LEAD - U.N.

At the U.N., today, Soviet Russia denounced the landing of U.S. Marines in Lebanon as - "aggression against the Arab world." So that's the Russian reaction $h$ to President Eisenhower's intervention - for the security of the Lebanese republic and the protection of several thousand American citizen in that small Near Eastern country.

The Security Council met, this morning, and U.S.

Delegate Henry Cabot Lodge made the announcement - of Ametican
action. Stating - that it was at the request of the Iebanese
government. That it was taken - to stabilize the situation
there, until the U.N. can take measures of its own to protect
the political integrity of Lebanon. Which is threatened - by
forces from the outside. Neaning - Syria and Egypt, Masser's United Arab Republic.

Delegate Lodge told the Security Council that

American intervention - was not an ideal way to solve the
problem. But - the only way to move promptly. It is obvious, of course, that speed was needed - after the surprise revolution

ISAD - U.N. -2
which overthrew the government of Iraq yesterday. The United States wants the U.N. to take over in Lebanon, and Cabot Lodge gave assurance - that U.S. military forces will be withdrawn, as soon as the world organization moves in. If - it does. The American position was promptly supported by British Ambassador Sir Pierson Dixon. Who stated in formal tones: "The announcement just made on behalf of the United States by Mr. Lodge has the full support of Her Majesty's government of the United Kingdom."

France, also, backed the U.S.
The Moscow reaction was only to be expected - and
was stated in a diatribe given by Sobolev. Who said - the
Lebanese rebels are fighting against, what he called, "the tyranny of the colonial yoke." Then he went on to applaud the revolution in Iraq. Calling the regime of King Feisal "the domination of a criminal gang."

He demanded that the Security Council take action ordering the U.S. Marines out of Lebanon.


The United States tonight proposed the creation of a U.N. police force which would seal the borders of Lebanon against infiltration and aid for the rebels.

## U.N. - PROCEEDINGS

The proceedings at the U.N., today, were not at all swift fast moving drama. The session was half an hour late in starting - and there was a friendly exchange between Moscow Delegate Sobolev and the chief of the American delegation, Henry Cabot Lodge. Sobolev, upon entering, gave Lodge - an amiable salute. Lodge - smiling in return.

The first important business was, of course - the announcement by the American delegate - that President

Eisenhower had sent the Marines into Lebanon. But that was
delayed for an hour - by a Soviet maneuver. Sobolev -
challenging the presence of the delegate from Iraq. Arguing that, since his government had been overthrown, he had no legal
status. Sobolev contending that the proceedings should be called off - until the new government in Baghdad could send a new representative. $P_{\text {all }}$ of which produced a debate, with talk dragging on and on. The Soviet protest frejected by the
stan Security Council. The delegate from Iraq - retaining his place.
U.N. - PROCEEDINGS. - 2

Then, at length, Henry Cabot Lodge was able - to
make the fateful announcement. Which, however, produced little
dramatic effect on the delegates. Because the news wires at the U.N. had already carried copies of the document. Which the delegates had read - on the teletype.

So that was how the historic proceedings were
launched at the U.N., today.

## LEBANON - EISENHOWER

President Eisenhower says - more American troops will be sent into Lebanon. "As required", 然 the words of the President.

He made the statement in a special message to
Congress, this evening - in which he gave a further explanation of the landing of the Marines, today. Saying, he realized that risks are involved. That American intervention may have "serious consequences." But he deems the measure necessary to protect American lives and aid the government of Lebanon, in the preservation of its independence.

The presidential message makes a strong assortion -
thitt the rebellion in the Lebanon has the support of Masser's
United Arab Republic; wich fomented the trouble - with blasts of propaganda; And - supported the insurrection - in, what the President called, "sizeable amounts of arms, ammunition and money, and by personnel infiltrated from Syria."


Bisenhower midead a similar message - magutaly recorded by

## LEBANON =-EISENHOWER - 2

radio and television, for a broadcast to the entire nation. In it he repeated his explanation - with the statement that more U.S. troops will be sent to Lebanon
"as required."

All of when is followed by news of naval and air
preparation, which may signify - reinforcements for the
five thousand marines landed today.

Let's take a look at events in Lebanon, today - as if we were in Beirut. Suppose we were in the Lebanese capital, this morning - what would we have noted?

First, an order - bidding all American citizens,
more than two thousand, to stay off the streets. W\&might have been puzzled - not knowing the Marines were coming. The order a precaution against possible hostile action by rebels against American citizens.

Then all Americans wea were instructed - they were to
go to the Beirut international airport. Concentrate there - as a
further precaution of safety. The airport closing down -
awaiting the arrival of the Marines.
Then, along the shore, hundreds of Lebanese - watched the big show. American warships appearing off the coast -
coming to anchor. U.S.Marines, in full blttle dress descending swiftly into landing craft. Which - then came speting to shore. The Leathernecks - swarming onto the beaches.

Speedy landing operation - with warplanes from a U.S. carrier circling overhead, like an aerial guard.

Crowds of Lebanese gathering - and cheering the

Narines. One fellow shouting - "I've got a cousin in New York!" Friendly scenes, as the Marines marched along the highway to the airport. The leathernecks - joking and laughing with the crowds.

At the airport, where the American civilians were assembled, the Marines got busy - organizing a (cantonment,) headquarters for the beginning of this U.S. intervention in

Lebanon. The airport - which had previously been threatened by the ril rebels.

