SUBSTITUTE FOR COURT MARTIAL C.J. Standard Friday, July 14, 1944

The Pearl Harbor inquiry, as announced late today, will be made by two boards of investigation. Each will consist of three members -- three Army officers and three naval officers. These will go into the circumstances of the Pearl Harbor disaster - in an effort to place the blame where it belongs.

The Navy group of three will convene in Washington on Monday. The Army group will meet when called by its president - we are not told just when. The proceedings will be secret, and there is no telling when a decision will be made and given to the public - a verdict on the question of why the Japs were able to get in and do so much damage on December Seventh, Nineteen forty-one.

The appointment of these two boards of inquiry is an answer to a demand that has been made more and more insistently - with Congress voting various measures to bring about a Pearl Harbor inquiry. The two commanders in Hawaii on December seventh, Admiral

SUBSTITUTE FOR COURT MARTIAL - 2

Kimmel and General Short xx are scheduled for court martial. And Admiral Kimmel has repeatedly asked for a trial, the Admiral stating that all the fact's of the case have not been made public.

And now we are to have an official Army and Navy inquiry conducted by two boards which are being called "military grand juries".

NEW GUINEA

Four days wx of desperate assault by the Japs trapped in New Guinea has ended in the beating back back of the enemy force. Several days ago we heard how an outflanking landing maneuver by General MacArthur's men had caught forty-five thousand Japs in a snare their retreat cut off. They were then massing for an attack to break out. And now we hear how they surged forward for four days. The Americans were not Exmk caught by surprise, and held their ground against one frenzied attack after another. Now the Japanese thrust has exhausted itself and the end ix is inevitable. The big Jap force will break in up into remarks remnants to be hunted down and mopped up.

A late Navy communique tonight confirms the fact of another sea and air blow against Guam. This was indicated earlier in the day by the Japs, and now we have our own account - a brief bulletin stating that a fast carrier task force blasted buildings and ammunition dumps on Guam. Also - on Rota Island in the southern Marianas. The communique tells of hitting the enemy, not only with bombs, but also with rockets - indicating some new rocket technique which our task forces now are using.

CHINA

The news from China has turned bad again, after what we heard several days ago. At that time things looked a lot better for the Chinese- at that key point of Hengyang. The Japs, after desperate attempts to take the city - sustained a set-back -- when the Chinese garrison broke through the siege lines, and opened the way for supplies and reinforcements. It looked as if the Japs might have to abandon besieged Hengyang.

But those good prospects have vanished. Today's news trixxxx tells us that the enemy is again threatening to storm the city. The Chinese trix broke the siege have been driven back, and once again Hengyang is encircled. The Chinese renew their claim that the Japs are using poison gas - in that nineteen day siege of Hengyang.

So now the situation has reverted to its former critical gammatican condition - the Japs threatening to seize the railway line on which Hengyang is an important junction, the railroad from Hankow to Canton. Today's

news from China is that the Japs have all save a gap of a hundred and sixty miles. They have that far to go to gain complete possession of the railroad. The control of which by the enemy would cut China in two.

In India, the reaction to Canda's latest
move is favorable. Various factions are discussing
that newest pronouncement by the Mahatma, and the
concensus of opinion is that it may have a good result.

It came as a surprise - Ghandi reversing himself so dramatically in his previous stand in opposition to the British and the War. He now pledges himself to support the Allies in their battle against the Japs and the Nazis, and promises that he will not renew his Campaign of civil disobedience as long as the War goes on.

Ghandi suggests a formula for a settlement of the dispute between the Nationalist Party and the British Government of India. His idea is, to set up a Nationalist Government under a British Viceroy - A Viceroy who would have the same constitutional position as the King of England.

One line of today's comment comes from the Moslems - who are traditionally hostile to any Regime

Moslem Newspaper Asab welcomes Gandhi's statement, saying that his latest move may save his political career and give a new lease of life to the Nationalist Congress. The Moslem Newspaper interprets the Mahatma's new declaration as a retracing of steps - opening the way for a settlement.

On the British side, we have some comment in Calculta,
the important newspaper, the Statesman, which takes a
cautious attitude. Its opinion is that, with the War
going on, the time does not seem suitable for long
political discussions in India. But, adds the British
Editor, if a genuine Indian National Government could
be formed, it would be worth taking a lot of risks.

Now Hugh, if you would like to break in for a moment with your Stan. of Calif. mesage, go ahead.

RUSSIA Yes, there is lot more news!

