KENNEDY L-T.-Colds. TWed. May 17-61.

President Kennedy's address before the Canadian today turned out to be Parliament, as a major declaration of policy. And, a call for closer cooperation between the two good neighbors.

The major clauses in the Kennedy speech - can be put geographically. Turning to the free world - President Kennedy pledged more American military aid. Including our latest weapons - like Polaris submarines. Five of which,

Closer to home, President Kennedy asked Canada
to join more closely with us - in defending this hemisphere.

Noting that this would be an added responsibility for
Ottawa, President Kennedy added - "yours is not a nation
that shrinks from responsibility."

What kind of cooperation? President Kennedy singled out - the farm surpluses. Canada and the United States, both producing - more food than they need. The

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Kennedy suggestion is that the two nations - pool their surpluses. Make the food available to the hungry people of our planet.

A couple of winar notes but colorful on the Kennedy visit to Canada.

When the First Lady of the United States is a guest of the Canadian Parliament - you imagine everything would be luxurious down to the last door mat. And Canada is were certainly playing the perfect host to Mrs. Kennedy. But today she rode up to the gallery of the Ottawa House of Commons - in a battered old freight elevator. So did her guide, Mrs. Roland Michener - wife of the Speaker of the Canadian House. The reason - 15 rather simple. A short-cut to the gallery - where the two ladies looked on during President Kennedy's address.

The elevator, hastily painted last night - to make it more presentable. But it was still the freight lift - that carried Jacqueline Kennedy. She and Mrs. Michener, getting a few chuckles - out of the incident.

And there's the question of - those American

flags. A Canadian M P counted the stars on one flag and was staggered to find forty-eight. Obviously - preAlaska, pre-Hawaii. Quickly he counted the stars - on
another flag. This time, forty-nine. Just as if - Hawaii
had never come into the union.

colleagues. Saying it wasn't quite the thing to have those old banners waving - in front of the President of the United States. Minister David Walker's answer-it was a matter of enthusiasm. The Canadians, breaking out every American flag - they could find. And they found a lot not quite up to date.

official. Those with forty-eight and forty nine stars,

new one
recognized by our government - along with the that has
enough stars to symbolize all fifty states.

The deadlock in Geneva is being caused by - an old familiar obstacle. The Soviet veto. The Russians, insisting that they be allowed the right to stop common, action in its tracks.

At the morning session for Geneva Secretary of State Rusk presented our proposals on Laos. Calling for the international commission - to be strengthened. And protected - from any veto by any individual member. The kind of intransigence that the Communists have used so often - to prevent action in a crisis.

At the afternoon session - Gromyko flatly rejected the Rusk plan. The Soviet Foreign Minister, demanding - that the veto be written into any agreement. And moreover - that Seato back down on its pledge to defend Laos.

In other words, Gromyko wants Laos left - without any help from its allies. And left at the mercy of the Veto - that would prevent any inspection of Communist activities in Laos. It doesn't take much imagination

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to figure out what would happen to Laos - under those conditions.

In Laos, still no agreement - on a common delegation to the Geneva conference. The pro-western and pro-Communist factions -- each backing its own group.

Calling the other - illegal. But there was some progress on the question of - a new government for Laos. Agreement that the next regime has to be - a coalition. Including Communists - as well as Democrats. And today agreement was reached on a Laotian summit conference - to work out the details.

official Washington has just about decided - to accept the coup in South Korea. Acting Secretary of State Chester Bowles, telling Congress - that he's hopeful about the military junta. Hopeful that General Chang Do Yung is really trying to clean up corruption in Seoul - not to establish a dictatorship.

In any case, we re up against a problem - in

Korea. Our civilian and military officials have dissociated

themselves we from the junta - to prove to the people of

South Korea that we didn't instigate the uprising. With

that name is regarded as

the obvious result, America, blamed for taking sides against

the junta.

The real question tonight - how strong is the new regime? Is there any chance of ex-Premier John Chang - returning to power? Washington is marking time - before we formulate a new policy on South Korea.

In Kenya, the fear of another Mau-Mau outbreak has subsided. A bit - anyway. They re still pushing
"operation tight-squeeze" - the jungle dragnet for terrorists.
But the point is that the dragnet has already caught 4 one
suspected terrorist, Who kers turns out to be - me a member
of the Kikiyu tribe, The kikiyus, traditional enemies of the Mau-Mau.

If you're a victim of terrorism in Kenya - Toguese
it doesn't make much difference
it doesn't make much difference which tribe they come from.

Still, it makes a lot of difference - in Nairobi. Kikiyu
terrorism is generally sporadic - more a matter of the

ini individual criminal. While Mau Mau terrorism is an
elaborate conspiracy - motivated by the age-old pagan
savagery of the African jungle.

The Congo has been comparatively quiet for so

long - it's easy to forget that this particular problem

is still with us. The reason for mentioning the Congo

tonight - a dispatch from Coquil Hazville, on the Equator.

That's where the Congolese leaders have been trying to

hammer out - a new constitution. The dispatch says they

will

announce success - soon.

President Kasavubu is emerging

the
as powerful Congo leader. Kasavubu, so strong now - he
was able to intern his main rival, Tshombe of Katanga. And Kasavubu is calling the Leopoldville Parliament back into
session. He says he'll submit the new plan - for a revised

prolitical system. Secessionist provinces like Katanga
and Kivu - to be brought into the union. Subject to the
central government - in Leopoldville. In short, this plan
calls for the Congo to become a unified state - not a loose
federation of semi-independent provinces.

Kasavubu claims that he's following the lead of the Eighteenth Century statesmen who turned a federation of thirteen colonies - into the United States of America.

Will there soon so now there is going to be a United States of the Congo?maybe! Kasavubu thirks so, Dick.

The battle between the U.S. Air Force and

New Albany, Indiana, ends in a truce. The city, dropping

its charges against - those two Air Force N.C.O's. The

Air Force, offering to pay up - on the streets of New

Albany.

The battle started when Sergeants Calvin Beeson and Lloyd Arthur arrived - to recruit for the Air Force.

The two sergeants, ignoring the parking meters - during their official rounds. Claiming immunity - as military personnel using a government vehicle.

and hauled them into court. The judge, waving twenty-eight parking tickets - under their noses. About to fm fine both defendants - until it was pointed out that the sergeants couldn't get the money back rm from the Air Force. The judge has a heart - and a touch of patriotism, too.

Besides, he received a pledge from Air Force authorities that parking meters won't be ignored in the future. Not

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after what happened to - those two recruiting sergeants.

Sentence - suspended.