The Marines, tonight, are in a country $\lambda$ something of a religious paradox. In the Arab world - a land with a Christian majority. Nearly fifty-three per cent of the population -Christians. The remainder of the people - Moslems. The Constitution of the republic of Lebanon - arranged on religious lines. Providing - that the president should always be a Christian. The premier - a Moslem.

Most of the Christians - of the Maronite sect, which
goes back to the days of antiquity. A Christian community -
that survived the sweep of Islam. Eaxtix Retaining its identity
in the mountains of Lebanon - while most of the population in
those regions accepted the doctrine of the Prophet Mohamed.

The Maronites - an oriental sect il of Christianity.

But, in the Eighteenth Century, they entered communion with Rome; Accepting the supremacy of the Roman Pontiff - but retaining their own oriental religion and customs. A married clergy - and, the use of Arabic as the church language.

ITANYON - BACKCROUSID - 2
This religious angle - making Lebanon an exceptional country in the Arab world. With ${ }_{\lambda}^{\text {Wits Christian majority - always }}$ inclined to sympathy with the West.

The news from rag? lt's vague, fragmentary, much of it uncertain. Conditions in raq-still hidden by the stoppage of communications. Leaving major questions - unanswered.

What happened to King Feisal? No definite
answer. One report - that the young King was killed,
yesterday, murdered by a nob in Baghdad. However, another
report indicate - that he got away, and is now with loyal
troops arching against the rebels.
But it seems definite that the elder statesman of

Iraq, puri Es Said, so long a supporter of the West - was killed.

The story is that Nuri Es Said escaped - in the
first outbreak of the rebellion, yesterday morning. The rebels - ordering a search for hin, putting a price on his head. Nuri es Said - trying to get away disguised as
a woman. But was recognized - and shot. That's the story.

## RM - 2

If true, a dramatic finale for Mari who had known what it is to live a life of violence. He had known since he was one of the world's first military airmen - way back in 1912 - When he dropped the first boob over dropped from an airplane - in the and lankan Var.
Jordan reports - a large force, loyal to King

Faisal, marching on Baghdad. Troops of the iraq army. stationed in the northern part of the country. Soldiers

- based on military centers like Mosul, one hundred and fifty miles north of Baghdad. A dispatch from Jordan saying - it will take then about a day to reach the city, for a battle with soldiers of the new regime.

Advices continue - that the overthrow of the
government was the doing of the Baghdad garrison.
Unsupported - by the rest of the army. The nell government

- in shaky control.

IRAS - 3

In Jordan the revolution is called - "coup by
radio." The Baghdad rebels - grabbing radio stations and announcing a new government. Which has little ant ae authority - outside the capital city.

However, all this, emanating from Jordan, is
unconfirmed. Iraq - still shrouded by a news blackout.
And we still don't know what has happened to young King
Faisal and his able 70 year old premier, General puri.

Not much exciting, today - on the Goldfine front.
The Boston financier appeared before the Congressional
Sub-coumittee. Once again - refusing to answer questions about his financial affairs. In spite of a threat - of prosecution for contempt of Congress.

Goldfine countering - with a demand of his own. That the Sub-comittee halt the hearings - until federal court can give a ruling. Whether or not - the questions are to the point, relevant. Goldfine contending - that he is being asked a lot of things that are of no business to the committee.

This demand was rejected. The committee - then going
into a secret session. Goldfine asked - some more questions.
between Presidential Assistant Sherman Adams and government

Department.
Then there's also the matier of ooldrinel tax


During the day, however, the Boston a textile mogul
livened things up a bit in a chat with newsmen. Telling them of visits at the white House. Goldfinednvited - several times by Sherman Adams.

He said that on one occasion he had lunch with White House aides. President Eisenhower - at a nearby table. Sherman Adams taking Goldrine over to the President. To say "hello".

This "hello" didn't seen of any great importance but it was a bit liviler than most of the Goldfine proceedings, today.

## HAIMORLEANS

If any of you folks should want the red carpet treatment - don't go to New Orleans; long noted for one of the longest and reddist carpets in the world.

But, it's wearing out. The New Orleans Civic red carpet - ragged around the edges, threadbare down the middle. After having been walked on - by so many dignitaries. Ranging - from royalty to movie stare.

Now, please, don't ask why doesn't New Orleans
get a new red carpet? The city fathers announcing - they haven't the money. No funds.

So Don, the View Urleans red carpet, shabby,
tattered - lies rolled up at the local airport. Dignitary
must hov land on asphalt!

On this program, from time to time - we hall the hardihood of mountaineers, who climb lofty summits. Like Sir

Edmund Hillary - conqueror of Mt.Everest. So, what about a man who has climbed one mountain sixteen hundred times?

There's only one country in the world where that could
happen - Japan. Only one mountain - Fujiyama, the sacred
sumit. The climbing of which - is a sort of religious rite.
The news telling - that Pusakichi raji has toiled up the
twelve thousand foot peak - for the sixteen hundredth time.
Pusakichi kaji says - he started in at the age of
sixteen. Climbing Fujiyama - on an average of every couple of
weeks. He's now firty-nine, and the arithmetic makes hin That in
the mountain climbing champion of the world. in terms ${ }^{\text {of }}$ doing the same thing, over and over.