There's a report tonight that the Russians
have crossed the border into East Prussia. That might
well be, because the latest official Moscow
buletins placed the Soviet forces within twelve miles
of that portentous for frontier.

However, there's something of a catch in the mention of the East Prussian border. There are two lines of demarkation. One - a new frontier drawn by the Nazis after this war had begun. They incorporated some new territory into their old pran province. The other border is the historic line that East Prussia had for centuries, and tonight the Soviet forces were reported to be within forty-five miles of the old East Prussia.

But these are mere quibbles - about exactly when the Russians will crash forward in onto German soil.

The impressive fact is that the Sovietadvance is sweeping on with a series of stunning successes. Today Moscow announced that Russian forces have broken into Grodno. That's the place which is fifteen miles from the

RUSSIA

new East Prussian border and forty-five miles from the old one. And Grodno is the key to the defense of their eastern German province. And then there's the capture of Wilno in Lithuania, and the storming of Pinsk in the Pripet Marshes. This latter place is on the road to Brest Litovsk, which is in the bastion for the defense of the central plains of Poland.

No wonder the tone of Nazi propaganda grows gloomier, with the time, with Hitler threats of involving all Europe in destruction - with the downfall of Nazi Germany.

FRANCE

The main Allied progress in France today was along the line from the city of St. Lo to the coast.

That's about the distance across the base of the Norman Peninsula, which has figures somuch in the news.

For days the Americans have been battling for these.

St. Lo and succeeded in pushing to the outskirts of the town against the most desperate sort of German resistance. The city is a formidable fortress, and taday today's swing was along the line from St. Lo to the sea. There the Americans gained up to three miles today, in a forward movement threatening to outflank St. Lo.

The Germans are retiring, pulling back to the south, but they are doing so in good order and with organized rear guard action. They are leaving behind parties of bitter end fighters, groups of fifty soldiers and a couple of tanks. These fight as long as they can to slow up the advance of the Americans. It isn't clear how far the Nazi intenda to withdraw.

FRANCE - 2

If the battle line should swing south to any extent, it would get away from the coast, and the Americans would be able to drive out into open country.

On the other end of the Second Front, the

British are regrouping after violent German counter
attacks. Foday the enemy was able to seize some small
area of ground, but otherwise the British and Ganadians

are holding firm and are preparing for new attacks.

The air war in Europe today was based on

Italy - for the most part. The Mediterranean skies

were clear, and five hundred American kankka bombers

flew from Italy. teday. They smashed oil refr refineries

and railroad yards in Hungary.

Over the English Channel, the weather was bad, and air activity was limited today - though some five hundred planes went speeding through the slouds to smash at the Nazis in France.

We have some matrix striking reports about the effect of the incessant bombing of enemy transportation. Allied headquarters states that the blasting of highways and railroads has been so severe that the Germans have been forced even off secondary free roads. They have had to stop using the main highways, and now even the subordinate roads become too hot for traffic. A spokesman at headquarters explains that the Germans are now trying to push heavy me military equipment over dirt roads through the French woods, mere trails meant for peasant's carts.

DECORATIONS

There was a ggrat ceremony today at the headquarters of the Ninth Air Force in England.

Decorations were handed out to the troop carrier command, which did the airborne job in the second front invasion. Those airmen took care of the flying end of the paratroop and glider landing - and certainly did earn xm decorations.

Well, they got them today - when five thousand, eight hundred and sixteen air medals and oak leaf clusters, were awarded in a mass ceremony. Forty-two of the decorations were given posthumously, honoring men who lost their lives, and eighty-nine were sent to relatives of heroes missing in action.

It was one of the greatest of military ceremonies, that mass award of five thousand, eight hundred and sixteen decorations.

today, with solemnity and joy - Bastille Day. American guns fired a salute, and there was a parade through the war torn city - And a stately ceremony at the Cherbourg Cathedral. This was the first free celebration of Bastille Day that the liberated people behind the Invasion Front have had since the fall of France.

In one place, the celebration was stern and dramatic - in the Town of Valonges. There the local people had a ceremony of punishment. In a courtyard, a chair was placed, a common kitchen chair. And, one after another, nine women were brought out. They were collaborationist - who, in their own fashion, had been pro-nazi. Young women who had consorted with enemy soldiers. Each was taken to the chair and made to sit down, and there her hair was cut off - a pair of scissors snipping off the long braids that are the fashion in Normandy. Then each, after she had had the hair-cut of dishonor, was turned loose - And she went her way, humiliated and virtually bald-headed.

