
Which state of affairs last ed for some sixty years - until
the Eighties.

Egyptian rule was cruel, tyrannical and corrupt.

Which brought about a reth rebellion - famous and remarkable.

Headed by a religious leader, a sort of tribal prophet of the desert. The Mahdi - an islamic Messiah. The Egyptians were driven out.

Whereupon Egyptians called on the British - for

that glamerous adventures and soldier,
help in the Sudan. So London sent Chinese Gordon, to straighten

Landon
things out. - a fabulous character, a military genius of a

sort.

In the Sudan, Chinese Gordon initiated a reckless policy, and was besieged by the fuzzy-wuzzy tribes at Khartoum, was defeated - and killed.

London, angered and chagrined, sent a British

Army - under Kitchener. Who became - Kitchener of Khartoum,
when he inflicted an utter defeat on the wildly charging

Fuzzy Wuzzies. In the battle, one of Kitchener's junior officers was - Winston Churchill. Who was later to make

After this the Sudan was put under joint British

Egyptian rule. Called - a condominium. Which remained the

state of affairs until a couple of years ago, when Britain

and Egypt made an agreement- that there should be an election

in the Sudan. To decide - whether this immense territory should

belong to Egypt. Or become - an independent nation. And,

in the meantime, a provisional government was established.

John Gunther, in his magnificent book, Inside

Africa, gives a vivid account of recent affairs in the Sudan.

Local opinion was expressed by one Sudanese official, who said: "We like the Egyptians, but do not respect them. We respect the British, but we do not like them." So that's the background for the action by the Sudanese parliament - ignoring the agreement for a properties. Jumping the gun. And declaring the independence of the Sudan.

Which certainly creates a tough problem for Egypt.

Where they know exactly what the ancient Egyptians knew five thousand years ago - that the very existence of Egypt depends on the Nile. And in the Sudan they could now divert enough of the water of the river to ruin Egypt.

Who controls the Nile, controls Egypt - and that sure is a problem for Colonel Nasser in Cairo.

Seven hundred German prisoners of war returned from Russia last week - only to find that they re not going to get their freedom after all. The East German Reds today said that the former prisoners have been thrown into jail in East Germany.

And these Germans are not going to me get a trial the regime declaring that they were sentenced once by the
Soviet courts for war crimes - and that's good enough for
East Germany. The seven hundred former prisoners simply
exchanging Russian cells for East German cells.

In Argentina, the Government is on the alert for a possible but uprising against the regime of President

Aramburu. One newspaper carried a story that the rebellion will take place right after Christmas. And now special guards are stationed at government buildings throughout Argentina. Marine units, sent into the provinces to keep order. Police and infantry, pressed into service by the authorities.

Meanwhile, the raids on Peronista organizations are still going on. President Aramburu stracking down especially on printing presses - that continue to turn out propaganda in favor of Peron.

A great tragedy was averted in the North Sea today after a German steamer ran aground in the fog. That steamer was carrying one hundred and twenty school teachers and their pupils - some of the children only four years old. When the vessel ran aground it developed a list - and the Captain gave orders to abandon ship. So the teachers and the youngsters went over the side, into lifeboats.

But they couldn't get to land - because of the low tide. They were forced to take shelter on a rocky island; about one hundred wards off shore. They had to wait for the tide to come in - when a rescue ship was sent out to them.

All one-hundred-and-twenty pleked up and brought in,

The school children are described as "wet and exhausted"
but otherwise none the worse for their experience of shipwreck in the North Sea.

A dispatch from Paris mentions a name famous in the annals of modern European history - Talleyrand, Napoleon's foreign minister, the Master diplomat of his time.

Well, today's dispatch reminds us of a fact about Talleyrand, that is sometimes forgotten - he was a Bishop in the Catholic Church. Of course, he abandoned that calling during the French Revolution - but in the eyes of the Church he remained a Bishop, and he died one.

It's his ecclesiastical jewelry that figures in tway today's story - his Bishop's ring, his cross, and his rosary - all studged with precious gems.

The three were left to his heirs - today, Count

Jean D'Etchegoyen (desh-gwa-yen). The Count discovered that

another relative was about to sell Talleyrand's relics at an

auction - so he promptly stepped in and argued that they

rightfully belonged to him. He's asking the Court to return

them to him - for personal reasons. He says, also

many many millions of frances.

because they're valued at Searteen thousand dollars.

So the verdict is up to French Justice - a problem bequeathed to the Twentieth Century by Talleyrand, who played the game of Empire in the days when France was ruled by Napoleon.

Nashua - which was sold by sealed bids, for more than a million.

dellars. One of those who put in a bid was twelve year old

Karen McGuire of Valhalla, New York. When Karen heard that

Nashua was on the block, she put all of her savings into her

bid - twenty-four-dollars-and-three cents. Unfortunately,

Karen's bid was not the top one - in fact, it fell short by

one million, two two-hundred-and-fifty-one-thousand, one-hundred-and-seventy-five-dollars-and-ninety-seven cents.

Well, the story is that the officials of the

Hanover Bank were impressed - because Karen sent along a

drawing of Nashua. They decided that she should get something.

They so they called the little girl and her parents into the bank and told them that Karen would get a saddle horse, from them, as a gift.

Needless to say, Karen is delighted - says it's the best Christmas present anyone ever got. Her father was

flabbergasted by the news. Said he: "Now we've got to build a stable for the horse."