Yesterday's news about Nazi robot bombs

blasting on the invasion front is given a new turn

of explanation today. Our previous account expensed

some deabt that the robot plane, which cannot be aimed

t any specific target, could be exployed effectively

in battle. The bomb is essentially a terror
weapon for indiscriminate attacks against civilians.

And now we have the belief that the rockets that landed on the beach-head area of Normandy were not meant to go in that direction at all. This opinion comes from Headquarters, from General Eisenhower himself. Today's news dispatch quotes the second front Commander as saying that the Robots thick came down in N ormandy had probably been aimed at England - But someting had gone wrong with their mechanism for steering. While in flight, the rudders of the rockets had gone haywire, and the leaders had gone off on the wrong course altogether - heading west A Normandy, instead of north For England.

ROBOTS - 2

General Eisenhower added that the Rockets
that had landed in the Battle Zone had done no particular
damage.

Meanwhile, the Robots are still flying to

Southern England, but not as many as before. The terror

campaign continues on a decreasing scale - And perhaps

the reason may be found in a statement made by British

Home Secretary Herbert Morrison. He said the defense

against the Rockets was having what he called - "An

important measure of success."

ADD ROBOTS

However, there is another theory to account for the decreasing number of robots sent across at night. According to this, the Germansrealize that a majority of the people in London sleep in shelters at night, and so they do their reket rocket shooting by day, when people are engaged in their normal activities this in accord with the atrocity tactics, specialized bombing of civilians.

Blistering words were spoken today by Secretary of State Cordell Hull. He spoke of the mass murder of Jews in Hungary, a million doomed. His protest simply blazed with indignation.

He said: The puppet Hungarian Government, its violation of the most elementary human rights, and by its servile adoption of the worst features of the Nazi racial policy, stands condemned before history.

It may be futile", the Secretary went on, "to appeal to the humanity of the instigators or perpetrators of such outrages. But let them know", he warned, "that they cannot escape the inexorable punishment that will be meted out to them when the power of evil men who in control of Hungary has been broken.

VICE PRESIDENT

Here's the latest on the much debated question of the Democratic nomination for the Vice Presidency. In all the talk that the Vice President may not get second place on the ticket again, mention is often made of Sam Rayburn, the Texas Congressman, who is speaker of the House of Representatives. And today

Speaker Rayburn was asked - would be accept the nomination for the Vice Présidency if it were offered to him. He declined to answer, wouldn't say either yes or so. He merely remarked that he might make a statement on Sunday or Monday.

This follows action by a fellow Texan, Senator

Connally, who has also been mentioned for Wallace's

present job, A declares he is not a candidate.

Says he prefers to stay in the Senate, and does not want

to run for Vice Presidency.

Well, here is one who is a candidate - Governor
Broughton of North Carolina. It was announced that today
that his name will be placed before the convention for
the Vice Presidential nomination. His hat

VICE PRESIDENCY - 2

the ring.

All of the personalities that I have mentioned are southerners, which is a reflection of the fact that the opposition to the renomination of Henry Wallace comes largely from the south.

After which -- here's a northerner. Senator

Guffey of Pennsylvania, one of the most ardent of

New Deal Democrats, declares for Henry Wallace. He

stated today that the Vice President's record, in the

Senator's own words, "justifies and calls for his

nomination".

What the president's attitude? That's a subject for the usual guessing, the most frequent surmise being that he will issue a statement to the Democratic Convention saying that if he were a delegate he would vote for Wallace. Thus the President will indicate his views, but will not try to force them to the convention -- so we are told.

now H- what more are we going to be told by you?

COURT MARTIAL

Late news from Washington tells of action
in the case of the Pearl Harbor court martials. The
departments of war and navy discloses that special
courts of inquiry have been appointed to investigate
the circumstances of the Pearl Harbor disaster. These
courts will form conclusions about what is called "dereliction of duty". This is the accusation made
against our Pearl Harbor commanders on December Sixthx

Seventh Admiral Kinnel and General Short.

CHILD

The story of the sensational kidnapping in New York reveals another case of a woman innument longing for a child and stealing one. Barbara Ann Goggin, six months old, was found today unharmed and well cared for. The police got a tip, and walked in. They found the baby in the possession of a twenty-nine year old woman, who thereupon admitted that she had sneaked into the hospital and taken the child. She said she had desperately wanted one, had been drikkning drinking, and had acted on impulse.

and now H - a final message from you.

The battle in Italy is raging around two historic places, Leghorn and Arezzo. Both are important military points. Leghorn, as has been repeated time and again, is a number one port, while Medieval Arezzo is the main highway-hub south of Florence. In both sectors the Germans are fighting it out with determination, and the Allied strategy is to strike around and flank the two cities. Leghorn and Arezzo. instead of fa storming them with frat frontal assaults. in the sector of Arcase, French troops captured road junction only twenty-six miles from Florence.

JUGOSLAV AMBASSADOR

The factional troubles in Jugoslavia are reflected by a situation in Washington - the case of Constantin Fotitch, who has been the Jugoslav Ambassador to the United States. Today he notified Secretary of Cordell Hull that he had resigned - A thing that he had refused to do for a month, after having been dismissed by the Jugoslav Government in exile.

General Mikhailovich and his Chetniks on one side, and Soviet-supported Marshal Tito on the other. Those two anti-maxi fastions have been battling each other in Jugoclaria, and of late Marshal Tito, supported by Moseow, has got the upper hand.

Recognized by Great Britain and the United

States, was finally adopted by King Peter's Government in exile - Mikhailovich given a turn-down.

But Ambassador Fotitch in Washington was a supporter of Mikhailovich. He denounced the support But-Ke of Tito, and that bought about his dismissal.

JUGOSLAV AMBRSSADOR - 2

nothing doing, he wouldn't step out as Ambassador.

All of which left things in a paradoxical state. Appearance now he has agreed to go, and has vacated the Jugoslav Embassy.

Hull that he intends to remain in the United States - and act as spokesman for General Mikhailovich. So now both factions have representation in Washington - Marshal Tito through the Jugoslav Embassy, and Mikhailovich in the person of Fotitch.

All of which coincides with word that a full fledged civil War is likely to break out in Jugoslavia.

Mikharlovich refuse to recognize fitte as the chief of the exiled government and announces that he is going to form an independent Jugoslav government of his own and London hears that this is likely to be followed by large scale hestilities between the two factions all of which should give comfort to the Nazis.

Today we were reminiscing about Brigadier General
Theodore Roosevelt, whose death in the invasion battle
zone was announced last night. I was talking with Dr.
Roy Chapman Andrews, a long time friend of his. And
what we recalled might seem to be out of line with the
news - Ted Roosevelt's part in the war.

The eldest son of the Rough Rider President had, indeed, played a brilliant part in the turmoil of battle In the first World War he distinguished himself as a young man, decorated for bravery. And in this present conflict, Ted Roosevelt won honors for valor as the commander of troops in action. But, Roy Andrews and I were talking about something else.

Having alsways been interested in travel and exploration, I remembered the scientific expeditions the younger Theodore Roosevelt had led. And Roy Chapman Andrews, the paleontologist of far journeying adventure had collaborated with him in planning trips into the remote regions of the Earth.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT -2-

There are two things for which the world of science will remember Ted Roosevelt. One - his successful quest for a rare specimen of the giant panda. For the Field Museum in Chicago he led an expedition into the remotest depths of Western China, - the desert of Taklamakan among the fierce tribes on the border of Tibet. And he brought back an example of one of the least known of animals. Roy Andrews told me that this was indeed an arduous and perilous exploit. And Andrews should know because he became familiar with the wilds of China during his own expeditions, which resulted in the discovery of the petrified eggs of the dinosaur.

Ted Roosevelt's other achievement in the realm of

Ind science and adventure was even more dramatic. From

the towering Pamirs of Turkestan he brought back a

specimen of the Ovis Poli - Marco Polo's sheep. For

centuries, people though Marco Polo had told a fabulous

lie when he described a king of sheep with enormous horns

horns bigger than anybody would believe. But Marco Polo

was right, and Ted Roosevelt proved it by going to the

THEODORE ROOSEVELT -3-

wilderness of the High Pamirs and bringing back an Ovis

Roy Andrews remarked that those Ted Roosevelt expeditions were no mere jaunts for thrill and excitement He said they were perfectly planned to accomplish a definite purpose - the giant Panda in one case and Marco Polo's Ovis Poli on the other.

oh yes, and we got around to the present day also, and the war - with Dr. Andrews reciting a thing told to him recently by war correspondent Quentin Reynolds.

Having observed General Theodore Roosevelt in action in the present war, Quent said he though the bravest men he ever saw was Ted Roosevelt. He told how he had watched him directlng his troops in the front line - standing up under enemy fire and talking to his men while bullets were zipping around. Quent Reynolds said he couldn't tell whether Ted Roosevelt had learned how to conquer fear or whether he simply didn't understand what fear was.

And now he has died of sheer over-work in the invasion - heart failure brought on by unremitting labor in the stress and strain of the campaign.